Java - DSA

Trees

1. Build Tree from given Preorder Sequence

```
Build a Tree from its Preorder traversal
public class BinaryTreesYT {
          Node newNode = new Node(nodes[idx]);
          newNode.left = buildTree(nodes);
  public static void main(String args[]) {
      BinaryTree tree = new BinaryTree();
      Node root = tree.buildTree(nodes);
```

2. Tree Traversals

a. Preorder

```
public static void preorder(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        System.out.print(-1+" ");
        return;
    }
    System.out.print(root.data+" ");
    preorder(root.left);
    preorder(root.right);
}
```

b. Inorder

```
public static void inorder(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        System.out.print(-1+" ");
        return;
    }
    inorder(root.left);
    System.out.print(root.data+" ");
    inorder(root.right);
}
```

c. Postorder

```
public static void postorder(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        System.out.print(-1+" ");
        return;
    }
    postorder(root.left);
    postorder(root.right);
    System.out.print(root.data+" ");
}
```

d. Level Order

```
public static void levelOrder(Node root) {
      while(!q.isEmpty()) {
              if(q.isEmpty()) {
              System.out.print(curr.data+" ");
```

3. Height of Tree

```
public static int height(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        return 0;
    }

    int leftHeight = height(root.left);
    int rightHeight = height(root.right);
    return Math.max(leftHeight, rightHeight) + 1;
```

4. Count of Nodes of Tree

```
public static int countOfNodes(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        return 0;
    }

    int leftNodes = countOfNodes(root.left);
    int rightNodes = countOfNodes(root.right);
    return leftNodes + rightNodes + 1;
}
```

5. Sum of Nodes of Tree

```
public static int sumOfNodes(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        return 0;
    }

    int leftSum = sumOfNodes(root.left);
    int rightSum = sumOfNodes(root.right);
    return leftSum + rightSum + root.data;
}
```

6. Diameter of Tree - Approach1 O(N^2)

```
public static int diameter(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        return 0;
    }

    int diam1 = height(root.left) + height(root.right) + 1;
    int diam2 = diameter(root.left);
    int diam3 = diameter(root.right);

    return Math.max(diam1, Math.max(diam2, diam3));
}
```

7. Diameter of Tree - Approach2 O(N)

```
public static TreeInfo diameter(Node root) {
    if(root == null) {
        return new TreeInfo(0, 0);
    }

    TreeInfo leftTI = diameter(root.left);
    TreeInfo rightTI = diameter(root.right);

    int myHeight = Math.max(leftTI.height, rightTI.height) + 1;

    int diam1 = leftTI.height + rightTI.height + 1;

    int diam2 = leftTI.diam;
    int diam3 = rightTI.diam;

    int myDiam = Math.max(diam1, Math.max(diam2, diam3));

    return new TreeInfo(myHeight, myDiam);
}
```

8. Subtree of another tree

```
public boolean isIdentical(TreeNode root, TreeNode subRoot) {
    if(subRoot == null && root == null) {
        return true;
    }
    if(root == null || subRoot == null) {
        return false;
    }
    if(root.val == subRoot.val) {
        return isIdentical(root.left, subRoot.left) &&
    isIdentical(root.right, subRoot.right);
    }
    return false;
}

public boolean isSubtree(TreeNode root, TreeNode subRoot) {
    if(subRoot == null) {
        return true;
    }
    if(root == null) {
        return false;
}
```

```
}
if(isIdentical(root, subRoot)){
    return true;
}
return isSubtree(root.left, subRoot) || isSubtree(root.right, subRoot);
}
```