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1) SQL Query to print all Worker details ordered by FIRST_NAME Ascending:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT * FROM Worker
ORDER BY FIRST_NAME ASC;
2) SQL Query to print all Worker details ordered by FIRST_NAME Ascending and DEPARTMENT Descending:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT * FROM Worker
ORDER BY FIRST_NAME ASC, DEPARTMENT DESC;
3) SQL Query to print details of workers excluding first names "Vipul" and "Satish":
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT * FROM Worker
WHERE FIRST_NAME NOT IN ('Vipul', 'Satish');
4) SQL Query to print details of workers whose FIRST_NAME ends with 'h' and contains six alphabets:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT * FROM Worker
WHERE FIRST_NAME LIKE 'h';
5) SQL Query to fetch the count of employees working in the department 'Admin':
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Worker
WHERE DEPARTMENT = 'Admin';

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6) SQL Query to fetch worker names with salaries >= 50000 and <= 100000:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME FROM Worker
WHERE SALARY BETWEEN 50000 AND 100000;
7) SQL Query to fetch the number of workers for each department in descending order:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT DEPARTMENT, COUNT(*) AS worker_count
FROM Worker
GROUP BY DEPARTMENT
ORDER BY worker_count DESC;
8) SQL Query to determine the 5th highest salary without using TOP or LIMIT:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT MIN(SALARY) AS FifthHighestSalary FROM (
SELECT DISTINCT SALARY
 FROM Worker
 ORDER BY SALARY DESC
 LIMIT 5
) AS temp;
9) SQL Query to fetch the list of employees with the same salary:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, SALARY
FROM Worker
WHERE SALARY IN (
SELECT SALARY
 FROM Worker
 GROUP BY SALARY
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HAVING COUNT(*) > 1
);

10) SQL Query to fetch the departments that have less than three people:
sql
CopyEdit
SELECT DEPARTMENT
FROM Worker
GROUP BY DEPARTMENT
HAVING COUNT(*) < 3;
```