



RV Educational Institutions<sup>®</sup>  
RV College of Engineering<sup>®</sup>

Autonomous  
Institution Affiliated  
to Visvesvaraya  
Technological  
University, Belagavi

Approved by AICTE,  
New Delhi

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Academic year 2022-2023 (OddSem)

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING			
Date	Feb 2023	Maximum Marks	60
Course Code	18EC55	Duration	120 Min
Sem	V Semester	Test-III	
DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING AND MACHINE LEARNING			

Note: Butterworth & Chebyshev tables are permitted

S. No	Questions (PART-A)	M	BT	CO
1	Let pass band frequency is 4KHz, stop band frequency is 5 kHz and sampling frequency = 80 kHz. Obtain the order of the FIR filter using hamming window. <i>319</i>	1	2	2
2	The Bartlett window coefficient $w(3)$ of Type 1 (Symmetric Odd) FIR filter whose slope is 3 given by <i>1</i>	1	2	1
3	Find the order of a Chebyshev-1 filter having following specification. <i>N=5</i> Pass band gain of -2dB at 1rad/sec and stopband attenuation of 20dB at 1.3rad/sec.	1	2	4
4	For a 3rd order low pass Chebyshev-1 filter with pass band of 1.5kHz and attenuation constant $\epsilon=0.65$ . The attenuation of this filter at freq 2kHz is <i>-11.4dB</i>	1	2	1
5	What is the value of Chebyshev-1 polynomial of degree 0? <i>1</i>	1	1	2
6	Obtain the digital filter using Bilinear transformation of $H_a(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 5s + 6}$ $H_a(s)$ is the transfer function of the analog filter. Assume $T=1$ sec.	1	2	2
7	If the impulse response of the asymmetric linear phase FIR filter of length 7 is $h(n) = \{2, -3, 4, x, y, z, p\}$ , then $x = 0$ , $y = -4$ , $z = 3$ and $p = -2$	2	1	2
8	In type-I chebyshev filter, the magnitude response is <i>flat</i> in the passband and <i>ripple</i> in the stopband.	1	1	3
9	What is the minimum number of multiplication and additions are required to implement a linear phase FIR filter with $h(n)=0$ for $n<0$ and $n>63$ <i>mul = 32, 63</i>	1	1	3

S.No	Questions (PART-B)	M	BT	CO
1	It is required to design an FIR band pass filter having a duration $N=7$ . $H_d(w)$ represents the ideal characteristics of the non-causal band pass filter with cut off frequency $w_{c1} = 1$ rad and $w_{c2} = 2$ rad. i) Determine $h_d(n)$ corresponding to $H_d(w)$ . ii) Determine filter coefficients using Hamming window. <i>-0.04, -0.318, -0.165, -0.021, 0.215, 0.265, 0.044</i>	10	3	3
2	Design a 7 tap linear phase FIR filter using Frequency sampling technique with a cut off frequency of $\pi/2$ . Also draw the magnitude and phase response.	10	2	4
3	Determine the impulse response of a FIR filter with reflection co-efficient $k_1=0.6$ , $k_2=0.3$ , $k_3=0.5$ , $k_4=0.9$ . Also the direct form-1 structure. Calculate the number of	10	3	2

$$a_4(3) = 1.23$$

$$a_4(2) = 1.31$$

$$a_4(1) = 1.88$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{N} \left( \frac{N}{2} \right)}$$

$$D = 4$$

$$A = 4$$

$$M = 5$$



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	hard wares used.			
4a	Design & realize a digital low-pass butter worth filter using the bilinear transformation method to satisfy the following characteristics a. monotonic stop band & pass band b. -3.01 dB at cutoff frequency of $0.5\pi$ radians. c. magnitude down at least 15dB at $0.0075\pi$ radians. And realize the filter using Direct form-II structure.	7	4	3
b	Mention the differences between IIR and FIR filters	3	2	1
5a	Design a digital high pass filter using Cheyshev that will meet the following specifications: Maximum pass band attenuation = 2dB Minimum stopband attenuation = 20dB Passand edge frequency = 190rad/s Stopband edge frequency = 100rad/s Sampling rate is 1KHz Use bilinear transformation.	10	3	4

$$\omega = \frac{1}{T} \Rightarrow T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

$$\omega = \pi / f_s \quad \text{Prca}$$

BT-Blooms Taxonomy, CO-Course Outcomes, M-Marks												
Marks Distribution	Particulars		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6
	Test	Max Marks	5	15	19	21	5	18	30	7	-	-

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$$\omega_p = \frac{2}{T} \tan(\omega/2)$$

$\omega_s =$