

EM formula for extended Kalman Filter

Ruiqi Zhong

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Parameters:

\hat{z}_0 initial state mean

P_0 initial state covariance

A transition matrix

B control matrix

Q transition covariance matrix

R observation noise matrix

Variables:

S There are in total S sequence generated.

T_s there are in total $(T_s + 1)$ steps/measurements of the s^{th} sequence.

$z_{s,t}$ the hidden state of s^{th} sequence at time t .

$x_{s,t}$ the observation of s^{th} sequence at time t .

$\epsilon_{s,t}$ the transition noise of s^{th} sequence at time t .

$w_{s,t}$ the observation noise of s^{th} sequence at time t .

$u_{s,t}$ the control of s^{th} sequence at time t .

Model Generation:

for s in range(S):

$$z_{s,0} \sim \mathcal{N}(\hat{z}_0, P_0)$$

for t in range(T_s):

$$\epsilon_{s,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, Q)$$

$$w_{s,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, P)$$

$$z_{s,t+1} = Az_{s,t} + Bu_{s,t} + \epsilon_{s,t}$$

$$x_{s,t} = z_{s,t} + w_{s,t}$$

Expected Log Likelihood:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}_Z[L(X|A, B, Q, R, \hat{z}_0, P_0)] = & -\frac{1}{2}[\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \log |P_0| + Tr(P_0^{-1} \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} (z_{s,0} - \hat{z}_0)(z_{s,0} - \hat{z}_0)^T) \\ & + \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} T_s \log |Q| + Tr(Q^{-1} (\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s-1} (z_{s,t+1} - Az_{s,t} - Bu_{s,t})(z_{s,t+1} - Az_{s,t} - Bu_{s,t})^T)) \\ & + \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} (T_s + 1) \log |R| + Tr(R^{-1} (\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s} (x_{s,t} - z_{s,t})(x_{s,t} - z_{s,t})^T)] + \text{const} \end{aligned}$$

Estimation/Inference:

Define $o_{s,0} = 0$

$$o_{s,t+1} = Ao_{s,t} + Bu_{s,t}$$

By mathematical induction, we can easily get $z_{s,t+1} - o_{s,t+1} = A(z_{s,t} - o_{s,t}) + \epsilon_{s,t}$

Also, we have $x_{s,t} - o_{s,t} = z_{s,t} - o_{s,t} + w_{s,t}$

Let $x'_{s,t} = x_{s,t} - o_{s,t}$, $z'_{s,t} = z_{s,t} - o_{s,t}$, and since each sequence is independent, we can estimate each sequence separately using the standard Kalman Filter techniques, since $z'_{s,t+1} \sim Az'_{s,t} + \epsilon_{s,t}$, $x'_{s,t} = z'_{s,t} + w_{s,t}$

Maximization:

Here we ignore the multiplicative constant

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{z}_0} = \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} (\hat{z}_0 - z_{s,0})(\hat{z}_0 - z_{s,0})^T (P_0^{-1} + P_0^{-1}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{z}_0 = \frac{1}{S} \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} z_{s,0}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial P_0} = \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} (P_0^{-1} - P_0^{-1}(z_{s,0} - \hat{z}_0)(z_{s,0} - \hat{z}_0)^T P_0^{-1}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow P_0 = \frac{1}{S} \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} (z_{s,0} - \hat{z}_0)(z_{s,0} - \hat{z}_0)^T$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial [A \ B]} = \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s-1} \begin{bmatrix} z_{s,t} \\ u_{s,t} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z_{s,t} \\ u_{s,t} \end{bmatrix}^T [A \ B]^T Q^{-1} - \begin{bmatrix} z_{s,t} \\ u_{s,t} \end{bmatrix} z_{s,t+1}^T Q^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow [A \ B] = (\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s-1} \begin{bmatrix} z_{s,t} \\ u_{s,t} \end{bmatrix} z_{s,t+1}^T (\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s-1} \begin{bmatrix} z_{s,t} \\ u_{s,t} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z_{s,t} \\ u_{s,t} \end{bmatrix}^T)^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial Q} = \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} T_s Q^{-1} - Q^{-1} (\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s-1} (z_{s,t+1} - Az_{s,t} - Bu_{s,t})(z_{s,t+1} - Az_{s,t} - Bu_{s,t})^T) Q^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow Q = \frac{\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s} (z_{s,t+1} - Az_{s,t} - Bu_{s,t})(z_{s,t+1} - Az_{s,t} - Bu_{s,t})^T}{\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} T_s}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial R} = \sum_{s=0}^{S-1} (T_s + 1) R^{-1} - R^{-1} [\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s} (x_{s,t} - z_{s,t})(x_{s,t} - z_{s,t})^T] R^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow R = \frac{\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T_s} (x_{s,t} - z_{s,t})(x_{s,t} - z_{s,t})^T}{\sum_{s=0}^{S-1} (T_s + 1)}$$

We observe that to calculate these values, we only need $\mathbb{E}[z_{s,t}|X]$, $\mathbb{E}[z_{s,t}z_{s,t+1}^T|X]$, $\mathbb{E}[z_{s,t}z_{s,t}^T|X]$, which can be easily computed during the estimation step.