

Part 3

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1 Class Index	1
1.1 Class List	1
2 File Index	3
2.1 File List	3
3 Class Documentation	5
3.1 ClientContext Struct Reference	5
3.1.1 Detailed Description	5
3.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	6
3.1.2.1 ClientContext()	6
3.2 ThreadPool Class Reference	6
3.2.1 Detailed Description	6
3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	6
3.2.2.1 ThreadPool()	6
3.2.3 Member Function Documentation	7
3.2.3.1 enqueue()	7
4 File Documentation	9
4.1 client.cpp File Reference	9
4.2 server.cpp File Reference	9
4.2.1 Detailed Description	10
4.2.2 Function Documentation	10
4.2.2.1 handle_client()	10
4.2.2.2 main()	11
4.2.2.3 send_response()	11
4.2.2.4 set_nonblocking()	11
4.2.2.5 SIGHANDLER()	11
Index	15

Chapter 1

Class Index

1.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

ClientContext	Maintains the context and state of each connected client	5
ThreadPool	A simple thread pool to handle client connections concurrently	6

Chapter 2

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

[client.cpp](#)

A simple client that communicates with a server using RESP (REdis Serialization Protocol). This client sends commands to the server and processes the server's response 9

[server.cpp](#)

A simple multi-threaded server that processes client requests using the RESP (REdis Serialization Protocol). The server handles SET and GET commands, stores data, and uses `epoll` for scalable I/O handling 9

Chapter 3

Class Documentation

3.1 ClientContext Struct Reference

Maintains the context and state of each connected client.

Public Types

- enum { **PARSE_TYPE** , **PARSE_ARGUMENTS** }

Public Member Functions

- [ClientContext](#) (int fd_)
Constructor to initialize the client context with a file descriptor.

Public Attributes

- int **fd**
File descriptor for the client connection.
- std::string **buffer**
Data buffer for storing incoming data from the client.
- std::vector< std::string > **args**
List of arguments for the current command.
- size_t **expected_bulk_length**
Expected length of the next bulk string argument.
- int **expected_args**
Number of arguments expected for the current command.
- enum ClientContext:: { ... } **state**
Current state of the parsing process.

3.1.1 Detailed Description

Maintains the context and state of each connected client.

This structure is used to track the client's socket file descriptor (`fd`), the buffer of data being parsed, and the parsing state. It also tracks the arguments of the current command being processed.

3.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.1.2.1 ClientContext()

```
ClientContext::ClientContext (
    int fd_ ) [inline]
```

Constructor to initialize the client context with a file descriptor.

Parameters

<code>fd_</code>	The file descriptor for the client connection
<code>_</code>	

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [server.cpp](#)

3.2 ThreadPool Class Reference

A simple thread pool to handle client connections concurrently.

Public Member Functions

- [ThreadPool](#) (size_t numThreads)
Constructs a thread pool with a specified number of threads.
- [~ThreadPool](#) ()
Destructor to join all threads and clean up resources.
- void [enqueue](#) (std::function< void()> task)
Enqueues a new task to be executed by a worker thread.

3.2.1 Detailed Description

A simple thread pool to handle client connections concurrently.

The thread pool processes tasks such as handling client requests, parsing commands, and interacting with the REPL data store. Tasks are queued and executed by worker threads.

3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.2.2.1 ThreadPool()

```
ThreadPool::ThreadPool (
    size_t numThreads )
```

Constructs a thread pool with a specified number of threads.

Parameters

<i>numThreads</i>	The number of worker threads in the pool
-------------------	--

3.2.3 Member Function Documentation

3.2.3.1 enqueue()

```
void ThreadPool::enqueue (
    std::function< void()> task )
```

Enqueues a new task to be executed by a worker thread.

Parameters

<i>task</i>	A function to be executed by a worker thread
-------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [server.cpp](#)

Chapter 4

File Documentation

4.1 client.cpp File Reference

A simple client that communicates with a server using RESP (Redis Serialization Protocol). This client sends commands to the server and processes the server's response.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <sstream>
#include <cstring>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
Include dependency graph for client.cpp:
```

4.2 server.cpp File Reference

A simple multi-threaded server that processes client requests using the RESP (Redis Serialization Protocol). The server handles SET and GET commands, stores data, and uses `epoll` for scalable I/O handling.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <unordered_map>
#include <vector>
#include <cstring>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/epoll.h>
#include <thread>
#include <mutex>
#include <queue>
#include <atomic>
#include <condition_variable>
#include "REPL.h"
Include dependency graph for server.cpp:
```

Classes

- struct `ClientContext`
Maintains the context and state of each connected client.
- class `ThreadPool`
A simple thread pool to handle client connections concurrently.

Macros

- `#define MAX_EVENTS 1024`
Maximum number of events that can be handled at once by `epoll`.
- `#define BUFFER_SIZE 4096`
Buffer size for receiving data from the client.
- `#define PORT 6379`
Port number on which the server listens.

Functions

- void `set_nonblocking` (int fd)
Sets a socket to non-blocking mode.
- void `send_response` (int fd, const std::string &response)
Sends a response to the client.
- void `handle_client` (`ClientContext` &ctx)
Handles the client's requests, parsing commands and interacting with the REPL data store. This function is responsible for parsing the RESP commands from the client, executing commands like "SET" and "GET", and sending responses back to the client.
- void `SIGHANDLER` (int sig)
Signal handler to cleanly shut down the server on SIGINT (Ctrl+C). This function cleans up resources when the server is interrupted and exits the program.
- int `main` ()
The main entry point for the server application. This function sets up the server socket, listens for incoming client connections, and uses `epoll` to handle multiple clients concurrently. It also processes client commands using the thread pool for parallel execution.

Variables

- atomic_flag `flag` = `ATOMIC_FLAG_INIT`
Atomic flag used for synchronization between threads.
- REPL `r`
Global REPL object for storing key-value pairs in memory.

4.2.1 Detailed Description

A simple multi-threaded server that processes client requests using the RESP (Redis Serialization Protocol). The server handles SET and GET commands, stores data, and uses `epoll` for scalable I/O handling.

4.2.2 Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 `handle_client()`

```
void handle_client (
    ClientContext & ctx )
```

Handles the client's requests, parsing commands and interacting with the REPL data store. This function is responsible for parsing the RESP commands from the client, executing commands like "SET" and "GET", and sending responses back to the client.

Parameters

<i>ctx</i>	The client context containing the state and data for the client
------------	---

4.2.2.2 main()

```
int main ( )
```

The main entry point for the server application. This function sets up the server socket, listens for incoming client connections, and uses `epoll` to handle multiple clients concurrently. It also processes client commands using the thread pool for parallel execution.

Returns

0 on success, -1 on failure

4.2.2.3 send_response()

```
void send_response (
    int fd,
    const std::string & response )
```

Sends a response to the client.

Parameters

<i>fd</i>	The file descriptor of the client socket
<i>response</i>	The response message to send to the client

4.2.2.4 set_nonblocking()

```
void set_nonblocking (
    int fd )
```

Sets a socket to non-blocking mode.

Parameters

<i>fd</i>	The file descriptor of the socket
-----------	-----------------------------------

4.2.2.5 SIGHANDLER()

```
void SIGHANDLER (
    int sig )
```

Signal handler to cleanly shut down the server on SIGINT (Ctrl+C). This function cleans up resources when the server is interrupted and exits the program.

Parameters

<i>sig</i>	The signal number (ignored in this implementation)
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Index

- client.cpp, [9](#)
- ClientContext, [5](#)
 - ClientContext, [6](#)
- enqueue
 - ThreadPool, [7](#)
- handle_client
 - server.cpp, [10](#)
- main
 - server.cpp, [11](#)
- send_response
 - server.cpp, [11](#)
- server.cpp, [9](#)
 - handle_client, [10](#)
 - main, [11](#)
 - send_response, [11](#)
 - set_nonblocking, [11](#)
 - SIGHANDLER, [11](#)
- set_nonblocking
 - server.cpp, [11](#)
- SIGHANDLER
 - server.cpp, [11](#)
- ThreadPool, [6](#)
 - enqueue, [7](#)
 - ThreadPool, [6](#)