



Community characteristics & orientation

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Community (UN SD goal):	3. Good Health and well-being
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Instructions

Research the community you are most interested in exploring using links from the UN Sustainable Goals website (https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/) and others. In your exhaustive research, answer the following.

Community characteristics							
Community life-cycle (current state)							
Where is your community in its life-cycle?	What you need to focus on:	Special needs					
☐ Just forming Need basic tools to connect, but not sure from there	Research and/or discuss the potential of some basic tools with members, explore what ideas it might give them, and see what they might bring in with them.						
■ Self-designing Information stage, but with a strong sense of what it wants to accomplish	Contribute ideas to the design. Analyze systematically the implications of their community design for technology, infrastructure, and technology skills.	Project idea: Fit body is derived by fit mind. For overall healthy life; peace of mind is at a top priority. The concept of good health is not limited to absence of disease or illness; it is the main source of energy which keeps us moving ahead no matter what. It is the prime asset in everyone's life. The goal #3 is very crucial and I want to create a personal space that allows them to open up and share their deepest or darkest fears and where they can heal from them.					
☐ Growing & restless Ready to add new functionality to its tool configuration	Try to make this a community reflection and self-design event. Does their restlessness suggest a major change, such as a transition to a new platform?						
☐ Stable and adapting Just needing some new tools	How much disruption will the community tolerate? How will the new tools be integrated into or affect existing practices?						
Constitution							
Diversity: How diverse is the community?							
Topic Your notes							



or distraction?



What are the different to members and what are levels of participation?		 Mainly Adults - Any adult that is part of the community who might feeling stressed, depressed or low. Students (graduate and post-graduate) Employees 				
How spread apart is it in of location and time zor		This will be accessible by all people in the community, the location and time zone does not matter.				
What language(s) do mo speak?	embers		The community members can be from different countries with different languages but the majority people know English so it will be used.			
What other cultural or odiversity aspects may all your technology choices	ffect	 Main barriers: Language (User must know the English language) Better internet connectivity (if the connectivity is too low then user might not be able to connect to anyone) In technology, I will be exploring the wordpress website builder and its plugins first time. 				
Openness: How connec	ted to the	e outside world	is your community?			
Topic			Your notes			
How much do you want to control the boundaries of your community? Does your community need ☐ To be private/secure ☐ Open boundarie. ☑ Both private & public spaces		secure boundaries private & paces	Each person of the community can have access to the site if they have any concerns related to mental health. At the same time, they can also keep their details private if they want. (For ex. If they chat randomly with someone, they can chat anonymously) They can even continue using site as a guest.			
How does your communities with other communities common tools for sharing them?	s? Do you	need	Interacting with other community can be possible by connecting via phone/email if it is provided. Secure conversation can also be done with any person of the community.			
Technology aspira	tions					
Technology savvy, toler thereof? What are the o			nat are your community's technology interests and skills and patience echnology factors?			
Topic Your n						
How interested is your community in technolog	gy?	Interest of the community should be more as this is for their betterment and to recognize their goals and self.				
What is their capacity for learning new tools?	or	Willingness to	Willingness to know yourself by exploring new tool is an admissible capacity.			
What is the range of ski their interests and/or sk diverse, could it cause of	kills are	This will be the user friendly platform. Navigation from one page to another would be easy if user knows English language. It is presumed that user is having a basic level skill in accessing technology.				





How tolerant are members of the adoption of a wide variety of tools?	All the members will have comparatively less tolerance to access the site easily as it is simple and easy to access.
How many technological boundaries are they willing to cross, e.g. sign in to more than one web-based tool, learn to use new tools, or give up old favorites? This helps you understand what level of integration you need.	There will not be any extra milestone a user has to cross to learn this technology. It would be easy to use so they should be eager to learn something new for the self-improvement. This will be an interesting tool as many features are combined together.
What are your members' technology constraints (e.g., bandwidth, operating systems, etc.)?	There will not be any major constraints related to accessing the platform apart from Network connectivity and language. Other constraint might be the verification of people who post or give information in this portal correctly or not.
How much time are members able to be online and from where (office, home, field)? Some people have limited online time, or are able to be online only in specific locations. Others are always on. Very diverse situations can affect participation	Members of community can have access to the platform from any place and at any time being the good connectivity. The users who are interested to overcome any mental health issues might spend more time in using the platform.
Community orientation	

Relevance to community: Use the range from 0 (no relevance) to 5 (high relevance) to determine what matters most to the community. Look at these from the perspectives of the different types of members (under "constitution"). Also discuss the "value-added" to each member group

0	1	2	3	4	5	Orientations	Variants	Key activities/your notes
						Meetings Many communities place a great emphasis on regular meetings where members engage in shared activities for a specific time. Meetings, and the visible participation of members, assert the community's existence	☑ Face-to-face/blended☑ Online synchronous☑ Online asynchronous	People from community can have one to one as well as group discussions/meetings according to their interest and availability.
						Open-ended conversation Some communities maintain ongoing conversations as their primary vehicles for learning. Open-ended conversations are common when a community is colocated and people keep the	☐ Single-stream discussions ☐ Multi-topic conversations ☐ Distributed conversations	There will be a feature for group discussion or one to one discussion.





			conversation going as they "bump" into each other.		
			Projects In some communities' members want to focus on particular topics, go deep, and collaborate on projects to solve problems or produce useful artifacts. Learning is not just a matter of sharing knowledge or discussing issues. Members need to do things together in order to develop their practice. Projects usually involve a subgroup within the community	☑ Practice groups☐ Project teams☐ Instruction	There can be a particular group in which people of community can discuss on one topic or can do any activity if they decide.
			Content Some communities are primarily interested in creating, sharing, and providing access to documents, tools, and other content. Valuable and wellorganized content is a useful resource for members	☐ Library ☐ Structured self- publish ☑ Open self- publish ☐ Content integration	People can share the useful content if they want or post motivational videos as well.
			Access to expertise Some communities create value by providing focused and timely access to expertise in the community's domain, whether internally or externally. Communities with this orientation focus on answering questions, fulfilling requests for advice, or engaging in collaborative, just-intime problem solving	 ☑ Questions & requests ☑ Access to experts ☑ Shared problem solving ☑ Knowledge validation ☑ Apprenticeship & mentoring 	People who are suffering from severe mental health problems can talk to expertise whenever possible. (This is included in future scope)
			Relationships Some communities focus on relationship building among members as the basis for both ongoing learning and being available to each other. This orientation emphasizes the interpersonal aspect of learning together. Communities with this orientation place a high value on knowing each other personally, emphasizing networking, trust building, and mutual discovery	☑ Connecting☑ Knowing about people☑ Interacting informally	People from the community can build the bond with other people/stranger by connecting and talking to them.





						Individual participation Learning together happens in the context of a group, but it is realized in the experience of individuals. People bring different backgrounds, communication styles, and aspirations to their participation in a community. People have different levels of commitment, they take on different roles, and they use tools differently	☐ Levels of participation ☐ Personalization ☑ Individual development ☐ Multi-membership	Community people can create a self-short term goals to achieve and work upon it. People can also speak/read daily affirmations which is one of the feature.
						Community cultivation Some communities are happy with loose self-organization and unplanned evolution, while others thrive on attention to community cultivation. They have a need to reflect on the effectiveness and health of the community to make things better, joined with a willingness to work on it	☐ Democratic governance ☐ Strong core group ☐ Internal coordination ☐ External facilitation	
						In some cases, serving a specific context becomes central to the community's identity and the ways it operates. They may live inside an organization, whose charter their practice needs to serve. They may have a mission to provide learning resources to the world or to recruit members widely. Or they may seek interactions with other communities whose domain complements their own	☐ Organization as context ☐ Cross- organizational ☐ Other related communities ☑ Public mission	As this platform will be used by anyone who is suffering from mental issues. It will be useful to the people who has bad day.
	Scratchpad (other interesting insights, questions/answers, etc.)							
The ultimate goal of this project is to lessen the stress of the people who really are depressed and have no further direction. People can work upon it by discussion, by creating goals, by seeing motivational videos, by doing an activity and random talk with anyone and grow out from the situation together.								