
MA 1101 : Mathematics I

Problem 1.

Let $\emptyset \neq D \subseteq \mathbb{R}$, let $c \in D$ and let $f : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous at c with $f(c) > 0$. Show that, there exists $\delta > 0$ such that

$$f(x) > 0, \text{ for all } x \in (c - \delta, c + \delta) \cap D.$$

Problem 2.

Let $\emptyset \neq D \subseteq \mathbb{R}$, let $c \in D$ and let $f, g : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous at c . Show that

- (i) $f + g$ is continuous at c .
- (ii) For all $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, αf is continuous at c .
- (iii) fg is continuous at c .
- (iv) If $g(c) \neq 0$, $\frac{f}{g}$ is continuous at c .

Problem 3.

Let $I \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ be an open interval, let $c \in I$ and let $f, g : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be differentiable at c . Show that

- (i) $f + g$ is differentiable at c and $(f + g)'(c) = f'(c) + g'(c)$.
- (ii) For all $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, αf is differentiable at c and $(\alpha f)'(c) = \alpha f'(c)$.
- (iii) fg is differentiable at c and $(fg)'(c) = f'(c)g(c) + g'(c)f(c)$.
- (iv) If $g(c) \neq 0$, $\frac{f}{g}$ is differentiable at c and $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(c) = \frac{f'(c)g(c) - f(c)g'(c)}{g(c)^2}$.

Problem 4.

Establish the following inequalities.

- (i) $\frac{x}{1+x} < \ln(1+x) < x$, for all $x > 0$.
- (ii) $e^x > 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2}$, for all $x > 0$.
- (iii) $|\sin x - \sin y| \leq |x - y|$, for all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$.