# Full Stack Development II - Lab 10

ES6 Promises & Error Exercises

## **Developer Note:**

- You may use the JS playground for development https://repl.it/languages/nodeis
- Create separate files for each exercise

### Exercise 1:

- Write a function appendMyArray that takes an array and value as parameters
- The function will have the following requirements
  - o Use the array push method to append the value to the array
  - o Implement a try..catch block to capture any errors and log to the error message in console
  - o Implement a finally statement that will output the final value of the array

```
appendMyArray([53, 54], 55)
appendMyArray('xyz', 100)
appendMyArray({'make': 'Tesla', model: 'S'}, 5)
```

The following output is expected:

```
exiting..myArray:53,54,55
myArray.push is not a function
exiting..myArray:xyz
myArray.push is not a function
exiting..myArray:[object Object]
```

### **Exercise 2:**

- Write a function tryCatchFinally that takes no parameters
- The function will have the following requirements
  - o Implement a try...catch block to capture any errors and log the error message in console
  - o Create an error object with the message "throwing an error" and use the throw keyword to throw the message within the body of the try..catch block
  - o Implement a finally statement that output the message "runs finally."

Invoke the function:

```
tryCatchFinally();
```

The following output is expected:

```
Throwing an error Runs finally
```

#### Exercise 3:

• Write a function **compareNumToTen** that takes a number as an argument and returns a **Promise** that tests and rejects if the value is less than or resolves if greater than the value 10.

#### Promise Reference

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global\_Objects/Promise

```
compareNumToTen(15)
  .then(result => console.log(result))
  .catch(error => console.log(error))
```

#### Output

```
15 is greater than 10, success!
8 is less than 10, error!
```

#### Exercise 4:

Write two functions that use Promises that you can chain! The first function, makeUpperCase(),
will take in an array of words and capitalize them, and then the second function, sortWords(), will
sort the words in alphabetical order. If the array contains anything but strings, it should throw an
error.

#### **Promise Chaining Reference**

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global\_Objects/Promise

```
const arrayOfNames = ['jaxx', 'tiny', 'clay']
const mixedArray = ['anarchy', 99, true]
```

```
makeUpperCase(arrayOfNames)
   .then(sortWords)
   .then((result) => console.log(result))
   .catch(error => console.log(error))

makeUpperCase(mixedArray)
   .then(sortWords)
   .then((result) => console.log(result))
   .catch(error => console.log(error))
```

### Output

```
[ 'CLAY', 'JAXX', 'TINY' ]
Error: Not all items in the array are strings!
```

# **Exercise 5:**

• Use the **Promise.all** syntax to resolve all three promises below and return a new promise. Call the function and use the thenable .then() keyword to output the result.

# Promise.all() Reference

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global\_Objects/Promise/all

```
var promise1 = 101
var promise2 = "follow the white"
var promise3 = new Promise(function(resolve, reject) {
    resolve("rabbit.. neo");
});
```

# Output

```
[ 101, 'follow the white', 'rabbit.. neo']
```