

(1)

CS513 : KDD

08/Feb/2022

Home Work 1

HW 1.1

Solution :- $P(J) = 20\% = 0.2$

J: Jenny

 $P(S) = 30\% = 0.3$

S: Susan

 $P(J \cap S) = 8\% = 0.08$

$$(a) P(J/S) = \frac{P(J \cap S)}{P(S)} = \frac{0.08}{0.3} = 0.267$$

So, 26.7%.

$$(b) P(J/\bar{S}) = \frac{P(J \cap \bar{S})}{P(\bar{S})} = \frac{P(J) - P(J \cap S)}{P(\bar{S})}$$

$$= \frac{0.20 - 0.08}{1 - 0.30} = \frac{0.12}{0.70} \approx 0.17$$

So, 17%.

$$(c) P((J \cap S)/(J \cup S)) = \frac{P((J \cap S) \cap (J \cap S))}{P(J \cup S)}$$

$$= \frac{P(J \cap S)}{P(J \cup S)} = \frac{0.08}{0.08}$$

$$= \frac{P(J \cap S)}{P(J) + P(S) - P(J \cap S)}$$

$$= \frac{0.08}{0.20 + 0.30 - 0.08} = \frac{0.08}{0.42} = 0.19$$

So 19%.

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HW 1.2

Solution :-

$$P(H) = 80\% = 0.80$$

H: Harold

$$P(S) = 90\% = 0.90$$

S: Sharon

$$P(H \cup S) = 91\% = 0.91$$

So,

$$\begin{aligned} P(H \cap S) &= P(H) + P(S) - P(H \cup S) \\ &= 0.80 + 0.90 - 0.91 \\ &= 0.79 \quad \text{or } 79\% \end{aligned}$$

(a) Prob. that only Harold gets a "B" is 1%.

$$\begin{aligned} P(H \text{ only}) &= P(H) - P(H \cap S) \\ &= 0.80 - 0.79 \\ &= 0.01 \quad \text{or } 1\% \end{aligned}$$

(b) Prob. that only Sharon gets a "B" is 11%.

$$\begin{aligned} P(S \text{ only}) &= P(S) - P(H \cap S) \\ &= 0.90 - 0.79 \\ &= 0.11 \quad \text{or } 11\% \end{aligned}$$

(c) Prob. that Harold & Sharon don't get "B" is 9%.

$$\begin{aligned} P(H, S \neq B) &= P(\overline{H \cup S}) = 1 - P(H \cup S) \\ &= 1 - 0.91 \\ &= 0.09 \quad \text{or } 9\% \end{aligned}$$

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HW 1.3

Solution: $P(J) = 20\% = 0.20$

$J = \text{Jenny}$

$P(S) = 0.30$

$S = \text{Susan}$

$P(J \cap S) = 8\% = 0.08$

Assume, The events "Jenny is at the bank" and "Susan is at the bank" are independent. So, then

$$P(J) \times P(S) = P(J \cap S)$$

$$\text{So } 0.20 \times 0.30 \neq 0.08.$$

Since the events individual parameter products are not equal to the intersection $P(J \cap S)$, thus proved that these two events are not independent.

④

HW 1.4

Solution:

(a) For the events to be independent

$$P(\text{Second die} = 5 \text{ \& Sum} = 6) = P(\text{Second die} = 5) \times P(\text{Sum} = 6)$$

But,

$$\frac{5}{36} \times \frac{6}{36} \neq \frac{1}{36}$$

So the Events "the Sum is 6" and "the Second die shows 5" are not independent.

(b) For the events to be independent

$$P(\text{First die} = 5 \text{ \& Sum} = 7) = P(\text{First die} = 5) \times P(\text{Sum} = 7)$$

$$\frac{1}{36} = \frac{6}{36} \times \frac{6}{36}$$

$$\frac{1}{36} = \frac{1}{36}$$

So, the two events "First die shows 5" & "Sum is 7" are independent events.

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HW 1.5

Solution: $P(Tx) = 0.60$ Tx - Texers $P(NJ) = 0.10 = 0.10$ NJ $P(AK) = 0.30$ $P(Tx \text{ oil}) = 0.30$ $P(AK \text{ oil}) = 0.20$ $P(NJ \text{ oil}) = 0.10$

$$(1.) P(\text{Finding oil}) = P(Tx \text{ oil}) \times P(Tx) + P(AK \text{ oil}) \times P(AK) + P(NJ \text{ oil}) \times P(NJ)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{oil}) &= (0.30 \times 0.60) + (0.20 \times 0.30) + (0.10 \times 0.10) \\ &= 0.18 + 0.06 + 0.01 \\ &= 0.25 \quad \text{or } 25\% \end{aligned}$$

$$(2.) P(Tx / \text{oil}) = \frac{P(Tx \cap \text{oil})}{P(\text{oil})}$$

$$= \frac{0.30 \times 0.60}{0.25}$$

$$= \frac{0.18}{0.25} = 0.72 \quad \text{or } 72\%$$

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HW 1.6

Solution: No. of Survived = 711

No. of Not Survived = 1490

Total = 2201

$$(1.) P(\text{Not Survived}) = \frac{1490}{2201} = 0.676965 \approx 0.677$$

or 67.7%.

$$(2.) P(\text{Passenger: First Class}) = \frac{325}{2201} = 0.148$$

or 14.8%.

$$(3.) P(\text{First class / Survived}) = \frac{P(\text{First class} \cap \text{Survived})}{P(\text{Survived})}$$
$$= \frac{203}{711} = 0.285513$$

or 28.5%.

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(4.) For the events "Survived" & "First class" to be independent

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{LHS} \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{RHS} \\ & P(\text{Survived}) \times P(\text{First class}) = P(\text{Survived} \cap \text{First class}) \\ \Rightarrow \text{LHS is} & \\ & (1 - 0.677) \times (0.148) \\ & 0.323 \times 0.148 \\ & 0.0478 \text{ or } 4.78\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{RHS} = \frac{203}{2201} = 0.0922 \text{ or } 9.22\%$$

Since LHS \neq RHS.

\Rightarrow So these two events are not independent

$$(5.) P\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Passenger} \\ \text{First class} \\ \text{child} \end{array} \middle| \text{Survived}\right) = \frac{P(\text{First class} \cap \text{child} \cap \text{Survived})}{P(\text{Survived})}$$

$$= \frac{6}{711} = 0.00848 \text{ or } 0.84\%$$

$$(6.) P(\text{Adult} \mid \text{Survived}) = \frac{P(\text{Adult} \cap \text{Survived})}{P(\text{Survived})}$$

$$= \frac{654}{711} = 0.91985 \text{ or } 91.98\%$$

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7). The condition is checked for

① Adult, First class } given Survived

② Child, First class

$$(A) P(\text{Adult} \cap \text{First class}) = \frac{197}{711} = 0.2770$$

given Survived

$$P(\text{Adult}) * P(\text{First class}) = \frac{654}{711} * \frac{203}{711}$$
$$= 0.9198 * 0.2855$$
$$= 0.2626$$

Since

$$P(\text{Adult} \cap \text{First class}) \neq P(\text{Adult}) * P(\text{First class})$$

So the two events are not independent.
given Survived.

$$(B) P(\text{Child} \cap \text{First class}) = \frac{6}{711} = 0.0084$$

given Survived

$$P(\text{Child}) * P(\text{First class}) = \frac{57}{711} * \frac{203}{711}$$
$$= 0.0801 * 0.2855$$
$$= 0.0228$$

Since, $P(\text{Child} \cap \text{First class}) \neq P(\text{Child}) * P(\text{First class})$
So the two events are not independent
given Survived.