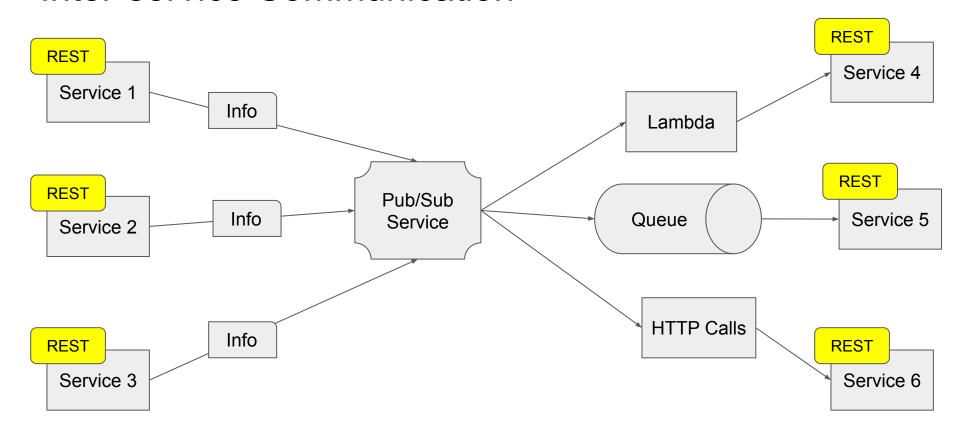
Moglix

Architecture & API Guidelines

Microservices

- 1. Single Responsibility Principle
- 2. Domain Driven Design
- 3. Independent Deployment of services
- 4. Synchronous Messaging REST
- 5. Asynchronous Messaging Pub/Sub and Queues
- 6. Message Format JSON
- 7. Service Contract(Documentation) Swagger
- 8. Interservice Communication API Gateway
- 9. Decentralized Data Management
- 10. Decentralized Governance
- 11. Server-side Service Discovery & Registry
- 12. Security
- 13. Transactions compensating operations
- 14. Design for failure
- 15. Infrastructure Automation Docker, Kubernetes, OpsWorks

Inter-service Communication



- 1. Microservices should expose their data and functionality through APIs only.
- 2. No database calls between services
- 3. REST API Design
- 4. A resource URI should be **noun** not **verb**.

a.	GET /products	# returns a list of products
b.	GET /products/12	# returns a product with primary key 12
C.	POST /products	# creates a new product
d.	PUT /products/12	# updates a product with primary key 12
e.	DELETE /products/12	# deletes a product with primary key 12

- 5. Use plurals prefer /products over /product.
- 6. Use named parameters /products/?name=duster instead of /getProductByName
- 7. Always use versioning for your API /v1/products, /v2/products
- 8. List APIs should always be paginated use limit & offset
- 9. Allow query parameters for advanced filtering & sorting /orders?status=open&sort=-priority
- 10. Prefered return format is JSON. XML can also be supported, if necessary.

- 11. Use camelCase naming for C/Java, snake_case for python and ruby
- 12. Allow clients to specify page sizes but put a max-page size limit in API
- 13. Send the max-page size in header or in body
- 14. Versioning Policy

a. Changes that don't require new version

- New resources
- ii. New HTTP methods on existing resources
- iii. New data formats
- iv. New attributes or elements on existing data types

b. Changes that require a new version

- Removed or renamed URIs
- ii. Different data returned from the same URI
- iii. Removal of support for HTTP methods on existing URIs

- 15. API Security
 - a. Always use HTTPS
 - b. Authentication
 - i. Every REST API must at least accept Basic Authentication
 - ii. By default, access to all resources should require the client to be authenticated
 - iii. Use JWT authentication by default

c. Authorization

- i. Single Authorization service is to be used for authorization.
- ii. REST API should not be responsible be handling authorization
- 16. Use proper error & success message code
- 17. Preferably every API should return these two keys "code" {200,500,...} & "success" {boolean}
- 18. Throw exceptions liberally
- 19. APIs should return proper HTTP codes.

20. HTTP Response Codes and Usage

a. 2xx (Success Category)

- i. 200 Ok Standard success response for REST API
- ii. 201 Created Response when a new instance is created
- 202 Accepted Request has been received but cannot be processed in realtime e.g batch processing job or schedule jobs.
- iv. 204 No Content Request is successful but no response has been generated . e.g. DELETE /products/12.

b. 3xx (Redirection Category)

- i. 301 Moved Permanently The resource has been moved to another location
- ii. 302 Moved Temporarily The resource has been moved to another location temporarily
- iii. 304 Not Modified The requested resource has not been modified. The client's cached version is still valid.

20. HTTP Response Codes and Usage

c. 4xx (Client Error Category)

- i. 401 Unauthorized Client is un-authenticated and not allowed to access resource and should re-request with required credentials
- ii. 403 Forbidden Client is authenticated but the client is not allowed to access this resource
- iii. 404 not Found Resource is not available currently.
- iv. 401 Gone Resource has been removed and is no longer available.

d. 5xx (Server Error Category)

- i. 500 Internal Server Error The request is valid but server has faced some error.
- ii. 503 Service Unavailable Server is down or unavailable to process requests.
- 21. Use proper error & success message code
- 22. Preferably every API should return these two keys "code" {200,500,...} & "success" {boolean}
- 23. Throw exceptions liberally
- 24. APIs should return proper HTTP codes.

- 25. Code for errors
- 26. Handle timeouts properly
- 27. Validate data proactively
- 28. Honor Caching
- 29. Throttle Performance

Supply Chain Server Architecture - for reference

