1.Developing a TCP Client-Server Application using Linux Socket Programming

Part 1: Server Side

Step 1: Writing the Server Code

1. Create a file named `server.c` in the project directory.

```
c

1. // server.c
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <unistd.h>
   #include <string.h>
   #include <arpa/inet.h>

   #define PORT 8080
   #define MAX_BUFFER_SIZE 1024

   int main() {
       int server_fd, new_socket, valread;
       struct sockaddr_in address;
       int addrlen = sizeof(address);
       char buffer[MAX_BUFFER_SIZE] = {0};

       // Create a socket
       if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0) {
        perror("Socket creation failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       }

       // Set up server address struct
       address.sin_family = AF_INET;
       address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
       address.sin_port = htons(PORT);

       // Bind the socket to the address
       if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) < 0)
   {
           perror("Bind failed");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       }

       // Listen for incoming connections
       if (listen(server_fd, 3) < 0) {
           perror("Listen failed");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       }

       // Accept incoming connection
    if ((new_socket = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
(socklen_t*)&addrlen)) < 0) {
           perror("Accept failed");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       }

       // Read data from the client using TCP
       valread = read(new_socket, buffer, MAX_BUFFER_SIZE);
       printf("Received message from client: %s\n", buffer);
```

```
        // Close the connection
        close(new_socket);
        close(server_fd);

        return 0;
    }
```

Step 2: Compiling and Running the Server Code

1. Compile the server code.

   bash

   - gcc server.c -o server

- Run the server.

bash

2. ./server

Part 2: Client Side

Step 1: Writing the Client Code

1. Create a file named `client.c` in the project directory.

   C

```
1. // client.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>

#define PORT 8080
#define MAX_BUFFER_SIZE 1024

int main() {
    int client_fd;
    struct sockaddr_in server_address; char
    message[MAX_BUFFER_SIZE];

    // Create a socket
    if ((client_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == -1) {
        perror("Socket creation failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    // Configure server address server_address.sin_family
    = AF_INET; server_address.sin_port = htons(PORT);
    if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &server_address.sin_addr) <= 0) {
        perror("Invalid address/ Address not supported");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    // Connect to the server using TCP
if (connect(client_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&server_address,
sizeof(server_address)) < 0) {
        perror("Connection Failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    // Get user input for the message
```

```
    printf("Enter a message to send to the server: ");
    fgets(message, MAX_BUFFER_SIZE, stdin);

    // Send the message to the server using TCP
    send(client_fd, message, strlen(message), 0);

    // Close the connection
    close(client_fd);

    return 0;
}
```

Step 2: Compiling and Running the Client Code

1. Compile the client code.

   bash

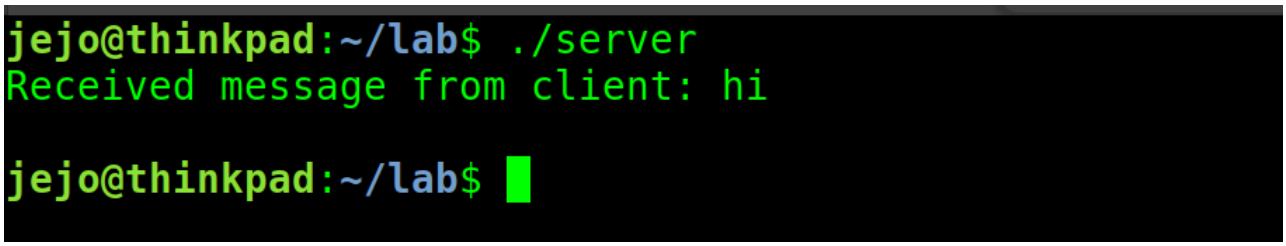
   - gcc client.c -o client

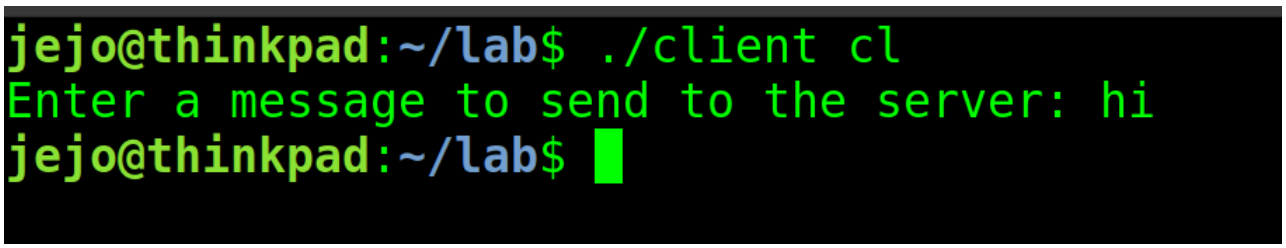
- Run the client.

bash

2. ./client

OUTPUT:





2.Developing a UDP Client-Server Application using UNIX Socket Programming

Part 1: Server Side

Step 1: Writing the Server Code

```
1. // udp_server.c
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <unistd.h>
   #include <string.h>
   #include <arpa/inet.h>

   #define PORT 8080
   #define MAX_BUFFER_SIZE 1024

   int main() {
       int server_fd;
       struct sockaddr_in server_address, client_address; socklen_t
       client_address_len = sizeof(client_address); char
       buffer[MAX_BUFFER_SIZE] = {0};

       // Create a UDP socket
       if ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) == -1) {
           perror("Socket creation failed");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       }

       // Configure server address server_address.sin_family =
       AF_INET; server_address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
       server_address.sin_port = htons(PORT);

       // Bind the socket to the address
   if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&server_address,
sizeof(server_address)) == -1) {
           perror("Bind failed"); exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       }

       // Server logic here (you can modify this part)

       return 0;
   }
```

Step 2: Compiling and Running the Server Code

1. Compile the server code.

```
gcc udp_server.c -o udp_server
```

- Run the server.

```
bash

2. ./udp_server
```

Part 2: Client Side

Step 1: Writing the Client Code

```
1. // udp_client.c
   #include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>

#define PORT 8080
#define MAX_BUFFER_SIZE 1024

int main() {
    int client_fd;
    struct sockaddr_in server_address;
    char message[MAX_BUFFER_SIZE];

    // Create a UDP socket
    if ((client_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) == -1) {
        perror("Socket creation failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    // Configure server address
    server_address.sin_family = AF_INET;
    server_address.sin_port = htons(PORT);
    if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &server_address.sin_addr) <= 0) {
        perror("Invalid address/ Address not supported");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    // Client logic here (you can modify this part)

    return 0;
}
```

Step 2: Compiling and Running the Client Code

1. Compile the client code.

   bash

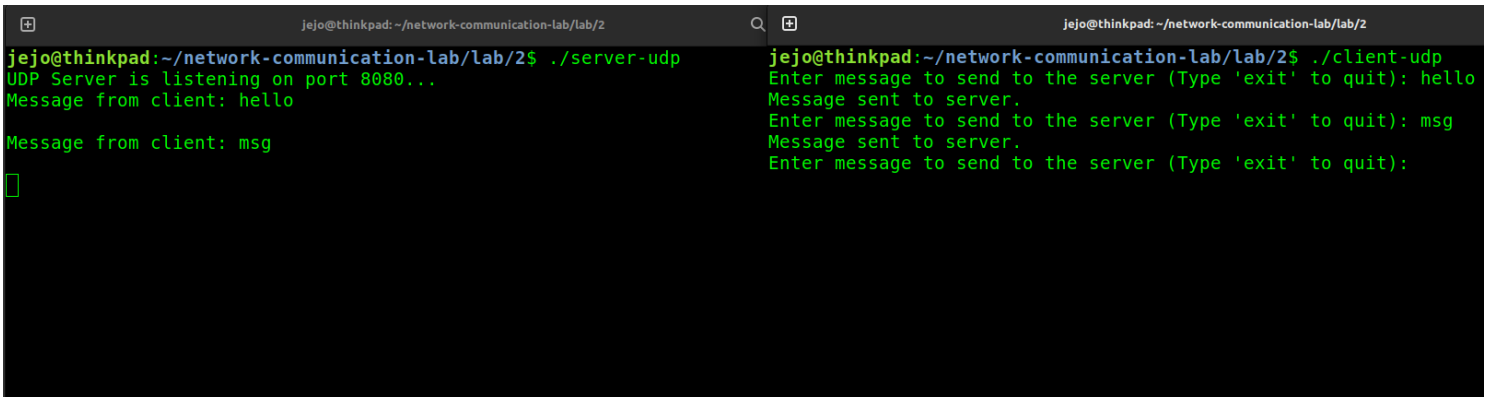
   - gcc udp_client.c -o udp_client

- Run the client.

Bash

2. ./udp_client

OUTPUT:



3.Network Tools Demonstration

1. Ping:

Command:

```
ping www.google.com
```

---

2. TCPDump:

Command:

```
sudo tcpdump
```

---

3. Traceroute:

Command:

```
traceroute www.google.com
```

---

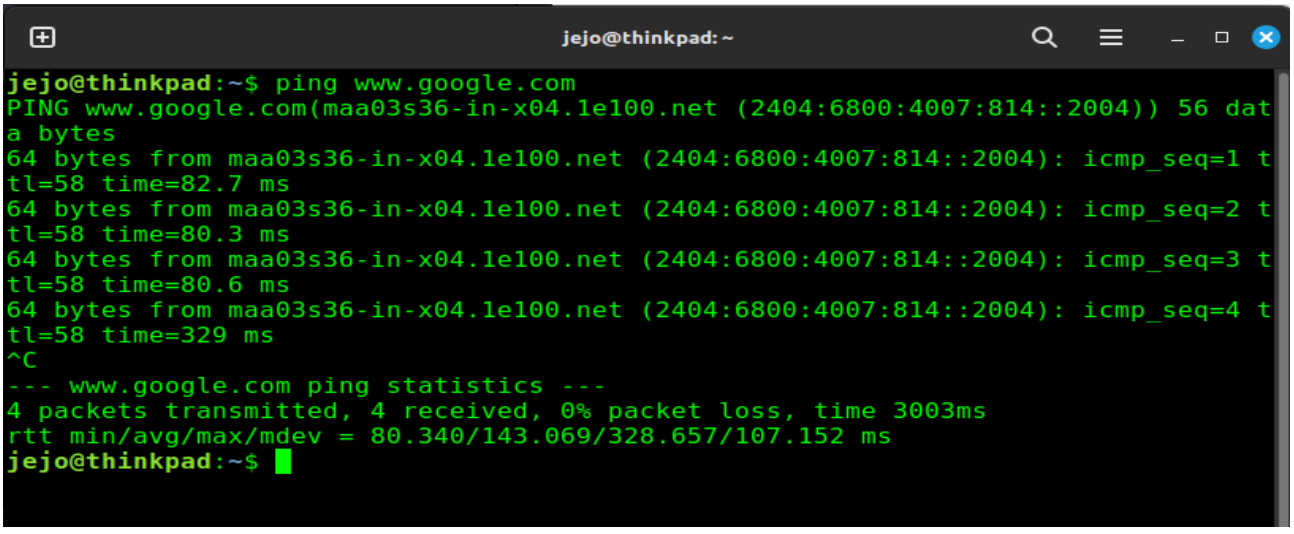
4. Netstat:

Command:

```
netstat -an
```

OUTPUT

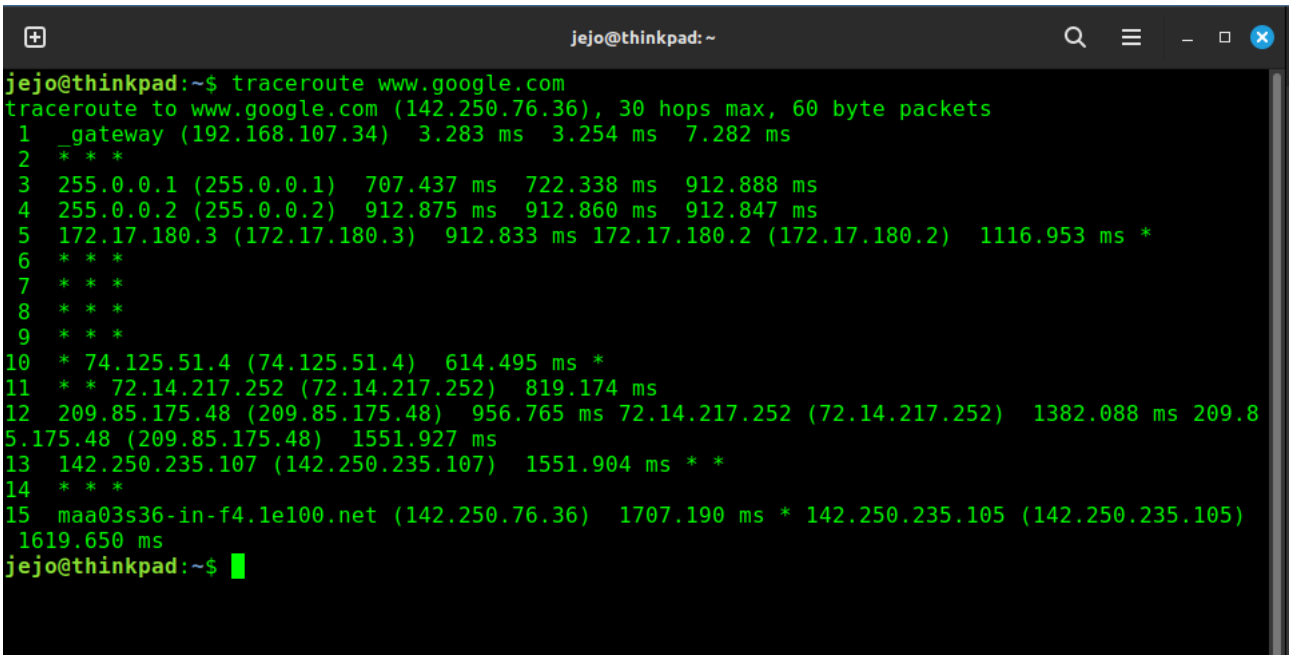
PING:



TCPDump:

```
jejo@thinkpad:~$ sudo tcpdump
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v[v]... for full protocol decode
listening on wlp3s0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes
18:13:30.612019 IP6 thinkpad.59770 > maa05s22-in-x0a.1e100.net.https: UDP, length 29
18:13:30.664437 IP thinkpad.56237 > _gateway.domain: 23265+ PTR? a.0.0.2.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
.0.d.1.8.0.7.0.0.4.0.0.8.6.4.0.4.2.ip6.arpa. (90)
18:13:30.973439 IP6 maa05s22-in-x0a.1e100.net.https > thinkpad.59770: UDP, length 28
18:13:31.383084 IP _gateway.domain > thinkpad.56237: 23265 1/0/0 PTR maa05s22-in-x0a.1e100.net
. (129)
18:13:31.383427 IP thinkpad.57122 > _gateway.domain: 21143+ PTR? e.9.a.7.0.4.0.4.c.2.e.c.5.7.b
.0.e.3.5.9.2.9.e.1.d.8.0.4.9.0.4.2.ip6.arpa. (90)
18:13:31.390760 IP _gateway.domain > thinkpad.57122: 21143 NXDomain 0/0/0 (90)
18:13:31.391708 IP thinkpad.47916 > _gateway.domain: 51307+ PTR? 34.107.168.192.in-addr.arpa.
(45)
18:13:31.587928 IP _gateway.domain > thinkpad.47916: 51307 NXDomain* 0/1/0 (104)
18:13:31.588400 IP thinkpad.33574 > _gateway.domain: 14110+ PTR? 125.107.168.192.in-addr.arpa.
 (46)
18:13:31.595613 IP _gateway.domain > thinkpad.33574: 14110 NXDomain 0/0/0 (46)
18:13:33.028414 IP thinkpad.34425 > _gateway.domain: 60838+ A? network-test.debian.org. (41)
18:13:33.028434 IP thinkpad.34425 > _gateway.domain: 4514+ AAAA? network-test.debian.org. (41)
18:13:33.169563 IP _gateway.domain > thinkpad.34425: 4514 2/0/0 CNAME debian.map.fastlydns.net
., AAAA 2a04:4e42:25::644 (107)
18:13:34.873457 IP _gateway.domain > thinkpad.34425: 60838 2/0/0 CNAME debian.map.fastlydns.ne
t., A 151.101.158.132 (95)
18:13:34.874106 IP thinkpad.35850 > 151.101.158.132.http: Flags [S], seq 546386806, win 64240,
 options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 2925865683 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 0
18:13:34.927871 IP thinkpad.49096 > _gateway.domain: 525+ PTR? 132.158.101.151.in-addr.arpa. (
46)
18:13:35.023378 IP 151.101.158.132.http > thinkpad.35850: Flags [S.], seq 539355995, ack 54638
6807, win 65535, options [mss 1370,sackOK,TS val 3306311557 ecr 2925865683,nop,wscale 9], leng
th 0
18:13:35.023432 IP thinkpad.35850 > 151.101.158.132.http: Flags [.], ack 1, win 502, options [
nop,nop,TS val 2925865833 ecr 3306311557], length 0
18:13:35.023610 IP thinkpad.35850 > 151.101.158.132.http: Flags [P.], seq 1:84, ack 1, win 502
, options [nop,nop,TS val 2925865833 ecr 3306311557], length 83: HTTP: GET /nm HTTP/1.1
18:13:35.176207 IP 151.101.158.132.http > thinkpad.35850: Flags [.], ack 84, win 283, options
[nop,nop,TS val 3306311726 ecr 2925865833], length 0
18:13:35.176228 IP 151.101.158.132.http > thinkpad.35850: Flags [P.], seq 1:338, ack 84, win 2
83, options [nop,nop,TS val 3306311726 ecr 2925865833], length 337: HTTP: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
18:13:35.176245 IP thinkpad.35850 > 151.101.158.132.http: Flags [.], ack 338, win 501, options
 [nop,nop,TS val 2925865986 ecr 3306311726], length 0
18:13:35.176253 IP 151.101.158.132.http > thinkpad.35850: Flags [F.], seq 338, ack 84, win 283
, options [nop,nop,TS val 3306311726 ecr 2925865833], length 0
18:13:35.176395 IP thinkpad.35850 > 151.101.158.132.http: Flags [F.], seq 84, ack 339, win 501
, options [nop,nop,TS val 2925865986 ecr 3306311726], length 0
18:13:35.195922 IP _gateway.domain > thinkpad.49096: 525 NXDomain 0/1/0 (106)
18:13:35.327386 IP 151.101.158.132.http > thinkpad.35850: Flags [.], ack 85, win 283, options
[nop,nop,TS val 3306311836 ecr 2925865986], length 0
```

Traceroute:



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NETSTAT: