No. of Printed Pages: 04

Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book.

**PAPER ID: 33223** 

No.

21

0 4 3

3 3 2

# B. Tech. Examination 2023-24

(Odd Semester)

### **AUTOMATA THEORY**

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 60]

Note: - Attempt all questions.

## SECTION-A

- 1. Attempt all parts of the following:  $8 \times 1 = 8$ 
  - (a) What are applications of automata theory?
  - (b) What are the applications of pumping lemma?
  - (c) What are the properties of the CFL generated by a CFG?
  - (d) State the equivalence of PDA and CFL.
  - (e) What are the components of PDA?

- (f) Give an example of non-determnistic CFL.
  - (g) What are the special features of turing machine?
  - (h) What is 2-way infinite tage TM?

#### SECTION-B

- 2. Attempt any two parts of the following:  $2\times6=12$ 
  - (a) Design DFA for the language:

$$L \{w E (a, b)^*/n_b(w) \mod 3 > 1\}$$

(b) Convert the following NFA into DFA:

Start 
$$q_0$$
  $a$   $b$   $a$   $q_2$   $a$   $b$   $a$   $b$   $b$   $a$   $b$   $b$ 

- (c) Construct a Moore machine which converts binary number to octal number.
- (d) Construct a finite automata for the regular expression:

$$r = (a + b)^* a b b$$

### SECTION-C

- **Note :** Attempt all questions. Attempt any two parts from each question.  $5\times8=40$
- 3. (a) Write down a comparative study of regular expression, regular set and finite automata.
  - (b) Prove that language  $L = \{0^n \ 1^m \mid n \le m\}$  is not regular.
  - (c) Starting with the alphabet:

$$\Sigma = \{a, b, (,), +, *\}$$

Find a CFG that generates all regular expression.

- 4. (a) Show that the language  $L = \{w w^R : w \in (a, b)^*\}$  is not inherently ambiguous.
  - .(b) Find the CFG for the following language:

$$L = \{a^n b^{2n} c^m / n, m > = 0\}$$

.(c) Change the following grammar into CNF:

$$S \rightarrow abSb/a/aAb$$

$$A \rightarrow bS/aAAb$$

- 5. (a) Prove that the family of context free languages is closed under union, concatenation and Kleene star-closure.
  - (b) Design PDA for the grammar  $G = (V_n, V_t, P, s)$  $V_n = \{s\}, V_t = \{a, b, c\}$  and P is defined as:

$$S \rightarrow aSa$$

$$S \rightarrow bSb$$

$$S \rightarrow c$$

- (c) Design a turing machine (TM) that recognizes the language of all strings of even length over alphabet {a, b}.
- 6. (a) State and explain post correspondance problem with suitable example.
  - (b) Design turing machine to compute the function  $F(n) = n^2$ .
  - (c) When a recursively enumerable language is said to be recursive? Is it true that language accepted by a non-deterministic turing machine is different from recursively enumerable language.