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WORKSHEET - DEVELOPMENT

Class 10 - Social Science

5 Marker

1. Besides income, what can be the other attributes to compare economic development? **[5]**

2. Why do we use averages to compare the development of countries? What are the limitations in using it? Explain. **[5]**

3. What is Human Development? Explain its indicators. **[5]**

4. Give examples to prove that there are other important developmental goals than income. **[5]**

5. How has the World Development Report classified countries? What are the limitations of this report? **[5]**

6. 'The earth has enough resources to meet the needs of all but not enough to satisfy the greed of even one person'. **[5]** How is this statement relevant to the discussion of development? Explain.

7. "National Development of a country depends on the availability of public facilities" How? **[5]**

8. Different people have different goals of development. Explain the statement. **[5]**

9. How far is it correct to say that money in your pocket cannot buy the basic needs to live well? Explain. **[5]**

10. Why is sustainability important for development? Explain. **[5]**

11. Explain with the help of examples, how development could mean different things to different people. **[5]**

12. Define Sustainable Development. Write any four features of Sustainable Development. **[5]**

13. How is the criterion used by the UNDP different from the World Bank for measuring the development of a **[5]** country? Explain.

14. Why do people's development goals vary? Explain with examples. **[5]**

15. Explain the importance of sustainable development with reference to groundwater by giving an example. **[5]**

16. Explain with reasons why state of Punjab with a very high per capita income has a very low literacy rate. **[5]**

17. Sustainability of development is a crucial aspect in present times. Support the statement with examples. **[5]**

18. Why are better public facilities needed for the development of the country? Explain any four public facilities. **[5]**

19. Describe any five conditions or aspects that you would consider before accepting a job. **[5]**

20. What is the main norm used by the World Bank in classifying different countries as rich and poor countries? **[5]** What are the restrictions of such a norm?

21. Is per capita income a true measure of development? Elaborate. **[5]**

22. What is sustainable economic development? Write any three measures to control environmental degradation. **[5]**

23. What is development? Why do different people have different developmental goals? Explain with four **[5]** examples.

24. Why is sustainable development essential? How does it help to prevent environmental degradation? **[5]**

25. "Consequences of environmental degradation do not respect national or state boundaries". Justify the statement. **[5]**

26. What is the main criterion used by the World Bank in classifying different countries? What are the limitations of **[5]** this criterion, if any?

3 Marker

27. Study the table given below and answer the following questions: **[3]**

State	Infant Mortality Rate per 1000	Literacy Rate (%) (2001)

	(2003)	
Punjab	49	70
Kerala	11	91
Bihar	60	47

   i. Calculate the difference in the infant mortality rate of Punjab and Kerala.

   ii. Calculate the difference in literacy rate of Kerala and Bihar.

   iii. Which state has the lowest HDI and why?

28. Why do different individuals have different as well as conflicting notions of development goals? **[3]**

29. "For development, people look at a mix of goals". Support the statement with three suitable examples. **[3]**

30. Development for one may be the destruction for other. Do you agree with the statement? Justify your answer. **[3]**

31. Study the table and answer the questions below: **[3]**

State	Per Capita income for 2002-03(in Rs)
Punjab	26,000
Kerala	22,800
Bihar	5,700

   i. Which state has the highest per capita income in a year?

   ii. Which state has the lowest per capita income in a year?

   iii. Which state is better one and why?

32. What does sustainability of development mean? How can sustainable development be achieved? **[3]**

33. Although average incomes are useful for comparing countries, they also hide disparities? Explain the meaning of this statement. **[3]**

34. 'Money cannot buy all the goods and services that one needs to live well'. Explain. **[3]**

35. Explain inferences which have been drawn by comparing the development levels of Maharashtra, Kerala and Bihar. **[3]**

36. Differentiate between Human Development Report and World Development Report. **[3]**

37. Developmental goals are differing goals also. Explain with an example. **[3]**

2 Marker

38. How do different persons have different developmental goals? Explain with examples. **[2]**

39. Describe any three features of a developed country. **[2]**

40. Suggest any three ways to improve public facilities in India. **[2]**

41. Besides income, what are other six things people may look for growth and development? **[2]**

42. Why is the issue of sustainability important for development? **[2]**

43. Mention any four characteristics of Development. **[2]**

44. On what bases is the criterion used by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) for measuring development different from the one used by the World Bank? Explain. **[2]**

45. What are the major attributes of development considered by UNDP in making the Human Development Report? Explain the importance of each of these attributes. **[2]**

46. Examine any three situations in which credit helps in the development of agriculturists. **[2]**

47. Different people of urban areas have different developmental goals. Explain the statement. **[2]**

48. The question of sustainability of development raises many fundamentally new issues about the nature and process of development. Explain it with examples. **[2]**

49. Apart from income, which other six things people look for growth and development? **[2]**

50. Different persons can have different developmental goals. Support the statement with example. **[2]**

51. Why has the issue of sustainability become essential for development in present times? Explain with example. **[2]**

52. Average income is useful for comparison but it may hide disparities. Support the statement with suitable arguments. **[2]**

53. Suggest any three ways to improve education in India. **[2]**

54. Why is the issue of sustainability important for development? Explain with examples. **[2]**

55. Mention the limitations of per capita income as an indicator of development. **[2]**

56. What is the meaning of development? Explain the two aspects of development. **[2]**

57. Why could different persons have different notions of a country's development? Explain with examples. **[2]**

58. Which three efforts should be made by any country to improve its HDI? **[2]**

59. Suggest any three ways to improve the condition of the public sector at grassroot level. **[2]**

60. Suggest any three ways to improve health and nutritional status of people in India. **[2]**

61. Analyse the development of Punjab, Kerala and Bihar states on the basis of literacy. **[2]**

62. Crude oil reserves are limited all over the world. If people continue to extract it at the present rate, the reserves would last only 35 - 40 years more. Explain any three ways to solve this problem. **[2]**

63. Suggest any three measures to improve environmental degradation. **[2]**

64. What is sustainable development? Why is the issue of sustainability important for development? Explain. **[2]**

65. Suggest any three ways to improve the environmental sustainability. **[2]**

66. Why are resources vital for any developmental activity? Explain. **[2]**

1 Marker

67. What are the factors important for development other than income? **[1]**

68. **Different people have different notions of development.** Explain the statement with examples. **[1]**

69. Study the table and answer the question given below. **[1]**

Some comparative data on Haryana, Kerala and Bihar		
State	Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births (2016)	Literacy Rate % 2011	Net Attendance Ratio (per 100 persons) secondary stage (age 14 and 15 years) 2013-14
Haryana	33	82	61
Kerala	10	94	83
Bihar	38	62	43

Sources: Economic Survey, 2017-18 Vol. 2, Government of India; National Sample Survey Organisation (Report No. 575)

Question: In comparison to Kerala, which state has the highest infant mortality rate.

70. What is the advantage of per capita income? Mention any one. **[1]**

71. Choose the correctly matched option from the following: **[1]**

Column I (Category of Person)	Column II (Development Goal)
(A) Farmers who depend only on rain for growing crops	(i) More days of work and better wages
(B) Landless rural labourers	(ii) Higher support prices for their crops

(C) Prosperous farmers from Punjab	(iii) Regular wages
(D) An Adivasi from Narmada Valley	(iv) To fulfil livelihood

72. What is the full form of BMI? **[1]**

73. What may be a goal of prosperous farmer of Punjab? **[1]**

74. What may be a goal of landless rural labourers regarding their income? **[1]**

75. **Different persons can have different developmental goals.** Support the statement with an example. **[1]**