S.No.: 254

NBS 4301

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Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book.

PAPER ID: 49908 Roll No. 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

B. Tech. Examination, 2024-25

(Odd Semester)

COMPLEX ANALYSIS AND INTEGRAL TRANSFORMS

Time: Three Hours

[Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt all questions.

SECTION-A

1. Attempt all parts of the following:

 $8 \times 1 = 8$

- (a) Write C-R equations in Cartesian form.
- (b) Define harmonic function.
- (c) Write Cauchy integral formula for an analytic function.
- (d) Find the singularity for $F(z) = \frac{1}{z}$.

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- (e) Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = e^{-2t}$.
- (f) Find $L^{-1}(1/s)$.
- (g) Define Z-transform.
- (h) Define fourier sine transform.

SECTION-B

- 2. Attempt any two parts of the following: $2 \times 6 = 12$
 - (a) Show that the function defined by $f(z) = \sqrt{|xy|}$ satisfy C-R equations at the origin but not analytic at that point.
 - (b) Evaluate:

$$\int_0^{1+i} \left(x - y + i x^2 \right) dZ$$

- (i) Along the straight line from z = 0 to z = 1 + i.
- (ii) Along the imaginary axis from z = 0 to z = i and then along a line parallel to real axis from z = i to z = 1 + i.
- (c) Find the inverse laplace transform of:

$$\log\left(1+\frac{1}{s^2}\right)$$

(d) Find fourier transform of:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| \le a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$$

hence evaluate:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \lambda a \, \cos \lambda x}{\lambda} \, d\lambda$$

SECTION-C

Note: Attempt all questions. Attempt any two parts from each questions. $8 \times 5 = 40$

- 3. (a) If $u = e^x (x \cos y y \sin y)$ is a harmonic function find an analytic function f(z) = u + iv such that f(1) = e.
 - (b) Find the bilinear transformation which maps that points z = 1, i, -1 into the points w = i, 0, -i. Hence find the image of |z| < 1.
 - (c) Evaluate:

$$\oint_C \frac{e^z}{(z+1)^2} dz$$

where C is the circle |z-1|=3. Use laudy Integral from a to encluste of Sint $z^2 + \cos \pi z^2$, |z|=3

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Evaluate the integral using Cauchy integral (a) 4. formula:

$$\int_{C} \frac{4-3z}{z(z-1)(z-2)} dz$$

where C is the circle |z| = 3/2.

Find the Taylor's and Laurent's series which (b) represent the function:

$$\frac{z^2-1}{(z+2)(z+3)}$$

when:

- (i) |z| < 2
- (ii) 2 < |z| < 3

(c) Find two bilinear transformation where fixed points are 1 and 2.

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Solve the simultaneous equations using Laplace 5. (a) transformation:

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy}{dt} - x = t, \ 2\frac{dx}{dt} - \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4y = 2$$

given that when:

$$t = 0$$
, $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

(b) Use convolution theorem to evaluate:

$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{\left(s^2+4\right)^2}\right\}$$

(c) Find L [f(t)] if:

$$F(t) = \begin{cases} (t-1)^2 & t > 1 \\ 0 & 0 < t < 1 \end{cases}$$

6. (a) Solve by Z-transform the difference equation:

$$y_{k+2} + 6 y_{k+1} + 9 y_k = 2^k; (y_0 = y_1 = 0)$$

(b) Using Fourier sine integral, show that:

$$\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1-\cos\pi\lambda}{\lambda}\right)\sin(x\,\lambda)\,d\lambda = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} & 0 < x < \pi\\ 0 & x > \pi \end{cases}$$

(c) Solve by Z transform:

$$y_{k+1} + y_k = 1$$
 if $y_0 = 0$
