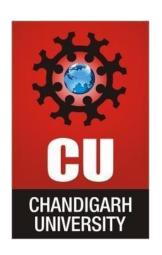
CHANDIGARH UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING



Submitted By: Pranjal K	umar Submitted To: Renuka Ratten
Subject Name	WEB AND MOBILE SECURITY LAB
Subject Code	20CSP-338
Branch	Computer Science
Semester	5th

UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Subject Name: WEB AND MOBILE SECURITY LAB

Subject Code: 20CSP-338

Submitted to: Renuka Ratten Submitted by: Pranjal Kumar

Faculty name: Renuka Ratten Name: Pranjal Kumar

UID: 20BCS3504

Section: 607

Group: B

Ex. No	List of Experiments	Date	Conduc t (MM: 12)	Viva (MM: 10)	Record (MM: 8)	Total (MM: 30)	Remarks/Signature
1.1	Open any website on computer system and identify http packet on monitoring tool like Wireshark.	19/08/22					
1.2	Design a method to simulate the html injection and cross sites cripting to exploit the attackers	28/08/22					
1.3	Working of CSRF (cross site request forgery) attack/ Vulnerability.	16/09/22					
2.1	Design methods to break authentication schemes (SQL Injection Attack).	04/09/22					
2.2							
2.3							
2.4							
3.1							

3.2				
3.3				

Experiment No 1

Aim: Open any website on computer system and identify http packet on monitoring tool like Wireshark

Objective: To analyse Http traffic

Software/Hardware Requirements: Windows 7 & above version

Tools to be used: Wireshark App

Introduction: Wireshark is a software tool used to monitor the network traffic through a network interface. It is the most widely used network monitoring tool today. Wireshark is loved equally by system administrators, network engineers, network enthusiasts, network security professionals and black hat hackers.

The extent of its popularity is such, that experience with Wireshark is considered as a valuable/essential trait in a computer networking-related professional.

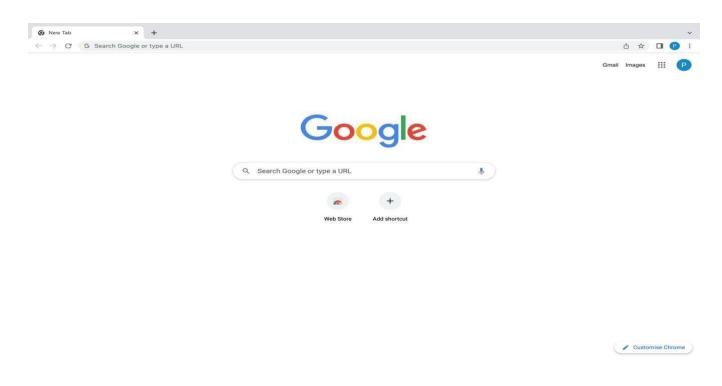
Steps/Method/Coding:

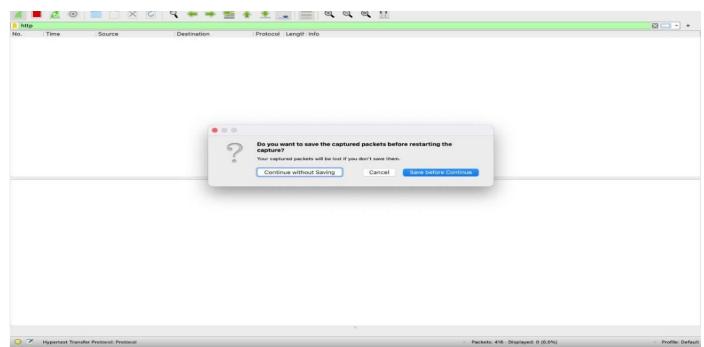
- 1. Install Wireshark.
- 2. Open your Internet browser.
- 3. Clear your browser cache.
- 4. Open Wireshark

- 5. Click on "Capture > Interfaces". A pop-up window will display.
- 6. You'll want to capture traffic that goes through your ethernet driver. Click on the Start button to capture traffic via this interface.
- 7. Visit the URL that you wanted to capture the traffic from.
- 8. Go back to your Wireshark screen and press Ctrl + E to stop capturing.
- 9. After the traffic capture is stopped, please save the captured traffic into a *.pcap format file and attach it to your support ticket.

Output screenshot:

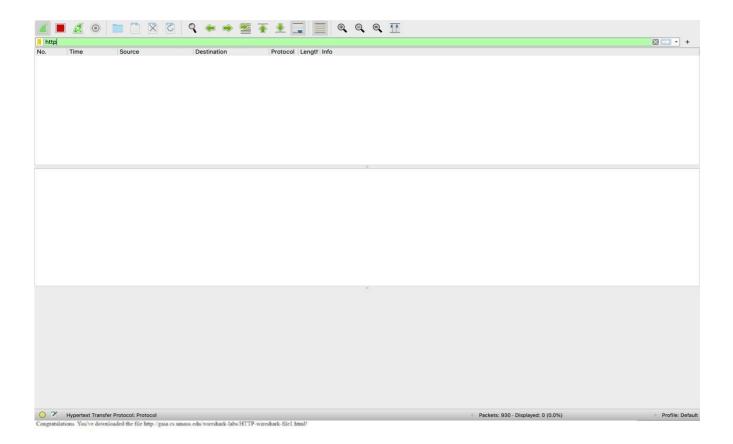
before doing any other activities I will clear the cache of my browser





then I will open a

link



The link

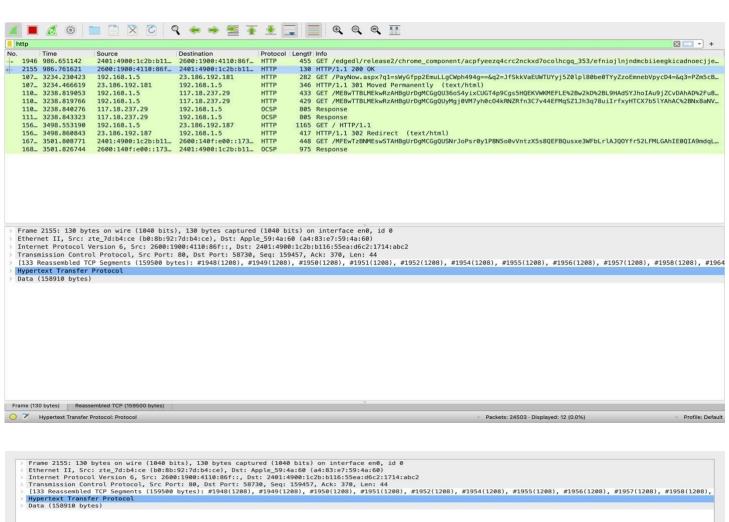
http://gaia.cs.umass.edu/wireshark-labs/HTTP-wireshark-file1.html

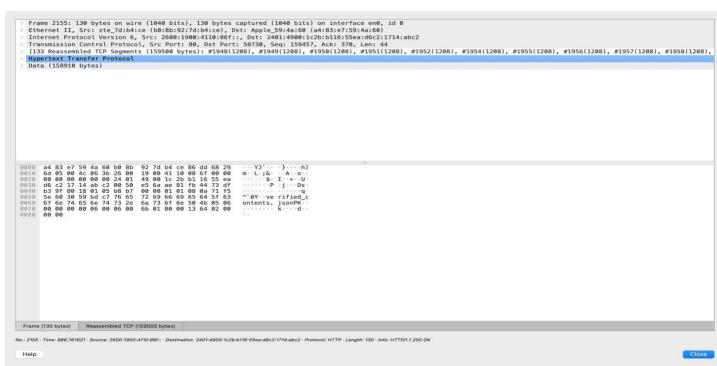


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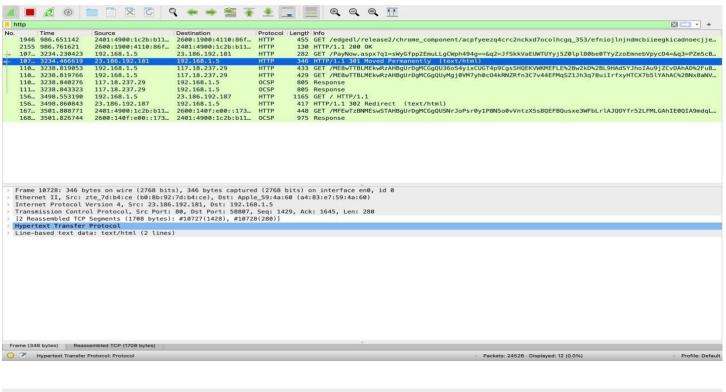


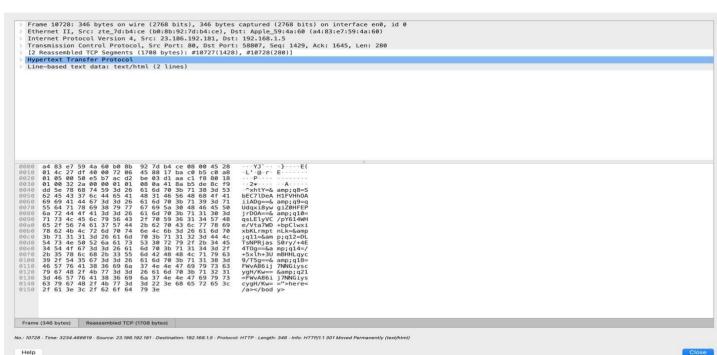


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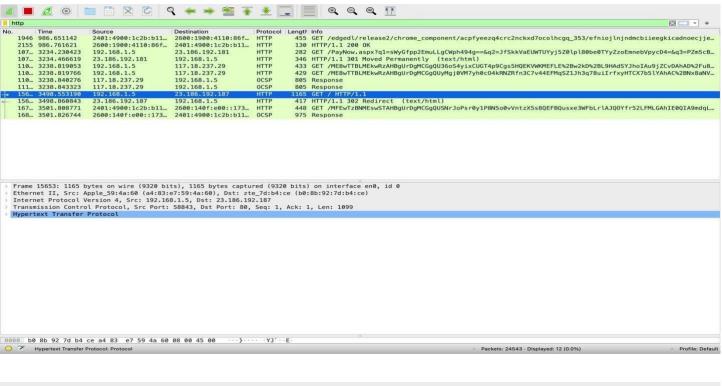


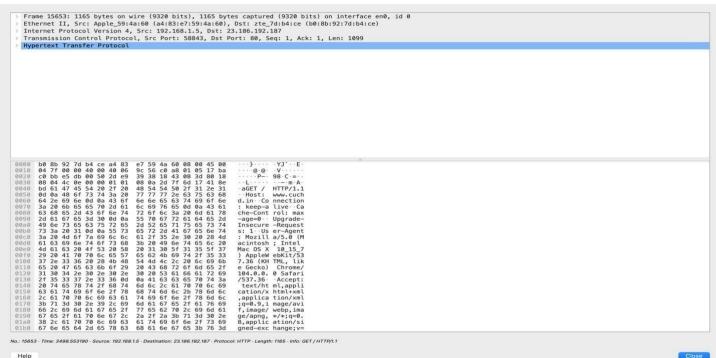


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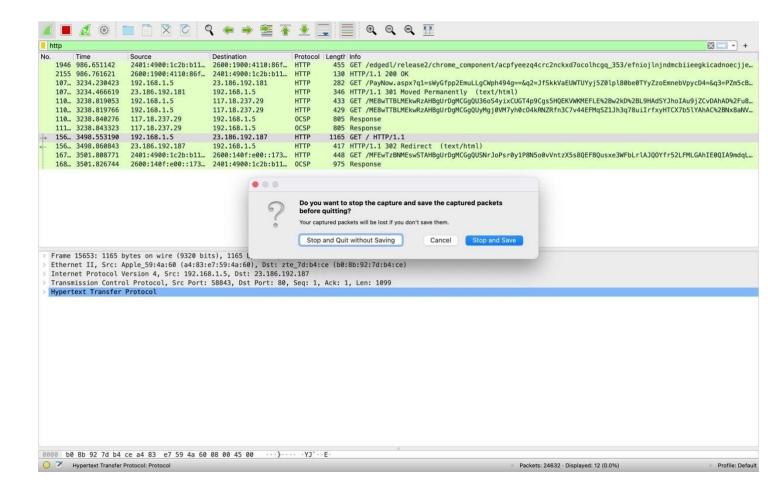
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Help



Learning Outcomes:

Identify requests (from client) and response packets. Find HTTP version, response code/phrase, requested file (including size). Observe single small file (e.g., simple html file) request/response behaviour and the request/response behaviour for a file that has already been received. Observe how a larger file is sent in multiple segments Observe multi-file (e.g., web page with image) request/response behaviour. Observe request/response behaviour for a page that needs authentication.

Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks		
1					
2					
3					
4					