

Jospeh M. Katz Graduate Business School

Applied Simulation - Final Project

Simulation-Driven Analysis of Operational Strategies

for Pizza Romano

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Pizza Romano - Introduction

Overview: Pizza Romano is a popular late-night pizzeria located on Atwood Street in Oakland, Pittsburgh. Surrounded by the University of Pittsburgh and Carnegie Mellon, it serves a high-volume student and local customer base.

Operating Hours:

Daily: 4:00 PM - 4:00 AM

Current Set up

■ In-Person: Walk-in orders with counter service.

Relevance to Simulation: Pizza Romano currently serves only walk-in customers. With rising demand, management is considering adding online ordering and optimizing in-store flow. This simulation explores how changes in order channels and staffing can improve efficiency and support growth.





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Business Case



Business Case: Pizza Romano Simulation Project

Pizza Romano operates exclusively through walk-in orders, with peak business between 7:00 PM and 2:00 AM. The store experiences high foot traffic, especially on weekends, with limited counter and kitchen capacity.

- Order Counter Bottlenecks: Single-channel intake creates long queues during peak hours.
- Kitchen Saturation: Limited staff and oven capacity struggle to keep pace with demand.
- Manual Order Handling: All orders are taken in person, slowing throughput and increasing error potential.

Experiment Results

- Revenue loss from missed sales and unfulfilled demand (estimated \$300–400/night)
- Staff burnout and reduced efficiency during the late-night rush.

Without operational changes, Pizza Romano risks continued customer dissatisfaction, negative word-of-mouth, declining sales, and unsustainable staff workloads.



Introduction



Business Case -Project Objective

The objective of this project is to analyze Pizza Romano's customer flow and operational bottlenecks using a Simio simulation model and propose actionable solutions that:



Introduce online ordering to offload peak counter traffic



Streamline walk-in flows through kiosks or layout changes



Optimize resource allocation in the kitchen to improve throughput

By implementing the optimized solutions identified through simulation, Pizza Romano can expect to improve customer satisfaction, recover lost revenue, and build a more resilient operational model capable of handling future growth.





Model Structure Overview – Base case

Simulates the original setup at Pizza Romano with **only in-person walk-in customers**.

- Entities: WalkInCustomer
- Flow: WalkInSource → OrderCounter → KitchenPrep −
 PickUpCounter → Exit

Current Staffing:

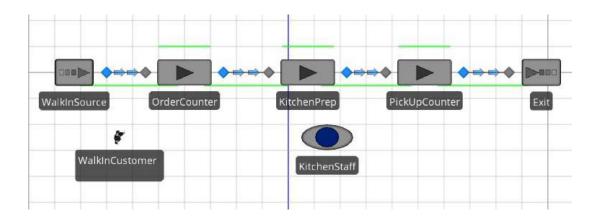
- 1 staff at OrderCounter
- 1 staff in KitchenPrep with shared kitchen staff resource
- 1 staff at PickUpCounter

Constraints:

Introduction

- Single queue for all walk-ins
- Long wait times at OrderCounter and KitchenPrep during peak hours

Objective: Establish baseline performance and identify key bottlenecks (cashier and kitchen)



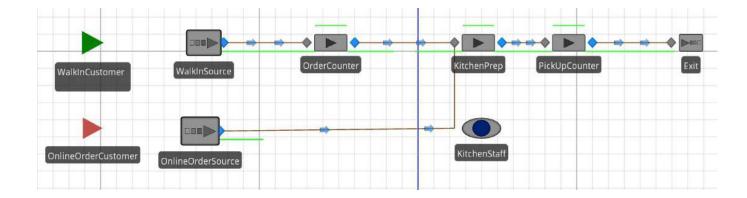




Model Structure Overview – OnlineOrder

Simulates the new setup at Pizza Romano with online & walk-in customers.

- New entity type: OnlineOrderCustomer,
- Flow for Online Orders: OnlineOrderSource → KitchenPrep → PickUpCounter → Exit
- Walk-In flow remains unchanged
- Merged load at KitchenPrep and PickUpCounter from both order types
- Objective: Model real-world concurrency and assess impact of online ordering on throughput and kitchen congestion







Model Structure Overview – with Kiosk

Introducing a **SelfServiceKiosk** station for ~80% of walk-in customers

Walk-In Flow Split:

- 20% → OrderCounter (manual)
- 80% → SelfServiceKiosk (faster)

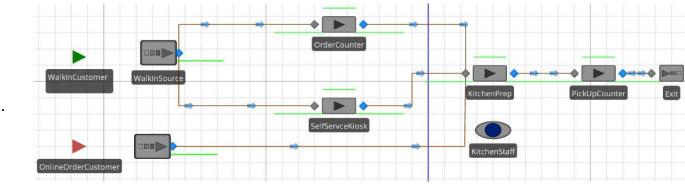
Staffing:

Simulated for multiple staffing levels and Server Capacities.

Purpose:

Introduction

- Reduce cashier wait time without hiring extra staff
- Structurally redesign flow to streamline order placement
- Maximize order fulfillment and Increase revenues

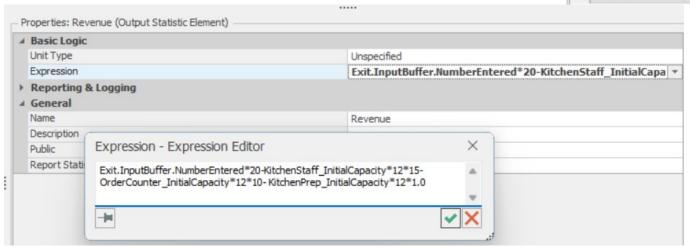


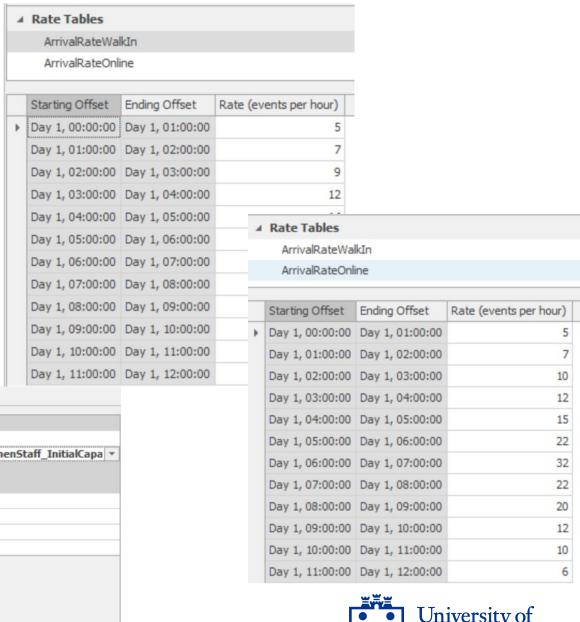


Simio Set Up

Input Parameters and Tables

- Hourly rate tables for walk-in and online arrivals
- Separate processing times for order, kitchen prep, and pickup
- Referenced properties to control capacities and logic dynamically
- Custom revenue formula based on fulfilled orders and capacity setup







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Introduction



Simio Experiments - BaseCase

- Revenue remains below \$1,500 across all base case scenarios.
- Order volume is consistently under 150 orders.
- Kitchen utilization exceeds 95%, indicating bottlenecks.
- Increasing kitchen staff or prep shows no significant performance gain.
- The current setup is inefficient compared to kiosk or online models.

	Scenario			Repli Controls							Responses							
	Name Status				OrderCounter	KitchenPrep	WalkInSource_Inter	KitchenStaff_InitialCapacity	Utl_Counter	Kitchen_Utilization	OrdersEntered	FullfilledOrders	NotFullfilledOrders 🔺	Revenue				
•		003	Comple	20	of	1	3	8	3	80.3321	48.1034	91	85.55	5.45	1015			
		013	Comple	20	of	1	2	8	2	83.1689	71.5952	91	84.35	6.65	1183			
		016	Comple	20	of	1	2	7.5	2	88.243	75.4903	97	88.75	8.25	1271			
		029	Comple	20	of	1	2	7.5	3	88.243	75.4903	97	88.75	8.25	1091			
		032	Comple	20	of	1	2	7	2	92.8947	78.0095	103	91.95	11.05	1335			
		040	Comple	20	of	1	2	7	3	92.8947	78.0095	103	91.95	11.05	1155			
		005	Comple	20	of	1	3	6.5	3	95.0157	55.1035	111	97.75	13.25	1259			
		007	Comple	20	of	1	3	6.5	2	95.4688	70.4345	111	94.7	16.3	1378			
		037	Comple	20	of	1	2	6.5	2	95.4688	80.1508	111	94.7	16.3	1390			
		028	Comple	20	of	1	3	6	3	97.8264	56.0148	121	99.3	21.7	1290			
		022	Comple	20	of	1	2	6	2	98.2102	81.627	121	96.3	24.7	1422			
		036	Comple	20	of	1	3	6	2	98.2102	71.5677	121	96.3	24.7	1410			
		060	Comple	20	of	1	2	6	3	98.2102	81.627	121	96.3	24.7	1242			
		035	Comple	6	of	1	2	8	1	83.9816	96.9794	91	59	32	856			
		055	Comple	6	of	1	1	8	2	83.9816	98.5794	91	59	32	688			
		012	Comple	13	of	1	2	5.5	2	98.7424	79.7924	131	93.9231	37.0769	1374.46			
		038	Comple	13	of	1	3	5.5	2	98.7424	69.589	131	93.9231	37.0769	1362.46			
		046	Comple	6	of	1	2	7.5	1	95.0168	95.4378	97	58.1667	38.8333	839.333			
		050	Comple	6	of	1	1	7.5	2	95.0168	97.7652	97	58.1667	38.8333	671.333			
		051	Comple	20	of	1	3	5	3	99.5249	56.9689	144	100.95	43.05	1323			
		052	Comple	6	_		2	7	1	96.9265	95.8434	103	58	45	836			
		011	Comple	9	of	1	2	5	2	99.5166	79.1988	144	93	51	1356			
		056	Comple	9	of	1	3	5	2	99.5166	68.9581	144	93	51	1344			
		026	Comple	6	of	1	2	6.5	1	98.6198	95.7143	111	58.6667	52.3333	849.333			
		034	Comple	6	of	1	3	6	1	98.0719	93.8983	121	59	62	844			
		017	Comple	10	of	1	2	4.5	3	99.555	79.9107	161	94.2	66.8	1200			
		001	Comple	6	of	1	2	4.5	2	99.7368	78.332	161	92.1667	68.8333	1339.33			
		010	Comple	6	of	1	1	5.5	1	99.006	97.9261	131	59	72	868			
		021	Comple	6	of	1	1	5.5	2	99.006	97.9261	131	59	72	688			







Introduction



Simio Experiments - Kiosk

- Revenue Boost: Peaks at \$6,200, ~4×
 higher than base case.
- Reduced Congestion: Kiosks ease counter load, improving flow.
- High Fulfillment: Over 310 orders fulfilled with minimal losses.
- Efficient Utilization: Kitchen runs near capacity but stays stable.
- Top Performer: Delivers the best overall outcome across all metrics.

cer	nario		Repl	Controls						Responses									
1	Nane	Status		KitchenPr	SelfServ	OrderCo	KitchenSt	WakinSource_I	OnlineOrderSource_Inter	Kitchen_Utilization	KoskUtization	CashierUtization	OrderEnter	Walkin_In	InKiosk	InCounter	OrderFulfilled	OrderNotFulfil	Revenue
	047	Comple	20 0	3	1	1	3	9	9.5	45.6408	17.2493	5.81596	156	80	64.55	15.45	155.05	0.95	5 240
	025	Comple	20 0	2	1	1	3	7	6.5	93.3928	22.2989	8.80356	214	103	81.6	21.4	211.8	2.2	355
	003	Comple	20 0	3	2	1	3	10	10	42.128	15,4652	6.36248	146	73	57.15	15.85	143.65	2.35	217
	041	Comple	20 o	3	1	1	1	5.5	5	80,3259	28.9719	11.0162	275	131	105.4	25.6	272.6	2.4	511
	049	Comple.	20 0	3	1	1	2	5	5	84.0551	32.117	11.0347	288	144	116.85	27.15	285,35	2.65	5 519
	040	Comple.	20 0	2	1	1	3	6.5	7	93.6424	24.4664	10.397	214	111	88.5	22.5	211.25	2.79	354
	021	Comple.	20 of	2	1	1	3	8	6.5	88.1811	19,3353	7.89903	202	91	72.25	18.75	199.2	2.8	330
	005	Comple	20 0	3	2	1	3	8	8	52.8228	19.8261	7.56203	182	91	72.65	18.35	179		3 288
	019	Comple	20 0	2	1	1	2	6	8.5	89.8446	24.6144	10.838	206	121	95.2	25.8	202.55	3.45	354
	048	Comple.	20 0	3	1	1	1	6.5	4	84.9713	24.253	10.13	292	111	88.5	22.5	288.4	3.6	5 543
1	036	Comple.	20 0	3	1	1	1	6.5	3.5	92.6455	25.2249	9.09708	317	111	90.05	20.95	313.25	3.79	5 592
	007	Comple	20 0	2	1	1	3	7	6	97.1634	22,4605	8.68733	224	103	81.9	21.1	220.15	3.89	371
	028	Comple	20 of	2	2	1	3	7	6	97.1634	22,4605	8.68733	224	103	81.9	21.1	220.15	3.85	371
	038	Comple.	20 0	2	1	1	3	6.5	6	99.0106	23.9383	8.98749	232	111	88.65	22.35	224.05	7.95	379
	031	Comple	20 0	2	1	1	3	7	5.5	99.1369	22.1174	8.81556	234	103	82.2	20.8	224.95	9.05	381
	044	Comple	20 0	2	2	1	3	6.5	5.5	99.6048	22,5883	9,30028	242	111	88.1	22.5	225.2	16.8	382
	042	Comple	20 0	2	1	1	2	6	5.5	99.5711	24.6218	10.7114	252	121	96.25	24.75	226.3	25.7	402
	043	Comple	20 of	2	1	1	3	6	5.5	99.5711	24.6218	10.7114	252	121	96.25	24.75	226.3	25.7	7 384
	046	Comple	20 0	2	2	1	3	6	5,5	99.5711	24,6218	10.7114	252	121	96.25	24.75	226.3	25.7	384
	024	Comple:	20 0	2	1	1	3	6.5	5	99.6785	23.0869	8.78999	255	111	89.2	21.8	225.85	29.15	383
	023	Comple	20 0	3	2	1	2	3.5	4.5	99.4407	46,6156	16.8571	367	206	165.7	40.3	335.75	31.25	619
	030	Comple.	20 of	1	1	1	3	10	10	99.9411	16.391	5.68771	145	73	58.25	14.75	112.4	33.6	157
	.00.1	·	.50.	1.	3	4	0		r.r.	00.712	33,7730	11.300	2/3	121	104.45	20.00	220.0		404





Simio Set up



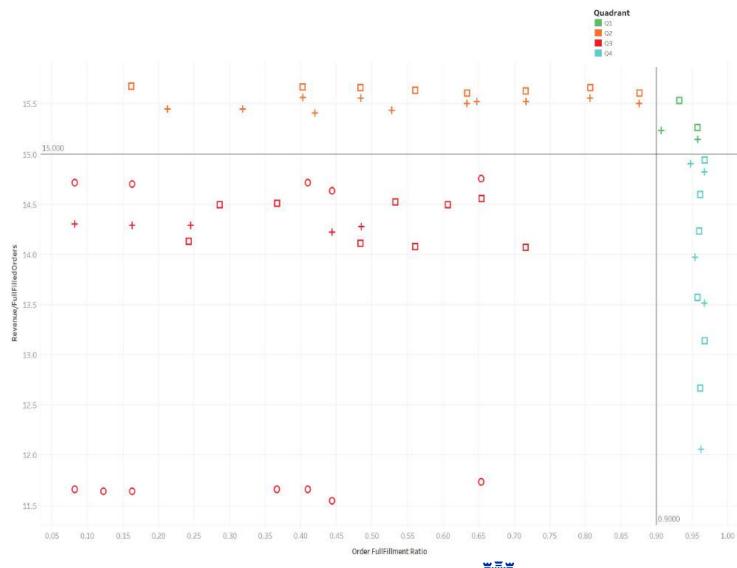
Base Scenario Performance

Scaling Alone Isn't Enough — The Real

Bottleneck Is Up Front

- Most configurations fall in Quadrants 2 and 3, indicating low percentage of order fulfillment despite acceptable revenue per order.
- Scaling kitchen resources (staff, ovens) showed limited impact — major constraint remains at the Order Counter.
- Bottleneck at the front-end throttles throughput even when back-end has spare capacity.

Model Structure





KitchenPrep InitialCapacity

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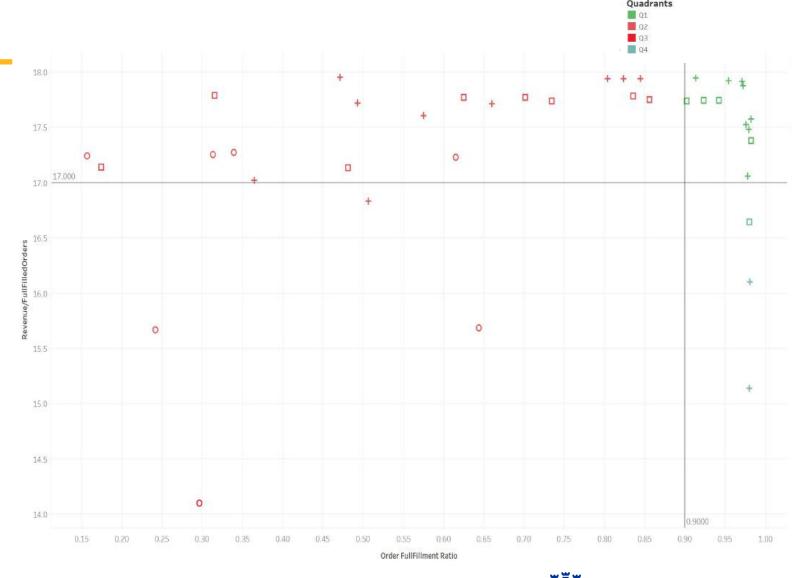
Scenario1: Walk-In + **Online Orders**

Online Orders Expand Reach, But Reveal Backend Vulnerabilities

- Introducing online orders increased overall volume processed but still bottlenecks at Order Counter persists.
- Performance improved: more setups move toward Quadrant 1 (high fulfillment, high profit).
- But kitchen strain becomes evident low-staff setups suffer, highlighting the need for synchronized backend scaling.

Business Case

Introduction





KitchenPrep InitialCapacity

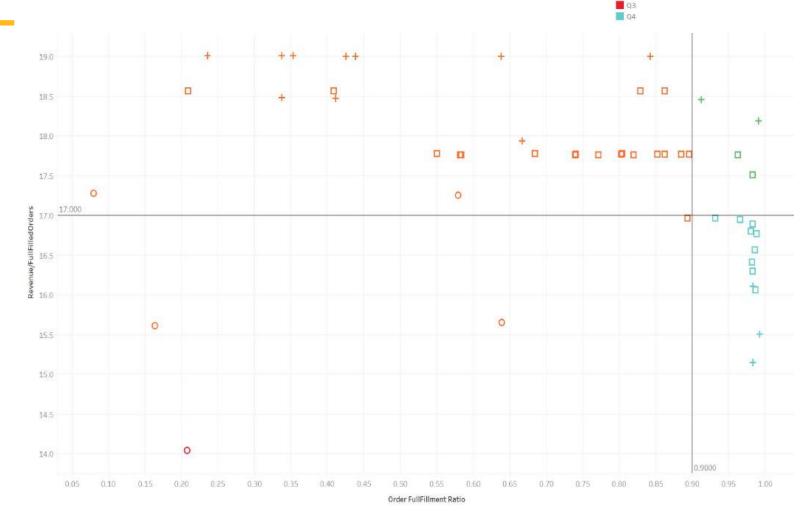
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Scenario2: Walk-In(Kiosk) + Online Orders

Kiosks Unlock Efficiency Gains Without Raising Costs

- Self-service kiosks offload the Order Counter, leading to major gains in fulfillment and revenue.
- Multiple setups land in Quadrant 1, including those with only 2 staff — proves process innovation outperforms brute-force staffing.
- Best-performing scenario in terms of both service quality and profitability.





KitchenPrep InitialCapacity

□ 2



Recommendation

- **3** Highest kiosk-only revenue: \$5,929 generated with just 1 kitchen staff.
- Highly efficient setup: Minimizes labor costs while maintaining strong output.
- ① Reduces order counter wait times: Self-service kiosks streamline order placement.
- **Ideal for lean operations**: Maximizes profit using fewer resources—perfect during off-peak hours or staff shortages.

☼ Trade-off awareness:

- \$6,199 revenue setup has 38 unfulfilled orders.
- \$6,081 revenue setup (with 3 staff) has 166 unfulfilled orders and higher staffing cost.
- ✓ Recommended Setup: Stick to Kiosk Only with 3Prep + 1Staff for a balanced and profitable outcome.

Recommendation	2Prep+2Staff	2Prep+3Staff	3Prep+1Staff	3prep+2Staff	3prep+3staff	
Revenue_Base	1271	1091	848	1410	1333	
Revenue_Online	4039	3664	0	5191	5967	
Revenue_Kiosk	4028	3824	5929	6199	6081.5	

