

Q.3) Using the bilinear Transformation design a HPF monohrnic in passband with Cut off freq. at 1000 Hz & denon 10dB at 350 Hz. The sampling freq is 5000 Hz. Implement using basic building blocks. show the derivation for this filter. Demonstrate the filter's output for 5 different frequencies ranging from 100 Hz to 10000 Hz. Choose the freq. smartly.

Ans) Given :-

$$\text{Pass band attenuation} = \alpha_p = 3 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Stopband attenuation} = \alpha_s = 10 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Sampling freq} = f_{\text{samp}} = 5000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\therefore T_s = \frac{1}{5000} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ sec.}$$

$$f_p = \text{Passband freq} = 1000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f_s = \text{Stopband freq} = 350 \text{ Hz}$$

$\therefore$  The prewarping digital frequencies

$$\therefore \omega_p = \frac{2}{T} \tan \frac{\omega_p T_s}{2}$$

$$\therefore \omega_p = \frac{2}{2 \times 10^{-4}} \tan \left[ \frac{2\pi f_p T_s}{2} \right]$$

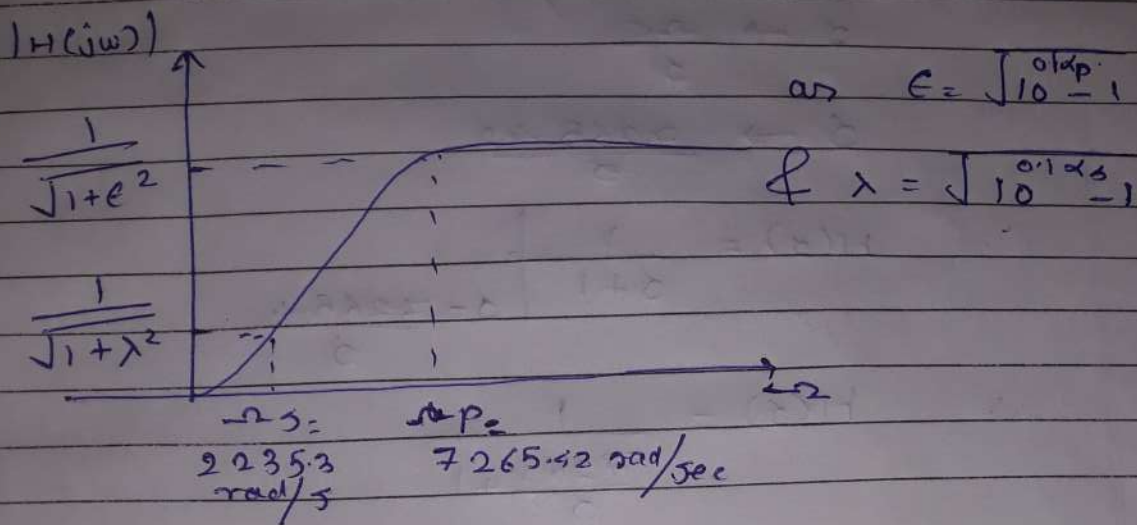
$$= 10^4 \tan \left[ \frac{\pi \times 1000 \times 2 \times 10^{-4}}{5000} \right]$$

$$= 10^4 \tan[0.2\pi] = 7265.42 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$1. \omega_s = \frac{2}{T} \tan \left[ \frac{\omega_s T_{\text{samp}}}{2} \right]$$

$$\therefore \omega_s = \frac{2}{T} \tan \left[ \frac{2\pi f_s T_{\text{samp}}}{2} \right]$$

$$\omega_s = 10^4 \tan(0.07\pi) = 2235.3 \text{ rad/s}$$



$\therefore$  The order of filter

$$N \geq \therefore \epsilon = \sqrt{10^{0.1A_p} - 1} = 1$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{10^{0.1A_s} - 1} = 3$$

$$\therefore N \geq \frac{\log(\lambda/\epsilon)}{\log(\omega_p/\omega_s)}$$

$$N \geq \frac{\log(3)}{\log\left(\frac{7265.42}{2235.3}\right)} = 0.932$$

$$\therefore N \approx 1$$

$\therefore$  The 1st order butterworth filter for  $\omega_c = 1 \text{ rad/sec}$

$$\therefore H(s) = \frac{1}{s+1}$$



∴ Highpass filter for  $\omega_c = \omega_p = 7265.42$  rad/s  
Can be obtained by transformation

$$s \rightarrow \frac{\omega_c}{s}$$

$$\therefore s \rightarrow \frac{7265.42}{s}$$

$$\therefore H(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} \quad \Bigg| \quad s = \frac{7265.4}{s}$$

$$\therefore H(s) = \frac{1}{\frac{7265}{s} + 1}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s + 7265}$$

Analog to digital transformation - using bilinear transformation

$$s \rightarrow \frac{2}{T} \left[ \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \right]$$

$$\therefore s \rightarrow 10^4 \left[ \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \right]$$

$$\therefore H(z) = \frac{s}{s + 7265} \quad \Bigg| \quad 10^4 \left[ \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \right] = s$$

$$= 10000 \left[ \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \right]$$

$$\frac{10000 \left[ \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \right]}{10000 \left[ \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \right] + 7265}$$

$$= \frac{0.5792(1 - z^{-1})}{1 - 0.1584z^{-1}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{0.5792 - 0.5792z^{-1}}{1 - 0.1584z^{-1}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{0.5792 - 0.5792z^{-1}}{1 - 0.1584z^{-1}}$$

$$\therefore Y(z) [1 - 0.1584z^{-1}] = X(z) [0.5792 - 0.5792z^{-1}]$$

$$\therefore Y(z) = X(z) 0.5792 - X(z) 0.5792z^{-1} + 0.1584z^{-1}Y(z)$$

Taking IZT

$$\therefore Y(n) = x(n)(0.5792) - x(n-1)0.5792 + y(n-1)0.1584$$

$$\therefore y(n) = 0.5792 x(n) - 0.5792 x(n-1) + 0.1584 y(n-1)$$

$$v(n) = 0.5792 x(n) - 0.5792 x(n-1)$$

$$\therefore y(n) = v(n) + 0.1584 y(n-1)$$

Direct realization

