# Pizza Sales

# Data

(Dashboard creation in Microsoft Excel and verification of the dashboard using queries in Microsoft SQL Server)

## **Problem Statement**

As a data analyst, I have been tasked with creating a comprehensive pizza sales dashboard to provide actionable insights and improve decision-making for a pizza company. The company's management recognizes the need to leverage data-driven strategies to optimize sales performance and enhance customer satisfaction. The goal is to develop a user-friendly and visually appealing pizza sales dashboard .By leveraging data visualization techniques, the dashboard will enable stakeholders to track sales performance, identify popular pizza flavours and toppings, analyse customer preferences and identify opportunities for growth and improvement.

## KPI requirement

We need to analyse key indicators for our pizza sales data to gain insights into our business performance.

Specifically we want to calculate the following metrics:-

- **1.** <u>Total revenue</u>: sum of total price of all the pizza orders
- 2. <u>Average Order value</u>: average amount spent per order, calculated by dividing the total revenue by the total number of orders
- 3. Total pizzas sold: sum of the quantities of all the pizza sold
- **4.** <u>Total orders</u>: total number of orders placed
- **5.** <u>Average pizzas per order</u>: average number of pizzas sold per order, calculated by dividing the total number of pizzas sold by the total number of orders

# **Charts requirement**

We would like to visualize various aspects of our pizza sales data to gain insights and understand key trends.

We have identified the following requirements for creating charts:-

- **1.** <u>Daily trend for total orders</u>: created a bar chart that displays the daily trend of total orders over a specific time period. This chart will help us identify any fluctuations in order volumes on a daily basis.
- 2. <u>Hourly trend for total orders</u>: created a line chart that displays the hourly trend of total orders throughout the day. This chart will allow us to identify peak hours or periods of high order activity.
- **3.** <u>Percentage of sales by pizza category</u>: created a doughnut chart that shows the distribution of sales across different pizza categories which provides an insight into the popularity of various pizza categories and their contribution to overall sales.
- **4.** Percentage of sales by pizza size: generated a pie chart that represents the percentage of sales by different pizza sizes which helps to understand customer preferences for pizza sizes and their impact on sales.
- **5.** Total pizzas sold by pizza category: created a funnel chart that represents the total number of pizzas sold for each pizza category. This chart will allow us to compare the sales performance of different pizza categories.
- **6.** Top 5 best sellers by total pizzas sold: Generated a stacked bar chart highlighting the top 5 best selling pizzas based on the total number of pizzas sold which identified the most popular pizza options.
- 7. Bottom 5 worst sellers by total pizzas sold: Generated a bar chart showing the bottom 5 worst selling pizzas based on the total number of pizzas sold which identified the less popular pizza options.

<u>PIZZA</u> <u>SALES</u>

Total Revenue

**Total Orders** 

Total Pizza sold

Average Order Value

Average pizza per order

\$8,17,860

21350

49574

\$38.31

2.32

**Busiest Days and Times** 

#### DAYS

Orders are highest on Friday and Saturday

#### TIMES

Maximum orders are placed from 12pm-1pm and 4pm-7pm





Sales by Category & Size

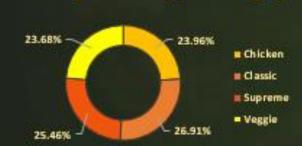
#### CATEGORY

Classic category contributes to maximum sales (26.91%)

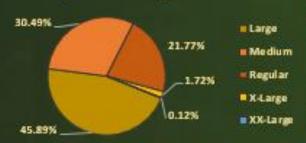
#### SIZE

Large pizza size contributes to maximum sales(45.89%)











Total pizza sold by pizza category

Veggle 11649 Chicken 11050

**Best and Worst sellers** 

#### **Best ones**

The Classic Delux and The Barbeque Chicken are the bestsellers and revenue

#### Worst ones

The Brie Carre Pizza is at the bottom in both orders and revenue

#### Top 5 best selling pizza



#### Bottom 5 worst selling pizza





# **Problem statement**

As a data analyst, my objective is to verify the accuracy and integrity of the pizza sales dashboard that I have made for the pizza company using SQL queries. It is crucial to ensure that the data is reliable and trustworthy to support informed decision-making and analysis. However, there are concerns regarding potential data inconsistencies, errors, or discrepancies within the database that may impact the validity of the sales data. I will import the pizza sales dataset in Microsoft SQL Server and verify the values are correct or not so that the user should only get the correct insights.

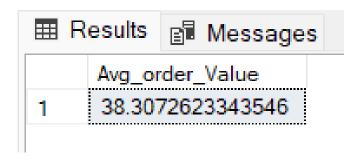
## 1. What is the Total Revenue generated?

**SELECT SUM**(total price) AS Total\_Revenue FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales;

| ⊞ F | Results 🗐 Messages |  |
|-----|--------------------|--|
|     | Total_Revenue      |  |
| 1   | 817860.05083847    |  |
|     |                    |  |

## 2. What is the Average Order Value?

SELECT (SUM(total\_price) / COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id)) AS Avg\_order\_Value FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales;



### 3. What is the Total number of Pizzas Sold?

SELECT SUM(quantity) AS Total\_pizza\_sold FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales;

| ⊞ F | Results 🖺 Messages |  |  |
|-----|--------------------|--|--|
|     | Total_pizza_sold   |  |  |
| 1   | 49574              |  |  |
|     |                    |  |  |

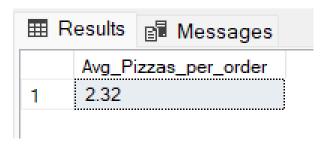
## 4. What are the Total number Orders placed?

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS Total\_Orders FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales;



### 5. What is the Average number of Pizzas Per Order?

SELECT CAST(CAST(SUM(quantity) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) / CAST(COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS Avg\_Pizzas\_per\_order FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales;



## **6. Daily Trend for Total Orders**

SELECT DATENAME(DW, order\_date) AS order\_day, COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS total\_orders FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales
GROUP BY DATENAME(DW, order\_date);

| ■ Results |           |              |  |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|--|
|           | order_day | total_orders |  |
| 1         | Saturday  | 3158         |  |
| 2         | Wednesday | 3024         |  |
| 3         | Monday    | 2794         |  |
| 4         | Sunday    | 2624         |  |
| 5         | Friday    | 3538         |  |
| 6         | Thursday  | 3239         |  |
| 7         | Tuesday   | 2973         |  |

### 7. Hourly Trend for Orders

SELECT DATEPART(HOUR, order\_time) as order\_hours, COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) as total\_orders FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales

GROUP BY DATEPART(HOUR, order\_time) ORDER BY DATEPART(HOUR, order\_time);

| ⊞ Results |             |              |  |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|--|
|           | order_hours | total_orders |  |
| 1         | 9           | 1            |  |
| 2         | 10          | 8            |  |
| 3         | 11          | 1231         |  |
| 4         | 12          | 2520         |  |
| 5         | 13          | 2455         |  |
| 6         | 14          | 1472         |  |
| 7         | 15          | 1468         |  |
| 8         | 16          | 1920         |  |
| 9         | 17          | 2336         |  |
| 10        | 18          | 2399         |  |
| 11        | 19          | 2009         |  |
| 12        | 20          | 1642         |  |
| 13        | 21          | 1198         |  |
| 14        | 22          | 663          |  |
| 15        | 23          | 28           |  |

### 8. What is the total percentage of Sales by Pizza Category?

SELECT pizza\_category, CAST(SUM(total\_price) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) as total\_revenue, CAST(SUM(total\_price) \* 100 / (SELECT SUM(total\_price) from pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS PCT

FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_category;

| ⊞ Results |                |               |       |
|-----------|----------------|---------------|-------|
|           | pizza_category | total_revenue | PCT   |
| 1         | Classic        | 220053.10     | 26.91 |
| 2         | Chicken        | 195919.50     | 23.96 |
| 3         | Veggie         | 193690.45     | 23.68 |
| 4         | Supreme        | 208197.00     | 25.46 |

### 9. What is the total percentage of Sales by Pizza Size?

SELECT pizza\_size, CAST(SUM(total\_price) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) as total\_revenue,

CAST(SUM(total\_price) \* 100 / (SELECT SUM(total\_price) from pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales) AS DECIMAL(10,2))

AS PCT FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales

GROUP BY pizza\_size ORDER BY pizza\_size;

| ■ Results |            |               |       |
|-----------|------------|---------------|-------|
|           | pizza_size | total_revenue | PCT   |
| 1         | L          | 375318.70     | 45.89 |
| 2         | М          | 249382.25     | 30.49 |
| 3         | S          | 178076.50     | 21.77 |
| 4         | XL         | 14076.00      | 1.72  |
| 5         | XXL        | 1006.60       | 0.12  |

## 10. What is the Total number of Pizzas Sold by Pizza Category?

SELECT pizza\_category, SUM(quantity) as Total\_Quantity\_Sold FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales
WHERE MONTH(order\_date) = 2
GROUP BY pizza\_category ORDER BY Total\_Quantity\_Sold DESC;

| ■ Results |                |                     |  |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------|--|
|           | pizza_category | Total_Quantity_Sold |  |
| 1         | Classic        | 14888               |  |
| 2         | Supreme        | 11987               |  |
| 3         | Veggie         | 11649               |  |
| 4         | Chicken        | 11050               |  |
| 4         | OHICKEH        | 11030               |  |

## 11. Top 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizzas Sold

SELECT Top 5 pizza\_name, SUM(quantity) AS Total\_Pizza\_Sold FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY Total\_Pizza\_Sold DESC;

|   | pizza_name                 | Total_Pizza_Sold |
|---|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   | 2453             |
| 2 | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 2432             |
| 3 | The Hawaiian Pizza         | 2422             |
| 4 | The Pepperoni Pizza        | 2418             |
| 5 | The Thai Chicken Pizza     | 2371             |

## 12. Bottom 5 Worst Sellers by Total Pizzas Sold

SELECT TOP 5 pizza\_name, SUM(quantity) AS Total\_Pizza\_Sold FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY Total\_Pizza\_Sold ASC;

| ■ Results |                           |                  |  |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------------|--|
|           | pizza_name                | Total_Pizza_Sold |  |
| 1         | The Brie Carre Pizza      | 490              |  |
| 2         | The Mediterranean Pizza   | 934              |  |
| 3         | The Calabrese Pizza       | 937              |  |
| 4         | The Spinach Supreme Pizza | 950              |  |
| 5         | The Soppressata Pizza     | 961              |  |

#### **NOTE:**

If you want to apply the Month, Quarter, Week filters to the above queries you can use WHERE

clause. Follow some of below examples

```
SELECT DATENAME(DW, order_date) AS order_day, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_orders
FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza_sales
WHERE MONTH(order_date) = 1
GROUP BY DATENAME(DW, order_date)
```

\*Here MONTH(order\_date) = 1 indicates that the output is for the month of January. MONTH(order\_date) = 4 indicates output for Month of April.

```
SELECT DATENAME(DW, order_date) AS order_day, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_orders
FROM pizzadb.dbo.pizza_sales
WHERE DATEPART(QUARTER, order_date) = 1
GROUP BY DATENAME(DW, order_date)
```

\*Here DATEPART(QUARTER, order\_date) = 1 indicates that the output is for the Quarter 1. MONTH(order\_date) = 3 indicates output for Quarter 3.