

Input: students = [1,1,0,0], sandwiches = [0,1,0,1]
Output: 0
Explanation:

Input: students = [1,1,1,0,0,1], sandwiches = [1,0,0,0,1,1]
Output: 3

We have 2 test cases

1 1 1



Question me ye line of students are given in vector form...

Now to avoid infinite loop the method we would use is to make an extra variable named as count And count + me
count = 1 + 2 + 3

0 0

1 1

1 1

0 0

0 0

0 0

1 1

Now when $count == \text{the size of queue}$

returns All the elements

⇒ We would make a queue

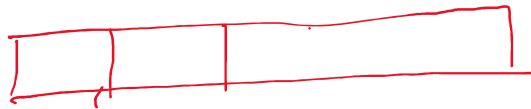
we would make a queue named queue

Sandwich

named queue

Ek Queue Banayenge Aur usme same element ko push karenge student wale k index c we've made a queue and an integer

i = 0



```
class Solution {
public:
    int countStudents(vector<int> students, vector<int> sandwiches) {
        queue<int> q;
        int i = 0;
        while(i < students.size() && !q.empty()) {
            q.push(students[i]);
            i++;
        }
        // we have successfully made a queue
        int j = 0;
        int count = 0;
        while(j < sandwiches.size() && !q.empty()) {
            if (q.front() == sandwiches[j]) {
                count++;
                q.pop();
            }
            j++;
        }
        return count;
    }
};
```

Strong Answer: Students
Count Count
1 1 0 0
1 1 0 0
1 1 0 0
1 1 0 0

1 and 1

0 >= 4 x

$j \leq (4-1) = 3$

1 x 0 false

means no Count $\leq q.size() \Rightarrow$ return

e

ize

ue

nts were unable to get the
h And Now we have to

nts
able
one //

get on this
queue size
on the
number of students
unable to eat
Sandwich... //

```

    }
    return q.size();
}

```

0 >=

1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 2 3 4 5
 Dec count = 0

$j \leq i$

1 > 0 false

means

1 is i ka

Alpham

logar

for

mahi

miles

ab tak

one count

new

when

Count

count <= q.size()

count = q.size();

count = size of

Queue

0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---

0



$\text{ans}[6] = \begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 13 & 3 & 11 & 5 & 17 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \end{Bmatrix}$

$\begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 13 & 3 & 11 & 5 & 17 & 7 \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 7 \end{Bmatrix}$

$\begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 & 7 & 11 & 13 & 17 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \end{Bmatrix}$

j

11 March 2025 09:05