

Integration by Substitution.

① $u = g(x)$, g differentiable.

Then $\int f(g(x)) g'(x) dx = \int f(u) du$.

Define $\int f(u) du = F(u) + C$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\frac{d}{dx} F(u) \right] &= \left[\frac{du}{dx} \cdot \frac{d}{du} F(u) \right] \\ &= g'(x) \cdot f(u) \\ &= g'(x) f(g(x)). \end{aligned}$$

$$\int g'(x) f(g(x)) dx = F(u) + C' = \int f(u) du$$

$$\bullet \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx \quad \boxed{u = g(x) = x^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} (2x) dx \right) &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1+u} du \\ = f(x^2) \Rightarrow f(y) &= \frac{1}{2} \ln|u+1| + C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+1) + C \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow u = 1+x^2, \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 2x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x}{1+x^2} dx &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\frac{du}{dx}}{\sqrt{u}} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{u}} du = \ln(u+1) + C \end{aligned}$$