

## day-016-string-assignment

### GitHub Link:

<https://github.com/irahuldutta02/pw-skills-jdsd-assignments/tree/main/day-016-string-assignment/codes>

### 1. WAP(Write a Program) to remove Duplicates from a String.(Take any String example with duplicates character)

Question\_01.java

```
// WAP(Write a Program) to remove Duplicates from a String.
import java.util.*;

class Question_01 {

    static void removeDuplicate(char str[], int length) {
        int index = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
            int j;
            for (j = 0; j < i; j++) {
                if (str[i] == str[j]) {
                    break;
                }
            }
            if (j == i) {
                str[index++] = str[i];
            }
        }
        System.out.println(String.valueOf(Arrays.copyOf(str,
index)));
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String info = "My name is Rahul Dutta and I am currently
learning Java DSA and System Design from PW SKILL";
        char str[] = info.toCharArray();
        int len = str.length;
        removeDuplicate(str, len);
    }
}
```

Output :

My nameisRhulDtdIcrgJvSAfoPWKL

### 2. WAP to print Duplicates characters from the String

Question\_02.java

```
// 2. WAP to print Duplicates characters from the String

public class Question_02 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String string1 = "My name is Rahul Dutta";
        int count;
        char string[] = string1.toCharArray();

        System.out.println("Duplicate characters in a given string: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < string.length; i++) {
            count = 1;
            for (int j = i + 1; j < string.length; j++) {
                if (string[i] == string[j] && string[i] != ' ') {
                    count++;
                    string[j] = '0';
                }
            }
            if (count > 1 && string[i] != '0')
                System.out.println(string[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Output :

```
Duplicate characters in a given string:
a
u
t
```

### 3. WAP to check if "2552" is palindrome or not.

Question\_03.java

```
// 3. WAP to check if "2552" is palindrome or not.

public class Question_03 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String str = "2552", reverseStr = "";

        int strLength = str.length();

        for (int i = (strLength - 1); i >= 0; --i) {
            reverseStr = reverseStr + str.charAt(i);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        if
(str.toLowerCase().equals(reverseStr.toLowerCase())) {
            System.out.println(str + " is a Palindrome
String.");
        }
        else {
            System.out.println(str + " is not a Palindrome
String.");
        }
    }
}

```

Output :

```
2552 is a Palindrome String.
```

#### 4. WAP to count the number of consonants, vowels, special characters in a String.

Question\_04.java

```

// WAP to count the number of consonants, vowels, special
characters in a String.

public class Question_04 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int vCount = 0, cCount = 0, specialChar = 0;
        String str = "This is a really simple sentence &";
        str = str.toLowerCase();

        for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
            if (
                str.charAt(i) == 'a' ||
                str.charAt(i) == 'e' ||
                str.charAt(i) == 'i' ||
                str.charAt(i) == 'o' ||
                str.charAt(i) == 'u'
            ) {
                vCount++;
            } else if (str.charAt(i) >= 'a' && str.charAt(i) <= 'z')
{
                cCount++;
            } else if (str.charAt(i) >= '0' && str.charAt(i) <= '9'
|| str.charAt(i) == ' ') {
                continue;
            } else {
                specialChar++;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        System.out.println("Number of vowels : " + vCount);
        System.out.println("Number of consonants : " + cCount);
        System.out.println("Number of special characters : " +
specialChar);
    }
}

```

Output :

```

Number of vowels : 10
Number of consonants : 17
Number of special characters : 1

```

## 5. WAP to implement Anagram Checking least inbuilt methods being used.

Question\_05.java

```

// WAP to implement Anagram Checking least inbuilt methods
being used

import java.util.Arrays;

class Question_05 {

    static char[] stringToArray(String str) {
        str = str.toLowerCase();
        char[] ch = new char[str.length()];
        for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
            ch[i] = str.charAt(i);
        }
        return ch;
    }

    static boolean areAnagram(char[] str1, char[] str2) {
        int n1 = str1.length;
        int n2 = str2.length;
        if (n1 != n2) return false;
        Arrays.sort(str1);
        Arrays.sort(str2);
        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
            if (str1[i] != str2[i]) {
                return false;
            }
        }
        return true;
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        String s1 = "silent";

```

```

String s2 = "listen";
char str1[] = stringToArray(s1);
char str2[] = stringToArray(s2);
if (areAnagram(str1, str2)) System.out.println(
    "The two strings are" + " anagram of each other"
); else System.out.println(
    "The two strings are not" + " anagram of each other"
);
}
}

```

Output :

The two strings are anagram of each other

## 6. WAP to implement Pangram Checking with least inbuilt methods being used.

Question\_06.java

```

// WAP to implement Pangram Checking with least inbuilt
methods being used
public class Question_06 {
    static int size = 26;
    static boolean isLetter(char ch) {
        if (!Character.isLetter(ch)) return false;
        return true;
    }
    static boolean containsAllLetters(String str, int len) {
        str = str.toLowerCase();
        boolean[] present = new boolean[size];
        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
            if (isLetter(str.charAt(i))) {
                int letter = str.charAt(i) - 'a';
                present[letter] = true;
            }
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            if (!present[i]) return false;
        }
        return true;
    }
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        String str = "Abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz";
        int len = str.length();
        if (containsAllLetters(str, len)) System.out.println(
            "The given string is a pangram string."
        ); else System.out.println("The given string is not a
pangram string.");
    }
}

```

```
}
```

Output :

The given string is a pangram string.

## 7. WAP to find if String contains all unique characters.

Question\_07.java

```
// 7. WAP to find if String contains all unique characters.

class Question_07 {

    boolean uniqueCharacters(String str) {
        for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) for (
            int j = i + 1;
            j < str.length();
            j++)
            if (str.charAt(i) == str.charAt(j)) return false;
        return true;
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Question_07 obj = new Question_07();
        String input = "Rahul";

        if (obj.uniqueCharacters(input)) System.out.println(
            "The String " + input + " has all unique characters"
        ); else System.out.println(
            "The String " + input + " has duplicate characters"
        );
    }
}
```

Output :

The String Rahul has all unique characters

## 8. WAP to find the maximum occurring character in a String

Question\_08.java

```
// 8. WAP to find the maximum occurring character in a String

public class Question_08 {

    static final int ASCII_SIZE = 256;
```

```
static char getMaxOccurringChar(String str) {
    int count[] = new int[ASCII_SIZE];
    int len = str.length();
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) count[str.charAt(i)]++;

    int max = -1;
    char result = ' ';
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
        if (max < count[str.charAt(i)]) {
            max = count[str.charAt(i)];
            result = str.charAt(i);
        }
    }

    return result;
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "Rahul Dutta";
    System.out.println(
        "Max occurring character is " + getMaxOccurringChar(str)
    );
}
```

Output :

Max occurring character is a