Remove Element in String - Quick Revision Notes

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**Logic of the Given Code:**
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- Function `removecharacter(string ans, string original, int idx)` removes all occurrences of 'a' from a string using recursion.
- **Base Condition**: If `idx == original.length()`, the function prints `ans` and stops further recursive calls.

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- **Recursive Calls:**
 - If the current character is 'a', it is skipped.
 - Otherwise, it is added to `ans`, and the recursion continues.
**Code with Comments:**
```cpp
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
// Function to remove 'a' from a string using recursion
void removecharacter(string ans, string original, int idx) {
 // Base condition: If index reaches end of string, print the result
 if(idx == original.length()) {
 cout << ans;
 return;
 }
 char ch = original[idx];
 // If current character is 'a', skip it
 if(ch == 'a') {
 return removecharacter(ans, original, idx + 1);
 }
 // Otherwise, include it in ans and proceed
 else {
 removecharacter(ans + ch, original, idx + 1);
```

```
}
}
int main() {
 string str = "Raghav Garg";
 removecharacter("", str, 0);
}
...
Dry Run of the Code (For "Raghav Garg")
| Function Call | `idx` | `ch` | `ans` before call | Action |
|-----|----|-----|
| removecharacter("", "Raghav Garg", 0) | 0 | 'R' | "" | 'R' added to `ans` |
| removecharacter("R", "Raghav Garg", 1) | 1 | 'a' | "R" | 'a' skipped |
| removecharacter("R", "Raghav Garg", 2) | 2 | 'g' | "R" | 'g' added to `ans` |
| removecharacter("Rg", "Raghav Garg", 3) | 3 | 'h' | "Rg" | 'h' added to `ans` |
| removecharacter("Rgh", "Raghav Garg", 4) | 4 | 'a' | "Rgh" | 'a' skipped |
| removecharacter("Rgh", "Raghav Garg", 5) | 5 | 'v' | "Rgh" | 'v' added to `ans` |
| removecharacter("Rghv", "Raghav Garg", 6) | 6 | ' ' | "Rghv" | Space added |
| removecharacter("Rghv ", "Raghav Garg", 7) | 7 | 'G' | "Rghv " | 'G' added to `ans` |
| removecharacter("Rghv G", "Raghav Garg", 8) | 8 | 'a' | "Rghv G" | 'a' skipped |
| removecharacter("Rghv G", "Raghav Garg", 9) | 9 | 'r' | "Rghv G" | 'r' added to `ans` |
| removecharacter("Rghv Gr", "Raghav Garg", 10) | 10 | 'g' | "Rghv Gr" | 'g' added to `ans` |
| removecharacter("Rghv Grg", "Raghav Garg", 11) | 11 | '\0' | "Rghv Grg" | Print and return |
Final Output:
Rghv Grg
Time Complexity:
```

- The function processes each character once, leading to a time complexity of \*\*O(n)\*\* where `n` is

the length of the string.

- \*\*Key Takeaways:\*\*
- Recursion helps process strings character by character.
- Base condition ensures termination.
- Skipping or including characters allows modification of the string without using extra loops.