Grumpy Bookstore Owner – Tumhare Code Ki Full Explanation LeetCode:1052

Necap:

- customers[i]: Customers coming at minute i
- grumpy[i] == 1: Owner is grumpy → customers unhappy w
- grumpy[i] == 0 : Owner is happy → customers happy
- of Goal: Maximize total satisfied customers

Tumhara Approach (Unique & Smart)

"Main dekh raha hoon ki kis window me sabse zyada unsatisfied customers hai, ussi window me trick lagani hai!" 🔍 🖓

Step-by-Step Code Breakdown:

int maxSatisfied(vector<int>& customers, vector<int>& grumpy, int minutes) {

Start of function: customers and grumpy vectors are inputs, and minutes is the duration of the secret technique.

```
int n = customers.size();
int maxidx = 0; // Ø Index to apply the trick
```

```
int sum = 0; // Surrent sum of unsatisfied customers in window int maxsum = INT_MIN; // Max of such sum found so far
```

 We're going to find the window of length minutes where most customers are lost due to grumpiness.

☐ Step 1: Initial Window Calculation

```
for(int i=0; i<minutes; i++){
   sum += customers[i] * grumpy[i]; // 
}</pre>
Only count if owner is grumpy
}
```

- First window from o to minutes-1
- sum contains unsatisfied customers in this window.

```
int i = 1;
maxsum = sum;
int j = i + minutes - 1;
```

- Start sliding the window
- I: Start of the new window
- j: End of the window

Step 2: Sliding Window Begins

```
while(j < n){
  sum = sum + (customers[j] * grumpy[j]) - (customers[i-1] * grumpy[i-1]);</pre>
```

- Add the new element coming into the window (if grumpy)
- Subtract the old element going out of the window (if grumpy)

```
if(maxsum < sum){
   maxsum = sum; // 🔝 Update max if current window is better
```

```
maxidx = i;  // Store the starting index of the best window
}
i++;
j++;
}
```

Step 3: Apply the Trick!

```
for(int i = maxidx; i < maxidx + minutes; i++){
   grumpy[i] = 0; //  Owner becomes happy in the best window
}</pre>
```

This effectively turns **grumpy minutes to happy**, making customers in this window satisfied!

Step 4: Final Count of Happy Customers

```
int anssum = 0;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
   if(grumpy[i] == 0){
      anssum += customers[i];
   }
}</pre>
```

✓ Add up all customers where grumpy[i] == 0 → includes original happy minutes + trick-applied window.

Step 5: Return the Answer

```
return anssum;
```

KReturn the **maximum number of satisfied customers!**

Time & Space Complexity

Туре	Value
Time Complexity	O(n) 🗸
Space	O(1) ▼ (in-place grumpy update)

🔑 Summary (Emoji Style)

Step	What it Does	Emoji Summary
☐ Initial	Calculate lost customers in first window	
Slide	Track max lost customers in any window	
National Trick	Apply trick to that window	₩
Final	Count all satisfied customers now	ECCEPT ST - 1 ST - 1

Example:

```
customers = [1,0,1,2,1,1,7,5]
grumpy = [0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1]
minutes = 3
```

✓ Trick applied from index $5 \rightarrow 7$, turning those grumpy minutes happy \rightarrow Final Answer = 16