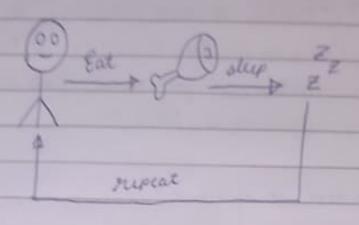
INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING-



Eudus

· Petting Cour, dogs Goats Horse

OTT OTT Suppose there are 5 goals, they didn't

· FIRST NUMBER SYSTEM & TALLY system

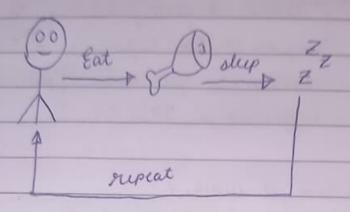
0-> 011

Eustue

EGYPTS 15T to duelop BASE 60 INDIAS dueloped BASEIO

· Suppose there are 500 goats then a new system was needed Therefore COUINTIINO system was made

INTRODUCTION TO IPIRO GIRAMMING



Eudu

· Petting Com, dogs, Goats Horn

OTT OTT Suppose there are 5 goats, they didn't

· FIRST NUMBER SYSTEM & TAILLY system

0 → 0 1 0 → 1 0 1 lost 0 → 0 1 0 → 1 0 1 lost

0-+ 011

EGYPT8 15T to duelop BASE 60 Endue. INDIA8 developed BASE 10

uses needed Therefore COVINTIIIN Or sightin was made

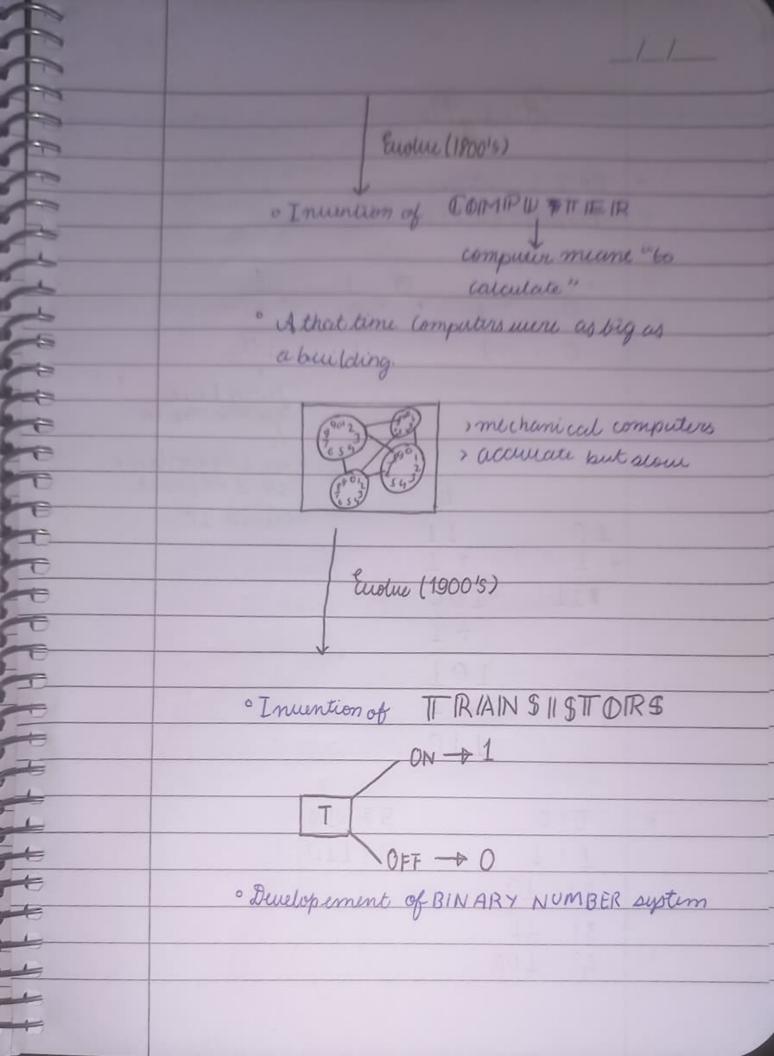
DE CIMAL 8 {0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,93 > why does BASE 10 famous 2 "Humans are quite familiar with number 10. Ex. 10 bingers, 10 toes · Arithmatic aperations was cary & efficient in BASE-10 > How did it worked? 8+5 = oue go to 8 · 5 step from 8 repeating loop o so result is _ 3. o as me cooped I time therefore rult will be

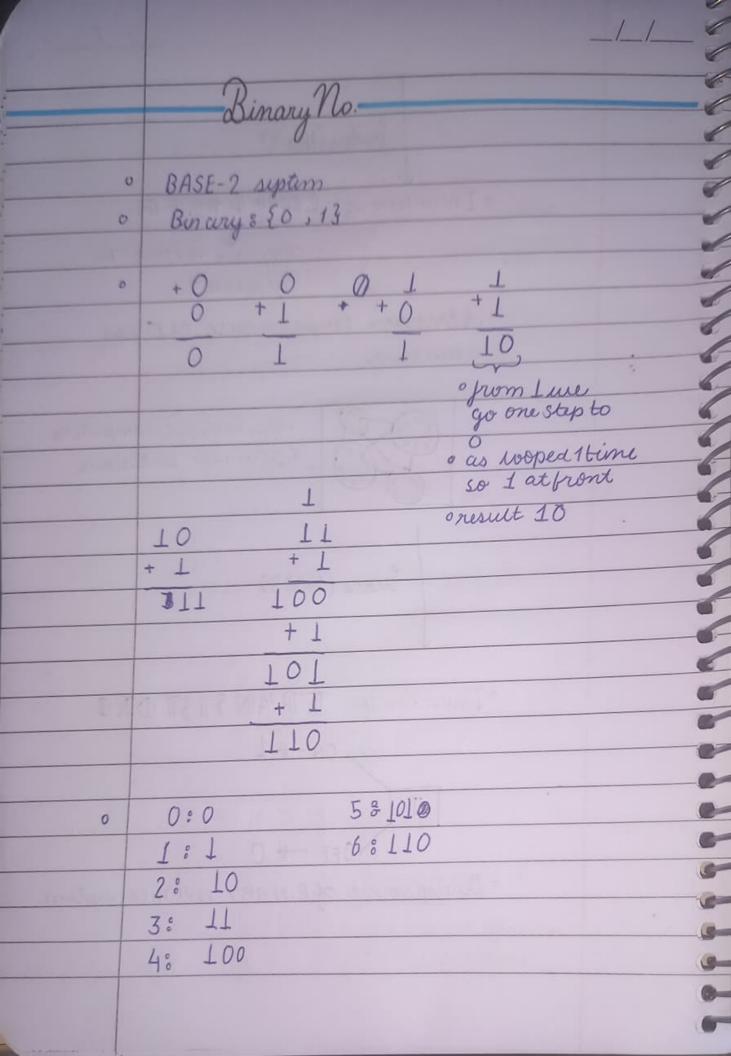
Eudue

[500 PAGES]

IMPORT EXPORT

100 100 chances of error in calculation
200 150 cult needed efficient
300 300 une needed efficient
300 8 Fast calculations.





How to do conversion?

	10000	2000			Ostalad	22 N	
	1)	(3	1	R	
	2	1	2	7	1		I
	2	T	13	3/	1		
Ī	2	1	6	1	B	1	
1	2		3		0	1	
T	2	1			1	1	
		C	1	1	1		

reverse order

(27)10=(11011)2

_	-	_		
	D	Q	R	
	2	43	X	
	2	21		AM Year
	2	10	1	(43)10 = (101011)2
	2	5	0	
	2	2	1	
	2	1	0	ALEST LIGHT LOT
		_	1	

4	_			
	D	Q	R	
	10	278	X	
	10	27	8	A (278)10 = (278)10
	10	2	7	↓
		0	2	2×102+7×10+8×100

	ID	10	IR	
	8	23	X	1
1	8	2	7	
1		0	2	

(23)10 = (27)8

$$(27)_8 = 7 \times 8^\circ + 2 \times 8^\circ$$

$$= 7 + 16$$

$$= 23$$

Kenadecimal

BASE-16 System

> Huma & {D, 1, 2, 3, 4,5,6,7,8,9, A,B,C,D,E,F3

o we are not using numbers after 9, so that there ar unique characters & there is no confusion between characters.

16	11	X	
	0	1 ⇒ B	(B)16= B×16°
D	Q	R->H	= 11×16°

$$AC2 = 2 \times 16^{\circ} + 4 \times 16^{1} + A \times 16^{2}$$

= $2 \times 18 + 12 \times 16 + 10 \times 256$
= $2 + 192 + 2560 = 2754$

Computer System.

				BIN	1 13	
T	0 _02	1	1	SI	11-12	
-	7 52	_	1	_02	11-12	
	3 -52	1	1	M	0 52	
	1 -25	-	1-	n	1 12	
6	_52		-	m	0_02	
8	~~ ~~	b 1				
9	T2	1	M	car	r use bin	ary

but it was confusing.

	//_
0	use of TRANSIISTORS
	ALGO OF THE STATE
•	I-TI
8	
9	
-	10 100 maintant 100 1 0 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
2	so 10 transistors can have 2' different orientations
7	
3	Moorandan
7	-Mooray Law
7	
	Everyturoyar capacitive of transistor
3	doubles
	☐ 2-Yrs ☐ 2-Yrs ☐ ☐ 2-Yrs ☐ ☐
D	
9	1MB 2MB 4MB 8MB
3	
	Computer Machine Language
3	Computer Machine Language (0's & 1's)
3	7 T 105 & 157
4	
3	
3	

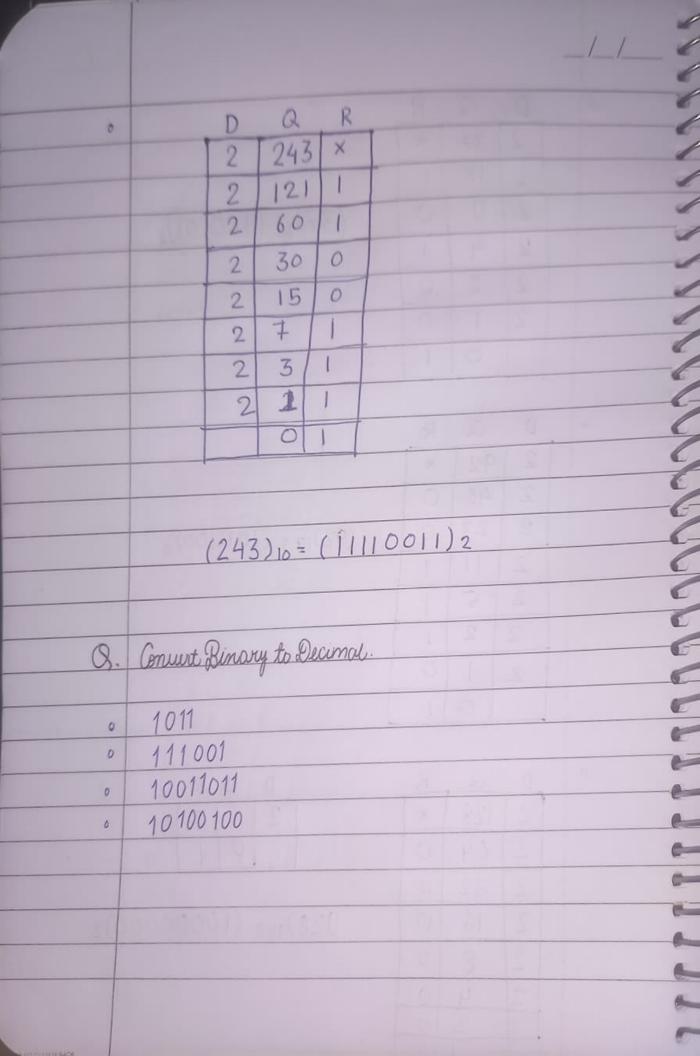
五年 ラララララ

	GUDDU BHAIYA	BABLU BHAIYA
	sum of 100 natura	c o sum of 100 numbers
	0 1+2+3+4++100	$n \times (n+1)$
	= 5050	= 100× (100+1)
-	20min	2
		= 5050
	oslow, inefficient,	105
	inaccurate method.	Programme and a first in
-		o fast solving of problem
		Just sound of p
1		
1		

Homework-

Concert Decimal to vinary?

		//_
0	DQR	
	2 37 ×	
	2 18 1	
	290	$(37)_{25} = (100101)_2$
	2 4 1	
	2 2 0	
	2 1 0	
	01	
		1 3. 10
0	DQR	
	2 92 ×	
	2 46 0	
	2 23 0	$(92)_{10} = (1011100)_2$
	2 11 1	
	2 5 1	
	2 2 1	much francis Roman (1981)
	2 1 0	
	01	YI NI I I I
0	DQR	D & R
	2 128 ×	2 1 0
	2 64 0	
	2 32 0	
	2 16 0	$(128)_{10} = (10000000)_2$
	2 8 0	
	2 4 0	
	2 2 0	



1_1_

1011

- = 8x1+4x0+2x1+1x1
- = 8+0+2+1
- = 11

0 111001

- = 32x1+16x1+8x1+1x1
- = 32+16+8+1
- = 57

0 10011011

- = 128+16+8+2+1
- = 155

- = 27x1 + 25x1+22x1
- = 128 + 32 + 4
- 164

	D	Q	. 1	?
	8	928	X	
	8	116	0	1
1	8	14	4	1
	8		6	
		0	1	

(928) 10= (1640)8

0

0

 $(1243)_{10} = (2333)_8$

B. Convert Octal to Decimal 41 207 124 311 $=4 \times 8^{1} + 1 \times 8^{\circ}$ =4x8+1= 32+1 = 33 207 = 2 × 82 + 7×8° = 2 x 64 + 7 = 128 +7 = 135 124 = 1 x82 + 2 x81 + 4 x 8° = 1x64+2x8+4x1 = 64+16+4 = 84

& Convert Decimal to Henadecimal.

0

	D	<u>S</u>	R	
	16	317	X	
	16	19	D	
	16	1	3	
		. 0	1/	

$$(317)_{10} = (13D)_{16}$$

0 (14)10 = (E)16 R (3 0 845 52 D 16 4 16 3 (845)10= (34D)16 Convert Huadicimal to Decimal 49 Ô AE2F D97

A11

= A x 162 + 1x 161 + 1x 16"

= 10x 256 + 16+1

= 2560 + 16 + 1

= 2577

0 49

= 4x161 + 9x16°

 $= 4 \times 16 + 9$

= 64+9

= 73

O A E 2 F

= Ax163 + Ex162 + 2x16' + Fx16°

= 10×163+14×256+2×16+15

= 40960 + 3584 + 32 + 15

= 44591

° D97

= $D \times 16^2 + 9 \times 16' + 7 \times 16^\circ$

= 13x 256 + 9x 16 + 7

= 3328 + 144 +7

= 3479