```
1)
update emp set sex="female" where sex='f' ;
update emp set sex='male' where sex='m';
2)
3)
select firstname + ' ' + lastname as full name from emp order by lastname
desc;
4) select upper(substring(FirstName, 1,3)) form EMP;
select * from login where username like'USER-%';
6) select * from orders where orderDate > = '05-july-2016';
7) select h.orderId, d.product, d.SalesAmount from OrderHeader
h,OrderDetails d where h.HeaderId=d.HeaderId and d.product != 'P1';
8) select sum(salesamount) from OrderDetails group by weekday(orderDate);
9) select count(*) as 'number of orders', sum(SalesAmount) as 'tot sales'
from OrderDetails group by year (OrderDate);
10) select Product from OrderDetails group by Product;
11)
select count(*) from salesperson;
12)
select name from salesperson where salary <50000;
13)
Delete Name from Salesperson table where salary less than avg salary of
all :
ans : delete name from salesperson where salary<(select avg(salary) from
salesperson);
14)
select name, age from salesperson where age=(select max(age) from emp) or
age=(select min(age) from emp) ;
16)
select salesperson id ,count(*) from salesperson group by salesperson id
order by count(*) desc limit 1;
```

```
17) select sum(amount) as tot sum amnt, count(orderDate) as 'tot orders'
from orders where year(orderDate)='1998';
18)
select orderId, month(orderDate) from orderHeader;
select name, salary from salesperson where salary>50000 order by salary
desc;
20)
with the help of joins.
21)
alter table orders foreign key(salesperson id) references
salesperson(id);
22)
select * from salesperson where salary=(select salary from salesperson
order by salary limit 2,1);
part 2:
create table calendar1(cdate date, weekday varchar(3), monthno int, quarter
varchar(8), year int);
   SET @counter=0;
   set @Totalcount=DATEDIFF(startdate,enddate);
   while @counter<=@Totalcount DO
      set @da=DATE ADD(startdate, INTERVAL @counter day);
      insert into calendar1
values (DATE (@da), WEEKDAY (@da), MONTH (@da), concat ("q", MONTH (@da)/4), YEAR (@d
a));
     SET @counter=@counter+1;
     END WHILE;
part 3:
It means that the function may return a different result given a set of
input parameters.
4)
The Delimiter command is used to change the standard delimiter of mysql
commands.
```