

Executive Summary

Problem Statement

High hotel booking cancellation rates over **35**%, and notably higher for city hotel, resulting in an estimated annual revenue loss of over **\$5.5 M**.

Objective

Prepare a comprehensive marketing plan to proactively target guests at risk of churn and prevent revenue loss from cancellations.

Research Questions

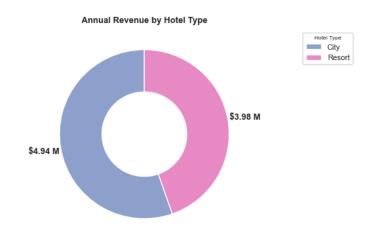
What are the primary drivers of cancelation?

How effectively can we predict booking
cancellation behavior?

Hypothesis

Cancellation likelihood is influenced by factors including **booking behavior** (e.g., lead time), **price sensitivity**, **deposit policies** (e.g., non-refundable), **customer type**.

Hotel Ratio of Total Cancellation Booked Cancelled Reservations Type Rate City 79162 65% 33078 42% Resort 40046 35% 11120 28% Total 119208 44198 37%

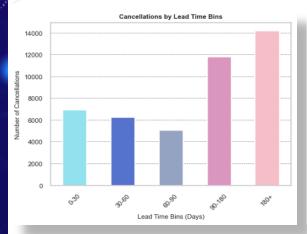


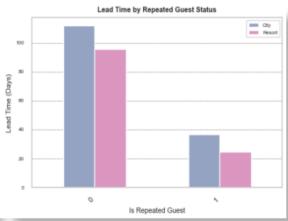
Data Insights

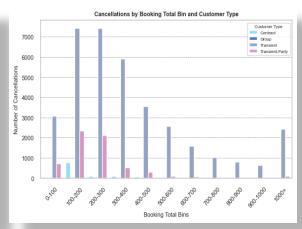
- A Sneak Peek
- Booking Horizon (lead time)
- Price Sensitivity
- Guest Geography (domestic booking)
- Guest Engagement & Experience (room allocation accuracy, special request handling etc.)

Predictive Model with ~90% Accuracy in identifying bookings at high risk of cancellation.

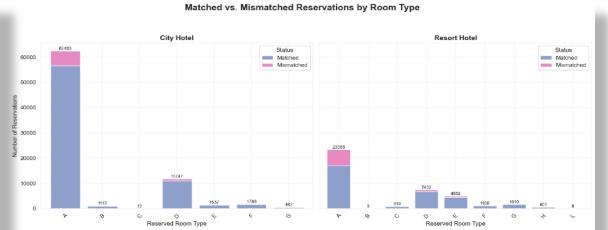
Data Trends and Early Insights











Key Insights

Higher cancellations with > 90 days lead time.

Repeat guests have lower lead time and cancel less.

More cancellations in \$100-500 booking total bins – price sensitivity.

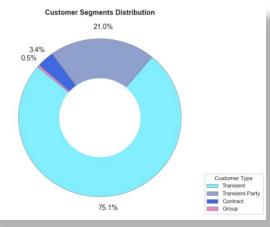
Fewer special requests at higher booking total could indicate unmet service expectations.

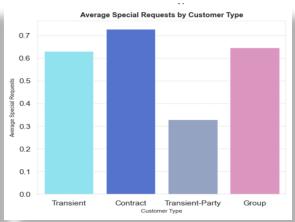
Special Requests positively correlated with booking total (ADR).

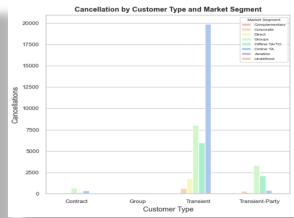
Room mismatch rate 12.4% overall. Maximum mismatches in Room Type A which is also the most booked.

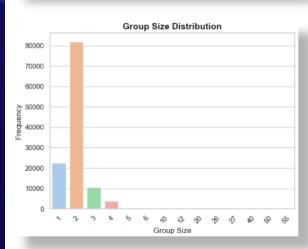


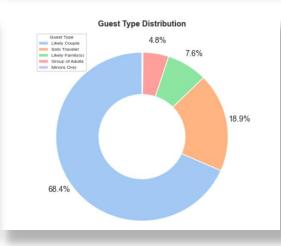
Data Trends and Early Insights Contd.

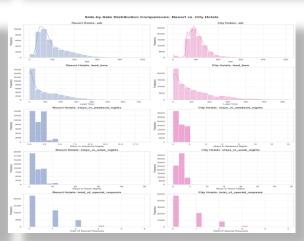












Key Insights

Majority are Transient customers (75%) followed by Transient-Party.

Transient-Party customers make fewer special requests indicating lower engagement/commitment.

Dominant customer type Transient exhibits most cancellations through Online TA channel.

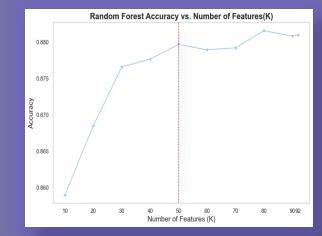
Group size of 2 (likely couple) represents ~70% of bookings.

Similar data trend between City Hotels and Resorts indicating amenability toward uniform marketing treatment.



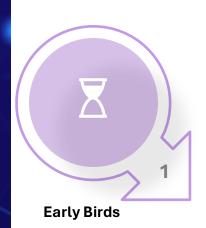
Interpretation of Model Outcome

Interpretation / Insights Directionality Department to Intervene Longer lead times associated with higher Marketing & Revenue Lead time cancellations likely due to tentative Management bookings Higher booking values may lead to more Revenue Management and **Booking Total** cancellations due to greater financial Finance along with (& Total Stay) Marketing commitment or unmet service expectations. Country of Domestic guests cancel more often likely Marketing Origin due to higher flexibility to change plans. Special requests are associated with lower Front Office and Guest Special cancellation probably as it shows stronger Requests Relations guest engagement and commitment Cancellation Past cancellation behavior predicts future Revenue Management History cancellations Mismatches may cause dissatisfaction, Room Operations and Front Office Mismatches increasing cancellation risk Transient Customers booking through **Customer Type &** Marketing Channel Online TA are likely to cancel.



- Accuracy 88%
- 50 features selected based on importance scores
- Reduces model complexity, training time, and overfitting risk

Data Driven Marketing Plan



Problem

Supporting Insights

Action / Incentive

Long lead-times are associated with higher cancellations (tentative bookings)

- Higher cancellations in lead time >90
- Repeat guests have lower lead times and cancel less
- Early-bird discounts and extra loyalty points for nonrefundable bookings >60 days out
- Personalized earlyengagement emails with attractions, toll tags, etc.
- Post-stay engagement with exclusive offers for high value guests



Value Seekers

- High booking totals may lead to more cancellations, likely due to financial commitment or unmet expectations
- \$100–\$500 booking value - higher cancellations
- Fewer special requests indicate lower engagement, and perceived value
- Room mismatch (12.4%)
 unmet expectations
- Pre-stay engagement through value-added offers: perks, early check-in, free breakfast
- **Loyalty** points for high value guests for completion of stays
- Priority upselling to reinforce commitment: e.g., free spa access



Double down on **City Hotels** (higher cancellations, higher revenue), **Suggested budget split**: City vs. Resort → **60:40**.



Guests with group size of 2 ("likely couples") - Account for ~70% of reservations. Domestic guests (PRT origin).



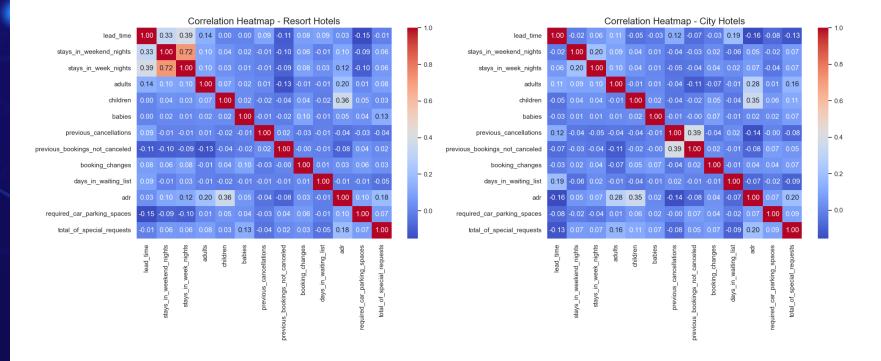
Transient customers (~75% of total reservations) via **Online TA** channel.





Correlation Analysis

Feature Correlation





Side-by-Side Distribution Comparisons: Resort vs. City Hotels

