

## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

### REC\_DS using C\_Week 2\_COD\_Question 3

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Bob is tasked with developing a company's employee record management system. The system needs to maintain a list of employee records using a doubly linked list. Each employee is represented by a unique integer ID.

Help Bob to complete a program that adds employee records at the front, traverses the list, and prints the same for each addition of employees to the list.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of employees.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the employee IDs.

### ***Output Format***

For each employee ID, the program prints "Node Inserted" followed by the current state of the doubly linked list in the next line, with the data values of each node separated by spaces.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 4  
101 102 103 104  
Output: Node Inserted  
101  
Node Inserted  
102 101  
Node Inserted  
103 102 101  
Node Inserted  
104 103 102 101

### ***Answer***

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

struct node {
    int info;
    struct node* prev, * next;
};

struct node* start = NULL;

// You are using GCC
void traverse() {
    struct node*temp=start;
    while(temp!=NULL){
        printf("%d",temp->info);
        temp=temp->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```

```

void insertAtFront(int data) {
    struct node*nnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
    nnode->info=data;
    nnode->prev=NULL;
    nnode->next=start;

    if(start!=NULL){
        start->prev=nnode;
    }
    start=nnode;
    printf("Node Inserted\n");
}

int main() {
    int n, data;
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        cin >> data;
        insertAtFront(data);
        traverse();
    }
    return 0;
}

```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10