SELECT MAX(salary) FROM EMPLOYEE;

		MAX(SALARY)
100000		
1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds	Download	

SELECT dept_id FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE salary > 60000 GROUP BY dept_id;

	DEPT_ID
90	
70	
60	
80	
4 rows returned in 0.01 seconds	Download

SELECT emp_id, dept_id, emp_name

FROM EMPLOYEE

WHERE salary>=70000

GROUP BY emp_id, dept_id, emp_name;

EMP_ID	DEPT_ID	EMP_NAME
1007	90	Stella
1002	80	Alex
1003	90	Harper
1004	90	Rhys
1006	60	Bridget
5 rows returned in 0.00 seconds	Download	

SELECT COUNT(dept_id)

FROM EMPLOYEE;

	(COUNT(DEPT_ID)		
8				
1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds	Download			

${\tt SELECT\ DISTINCT\ emp_name}$

from EMPLOYEE;

	EMP_NAME
Bridget	
Alex	
Jules	
Ava	
Stella	
Harper	
Josh	
Rhys	
8 rows returned in 0.01 seconds	Download

SELECT AVG(NVL(dept_id,0))

from EMPLOYEE;

	AVG(NVL(DEPT_ID,0))
77.5	
1 rows returned in 0.00 seconds	Download

SELECT MIN(salary), MAX(salary), MIN(dept_id) FROM EMPLOYEE;

MIN(SALARY)	MAX(SALARY)	MIN(DEPT_ID)
55000	100000	60
1 rows returned in 0.00 seconds	Download	

SELECT dept_id,AVG(salary)

FROM EMPLOYEE

GROUP BY dept_id

ORDER BY dept_id;

DEPT_ID	AVG(SALARY)	
60	75000	
70	65000	
80	65000	
90	86666.666666666666666666666666666666666	
4 rows returned in 0.00 seconds Download		

SELECT MAX(salary)

FROM EMPLOYEE

GROUP BY dept_id;

	MAX(SALARY)
100000	
65000	
95000	
70000	
4 rows returned in 0.00 seconds	Download

SELECT dept_id, MAX(salary)

FROM EMPLOYEE

where emp_name !='Josh'

GROUP BY dept_id;

DEPT_ID	MAX(SALARY)
90	100000
70	65000
60	95000
80	70000
4 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download	

SELECT dept_id, MAX(salary)

FROM EMPLOYEE

GROUP BY dept_id

HAVING count(*)>1

ORDER BY dept_id;

DEPT_ID	MAX(SALARY)
60	95000
80	70000
90	100000
3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds Download	

ROLLUP/ ROLLBACK:

SELECT emp_id, SUM(salary)

FROM EMPLOYEE

WHERE emp_id < 1005

GROUP BY ROLLUP (emp_id);



SELECT Dept_ID, Emp_ID, SUM(SALARY)

FROM EMPLOYEE

WHERE SALARY > 70000

GROUP BY CUBE (Dept_ID, Emp_ID);

DEPT_ID	EMP_ID	SUM(SALARY)
-		285000
-	1003	100000
-	1004	90000
	1006	95000
60		95000
60	1006	95000
90		190000
90	1003	100000
90	1004	90000
9 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download		

INTERSECTION:

SELECT a_id FROM a INTERSECT SELECT b_id FROM b;



UNION:

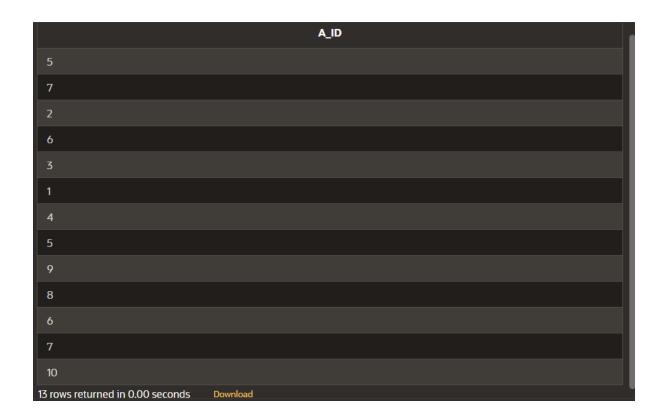
SELECT a_id

FROM a

UNION ALL

 ${\sf SELECT}\ b_id$

FROM b;



MINUS:

SELECT a_id FROM a MINUS SELECT b_id FROM b;



SET OPERATOR:

SELECT hire_date, employee_id, job_id

FROM employeee

UNION

SELECT TO_DATE(NULL), employee_id, job_id

FROM job_history;

HIRE_DATE	EMPLOYEE_ID	JOB_ID	
01-Jan-2020	1	DEV	
15-Jun-2021	2	MAN	
-	1	DEV	
-	3	HR	
4 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download			

SELECT hire_date, employee_id, job_id

FROM employeee

UNION

SELECT TO_DATE(NULL),employee_id, job_id

FROM job_history

ORDER BY employee_id;

HIRE_DATE	EMPLOYEE_ID	JOB_ID
01-Jan-2020	1	DEV
-	1	DEV
15-Jun-2021	2	MAN
-	3	HR
4 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download		

MERGE INTO staff_copy sc

USING staff s

ON (sc.staff_id = s.staff_id)

WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE

SET

sc.surname = s.surname,

sc.dept_id = s.dept_id

WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

VALUES (s.staff_id, s.surname, s.dept_id);



SEQUENCE:

CREATE SEQUENCE runner_id_seq

INCREMENT BY 1

START WITH 1

MAXVALUE 50000

NOCACHE

NOCYCLE;

