

Git & GitHub Roadmap

1. Basics of Version Control Systems (VCS)

Goal: Understand *why* version control is important.

- **Topics to Cover:**

- What is Version Control?
 - Benefits of Version Control (tracking changes, collaboration, rollback)
 - Centralized vs. Distributed Version Control Systems
 - Introduction to Git (a distributed VCS)
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2. Setting Up Git

Goal: Install Git and configure basic settings.

- **Steps:**

1. **Install Git:**

- [Download Git](#) and install it on your machine.

Initial Configuration:

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"  
git config --global user.email "youremail@example.com"  
git config --global init.defaultBranch main # Set 'main' as default branch
```

2. **Check Configurations:**

```
git config --list
```

3. Basic Git Commands

Goal: Learn how to create repositories, track files, and commit changes.

- **Topics & Commands:**

Initialize a Git Repository:

```
git init
```

Check the Repository Status:

```
git status
```

Adding Files to Staging Area:

```
git add <filename>      # Add a specific file
```

```
git add .                # Add all files
```

Committing Changes:

```
git commit -m "Your commit message"
```

Viewing Commit History:

```
git log
```

```
git log --oneline      # Compact view
```

4. Understanding the Git Workflow

Goal: Grasp the basic Git workflow: *Working Directory* → *Staging Area* → *Repository*.

- **Topics:**

- Working Directory vs. Staging Area vs. Local Repository
- The Lifecycle of a File in Git
- Modifying, Staging, and Committing

Visualize this for students:

[Working Directory] --(git add)--> [Staging Area] --(git commit)--> [Local Repository]

5. Working with GitHub

Goal: Learn how to link local repositories to remote repositories on GitHub.

- **Steps:**
 1. **Create a GitHub Account:** [Sign up here](#).
 2. **Create a Remote Repository on GitHub:**
 - Go to GitHub → New Repository → Name it → Create.

Link Local Repo to GitHub:

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/yourusername/your-repo.git  
git push -u origin main
```

Pushing Changes:

```
git push
```

6. Cloning and Pulling Repositories

Goal: Learn how to work with existing repositories.

- **Commands:**

Cloning a Repository:

```
git clone https://github.com/username/repo.git
```

Pulling Changes from Remote:

```
git pull origin main
```

7. Branching and Merging (Important for Teaching!)

Goal: Understand how to create branches and merge them. This is essential for collaborative development.

- **Topics & Commands:**

Create a New Branch:

`git branch new-feature`

Switch Between Branches:

`git checkout new-feature`

or in one step:

`git checkout -b new-feature`

Merge Branches:

`git checkout main`

`git merge new-feature`

Delete a Branch (after merging):

`git branch -d new-feature`

8. Handling Merge Conflicts

Goal: Learn to handle conflicts when merging branches.

9. Working with .gitignore

Goal: Learn to ignore files that shouldn't be tracked by Git.

10. Undoing Changes

Goal: Learn how to undo mistakes and revert to previous versions.

Undo Changes in Working Directory:

`git checkout -- <file> # Discard changes in a file`

Unstage Files:

`git reset HEAD <file> # Remove from staging area`

Amend the Last Commit:

`git commit --amend`

Revert a Commit (without rewriting history):

`git revert <commit-hash>`

11. Collaborating on GitHub (Fork, Pull Requests, Issues)

Goal: Learn to contribute to open-source projects.

- **Topics:**

1. **Forking Repositories:**

- Fork a repo on GitHub to create a copy in your account.

2. **Creating Pull Requests:**

- Push your changes to your forked repo and create a pull request to the original repository.

3. **Using Issues:**

- Report bugs or request features using GitHub Issues.
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12. Advanced Git Concepts

Goal: Dive into more advanced workflows.

Rebasing:

git rebase main

Stashing (Saving Work Temporarily):

git stash

git stash apply

Tagging:

git tag v1.0

git push origin v1.0

Cherry-picking (Apply specific commits):

git cherry-pick <commit-hash>

13. Best Practices

Goal: Develop good habits when using Git.

- **Best Practices:**

- Write clear and concise commit messages.
 - Commit small, logical changes frequently.
 - Use branches for features, bug fixes, and experiments.
 - Always pull the latest changes before starting new work.
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14. Tools & Resources

- **Graphical Interfaces:**

- **GitHub Desktop** (for beginners)
- **GitKraken, Sourcetree**

Visualizing Git History:

`git log --graph --oneline --all`

- - **Learning Platforms:**
 - [Git Documentation](#)
 - [GitHub Learning Lab](#)
 - [Learn Git Branching \(Interactive\)](#)
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