Volume Calculation - Solved Examples

Q 1 - The diagonal of a cube is $12\sqrt{6}$ m .Find its surface area.

A - 1624 m²

B - 1728 m²

C - 2564 m²

D - $1254\sqrt{2}$ m²

Answer - B

Explanation

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Let the edge of the cube be X.  \sqrt{(3)} \times 12\sqrt{(6)}   \Rightarrow X=12\sqrt{(2)}  Surface area = 6X2 = (6 \times 12\sqrt{(2)} \times 12\sqrt{(2)}) \text{ m}^2 = 1728 \text{ m}^2.
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Q 2 - The surface area of a cube is 1728 cm². Find its volume.

A - $3456\sqrt{2}$ cm³

B - $256\sqrt{2}$ cm³

C - $125\sqrt{2}$ cm³

D - $144\sqrt{2}$ cm³

Answer - A

Explanation

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Let the edge of the cube be X. Then, 6X^2 = 1728

\Rightarrow X^2 = 288

\Rightarrow X = 12\sqrt{2} cm.

Volume = X^3 = (12\sqrt{2})3 cm<sup>3</sup>

= 3456\sqrt{2} cm<sup>3</sup>.
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Q 3 - Find the number of bricks, each measuring 24 cm x 12 cm x 8 cm, required to construct a wall 24 m long, 8m high and 60 cm thick.

A - 12500

B - 11500

C - 12000

D - 10000

Answer - A

Explanation

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Volume of the wall = (1800 \times 600 \times 90) \text{ cm}^3.

Volume of 1 brick = (36 \times 18 \times 12) \text{ cm}^3.

Number of bricks=((1800 \times 600 \times 90)/(36 \times 18 \times 12)=12500
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Q 4 - A right triangle with sides 6 cm, 8 cm and 10 cm is rotated the side of 6 cm to form a cone. The volume of the cone so formed is:

 $A - 96 \text{ cm}^3$

B - 96π cm³

 $C - 96/\pi \text{ cm}^3$

D - $96\pi^3$

Answer - B

Explanation

We have R = 6 cm and H = 8 cm. Volume = $(1/3)\pi R2H = (1/3)\pi x62x8 = 96\pi$ cm³

Q 5 - A room is 30 m long and 24 m broad. If the sum of the areas of the floor and the ceiling is equal to the sum of the areas of four walls, the volume of the hall is:

 $A - 96 \text{ m}^3$

 $B - 960 \text{ m}^3$

C - 9600 m³

D - 96000 m³

Answer - C

Explanation

Let the height be H $2(30 + 24) \times H = 2(30 \times 24)$ $\Rightarrow H = (2(30 \times 24))/(2(30 + 24)) = (30 \times 24)/54 = 40/3 \text{ m}$ $\Rightarrow \text{Volume} = 30 \times 24 \times 40/3 = 9600 \text{ m}^3$

Q 6 - A hollo	w steel pipe	is 42 cm	long and its	external	diameter	is 16 cm.	. If the	thickness	of the	pipe is	2 cm a	and steel
density weigh	ns 12 g/cm ³ , [,]	then the w	eight of the	pipe is:								

A - 51.744 kg

B - 45.834 kg

C - 48.225 kg

D - 55.565 kg

Answer - A

Explanation

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External radius = 8 cm,  
Internal radius = 6 cm.  
Volume of steel = ( \pi x (8^2-6^2) x42) =1176 \pi cm<sup>3</sup>  
Weight of steel = (1176 \pi x 12) gm = 51744 gm = 51.744 kg.
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Q 7 - Find the area of right circular cone curved surface if slant height is 20 m and height is 16 m.

 $A - 100\pi m^2$

B - $200\pi \, \text{m}^2$

 $C - 320\pi \text{ m}^2$

 $D - 240\pi m^2$

Answer - D

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L = 20 m, H = 16 m.

So, R = \sqrt{(L^2-H^2)} = \sqrt{(20^2-16^2)} = 12 m.

\Rightarrow Curved surface area = \pi RL = (\pi x 12 x 20) m<sup>2</sup> = 240\pi m<sup>2</sup>.
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Q 8 - Find the volume & curved surface area of a cylinder with diameter of base 14 cm and height 60 cm.

A - 4640cm³ & 1340 cm²

B - 9240cm³ & 1340 cm²

C - 4640cm³ & 2640 cm²

D - 9240cm³ & 2640 cm²

Answer - D

Explanation

Volume =
$$\pi R^2 H$$
= π x 72 x 60 = 9240 cm³
Curved surface area = $2\pi RH$ = (2 π x 7 x 60) cm² = 2640 cm²

Q 9 - If the volume of a cylindrical tank is 3696 m3 and the diameter of its base is 28 m, then find the depth of the tank.

A - 5 m

B - 6 m

C - 8 m

D - 14 m

Answer - B

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Let the depth of the tank be H meters. Then, Volume = \pi R^2 H= \pi x 14^2 x H = 3696 m^3 \Rightarrow H=6 m
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Q 10 - How many steel rods, each of length 14 m and diameter 4 cm can be made out of 1.76 cm³ of steel?

A - 80

B - 100

C - 110

D - 120

Answer - B

Explanation

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Volume of 1 rod = ((22/7) \times (2/100) \times (2/100) \times 14) m³= 11/625 m³ Volume of steel = 1.76 m³ Number of rods = (1.76 \times 625/11) = 100.
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Q 11 - Find the volume and surface area of a Box 32 m long, 28 m broad and 14 m high.

A - 12544 m³ & 3472 m²

B - 12500 m³ & 3472 m²

C - 12600 m³ & 3400 m²

D - 12000 m³ & 3000 m²

Answer - A

Explanation

Volume = $(32 \times 28 \times 14) \text{ m}^3 = 12544 \text{ m}^3$. Surface area = $[2 (32 \times 28 + 28 \times 14 + 32 \times 14)] \text{ m}^2 = (2 \times 1736) \text{ m}^2 = 3472 \text{ m}^2$.

Q 12 - Find the length of the longest pole that can be placed in a room 24 m long 16 m broad and 18 m high.

A - 34 m

B - 24 m

C - 14 m

D - 4 m

Answer - A

Explanation

Length of the longest pole= $\sqrt{(24^2+16^2+18^2)}=34$ m

Q 13 - A wheel makes 2000 revolutions in covering a distance of 44 km. Find the radius of the wheel.

A - 12 m

B - 14 m

C - 13 m

D - 15 m

Answer - B

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Distance covered in one revolution = ((44 \times 2000)/1000) = 88m.

2\pi R = 88

2 \times (22/7) \times R = 88

\Rightarrow R = 88 \times (7/44) = 14 m.
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Q 14 - A rectangular block 35 cm x 42 cm x 70 cm is cut up into an exact number of equal cubes. Find the least possible number of cubes.

- A 300
- B 200
- C 100
- D 50

Answer - A

Explanation

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Volume of the block = (35 cm x 42 cm x 70 cm) cm^3 = 300x73 cm^3.
Side of the largest cube = H.C.F. of 35 cm , 42 cm and 70 cm = 7 cm.
Volume of this cube = (7 x 7 x 7) cm^3 = 73 cm^3.
Number of cubes = 300x73/73 = 300.
```

Q 15 - Two cubes have their volumes in the ratio 8: 125. Find the ratio of their surface areas.

- A 4:25
- B 2:25
- C 1:25

D - 3:25

Answer - A

Explanation

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Let their edges be X and Y. Then,  X^3/Y^3 = 8/125 \text{ (or) } (X/Y)^3 = (2/5)^3 \text{ (or) } (X/Y) = (2/5).  Ratio of their surface area = 6X^2/6Y^2 = X^2/Y^2 = (X/Y)^2 = 4/25, i.e. 4:25.
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Q 16 - Find the volume and surface area of a sphere of radius 21 cm.

A - 38008 cm³ & 5444 cm²

B - 38808 cm³ & 5544 cm²

C - 38888 cm³ & 4544 cm²

D - 30008 cm³ & 5544 cm²

Answer - B

Explanation

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Volume = (4/3)\pi r^3 = (4/3)*(22/7)*(21)*(21)*(21) cm^3 = 38808 cm^3.
Surface area = 4\pi r^2 = (4*(22/7)*(21)*(21)) cm^2 = 5544 cm^2
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Q 17 - The volume of a wall, 10 times as high as it is broad and 16 times as long as it is high, is 25.6 m³. Find the breadth of the wall.

A - ³√2/5 m

B - ³√5/2 m

C - ³√5/3 m

D - ³√3/2 m

Answer - A

Explanation

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Let the breadth of the wall be X meters. Then, Height = 10X meters and Length = 160X meters. 

X \times 10X \times 160X = 25.6 

\Rightarrow X^3 = 25.6/1600 

= 2/125 

\Rightarrow X = \sqrt[3]{2}/5 m
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Q 18 - Two metallic right circular cones having their heights 4.1 cm and 4.3 cm and the radii of their bases 2.1 cm each have been melted together and recast into a sphere. Find the diameter of the sphere.

A - 2 cm

B - 3 cm

C - 4 cm

D - 5 cm

Answer - A

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Volume of sphere = Volume of 2 cones = (1/3~\pi~x~(1^2)~x~2.2+1/3~\pi~x~(1)^2~x~1.8) = 4/3~\pi Let the radius of sphere be R 4/3~\pi~R^3 = 4/3~\pi or R = 1cm Hence , diameter of the sphere = 2 cm
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Q 19 - The diameter of garden roller is 2.8 m and it is 3 m long. The area covered by the roller in 10 revolutions is?

 $A - 132 \text{ m}^2$

B - 264 m m²

C - 132/5 m²

D - 264/5 m²

Answer - B

Explanation

Curved surface area of roller = $(2 \pi R H) = 2 \times \pi \times 1.4 \times 3=132/5$. Area covered by the roller = $10 \times (132/5) = 264 \text{ m}^2$

Q 20 - The curved surface area of a cylindrical pillar is 440 m2 and its volume is 1540 m3. Find the ratio of its diameter to its height.

A - 7:5

B - 6:5

C - 5:7

D - 6:7

Answer - A

Explanation

Curved surface area = $(2 \pi R H) = 440$ $\Rightarrow R \times H=70$... (1) Volume = \Rightarrow R²H=1540 \Rightarrow R² x H =490 ... (2) Solving 1 & 2 we get R=7 m H= 10 m Required ratio = 2R/H =14/10 =7/5 =7:5