

Topic	Working with Router	
Class Description	Students will learn about the working of routers and how to connect multiple local area networks using router. They will also learn about the default gateway.	
Class	C195	
Class time	45 mins	
Goal	<ul> <li>Learn about the working of router</li> <li>Create Wide area network</li> <li>Learn about the default gateway.</li> </ul>	
Resources Required	<ul> <li>Teacher Resources:         <ul> <li>Laptop with internet connectivity</li> <li>Cisco Packet Tracer</li> <li>Earphones with mic</li> <li>Notebook and pen</li> <li>Smartphone</li> </ul> </li> <li>Student Resources:         <ul> <li>Laptop with internet connectivity</li> <li>Cisco Packet Tracer</li> <li>Earphones with mic</li> <li>Notebook and pen</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Class structure	Warm-Up Teacher - led Activity 1 Student - led Activity 1 Wrap-Up	5 mins 15 mins 20 mins 5 mins
WARM-UP SESSION - 5 mins		



# from slides 1 to 16 **Teacher starts slideshow** Refer to speaker notes and follow the instructions on each slide. Solution/Guidelines **Activity details** Hi, how have you been? Are you excited to learn **ESR**: Varied Response. something new? Run the presentation from slide 1 to slide 3. The following are the warm-up session deliverables: Click on the slide show tab Reconnect with previous class topics. and present the slides. Warm-Up quiz session. **QnA Session Answer** Question Which of the following commands is used to connect to a C website? A. Nslookup B. ping C. ipconfig D. iping Which of the following switch is used from Cisco Packet В Tracer A. 2600 B. 2690 C. 2950 D. 3650 Continue the warm-up session Solution/Guidelines **Activity details**

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Run the presentation from slide 4 to slide 16 to set the problem statement.

The following are the warm-up session deliverables:

- Review code from the last class.
- Connecting Lan Network with Router.

**Teacher ends slideshow** 



#### **TEACHER-LED ACTIVITY - 10mins**

#### **Teacher Initiates Screen Share**

## **CHALLENGE**

Learn about the working of routers.

#### **Teacher starts slideshow**



#### for slide 17 and slide 18.

Teacher Action	Student Action
In the last class, we learned how to create a Local Area Network using Switch. But the information present on a LAN can not be shared with the outside world. For example if in a school you have 2 labs and each lab has an individual LAN which are not connected with each other, then they can not share the information.	
But why do we want to do that? Why do we want to share the information with others? In our first class we learned that the Internet is a collection of computers and devices. These computers contain information which can be accessed from anywhere and anytime. For example all the youtube videos are stored on a computer called a server.	ESR: Varied

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Anyone can watch youtube videos.But how that actually works.

How can I connect with a server which is present in a different country?

Well that is where the routers come into picture.

To simplify, Router is a device which connects Multiple Local Area networks.

In this session we are going to learn how to Connect 2 Local Area networks using Router. So let's get started.

#### Teacher opens the Cisco packet tracer software.

First thing we need to do is create 2 Local Area Networks. That is very easy. We have done this before.

But I am not going to create both LANs. I will create 1 lan and connect that with the router then you are going to create the other and connect that with the router.

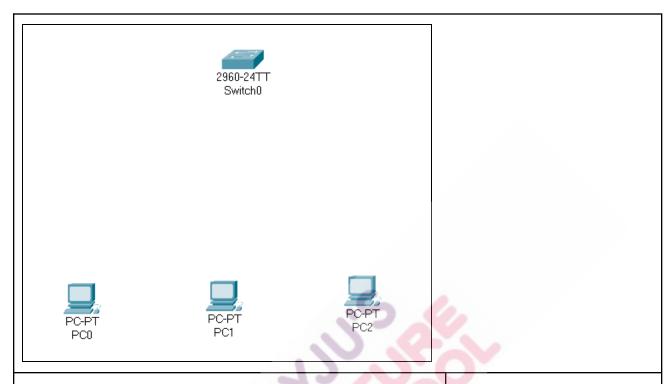
So what's the first thing we need to create the Local Area Network?

First of all we need a switch. And then we need 3 computers. We can use any number of computers but they should be 2 or more than 2.

Let's drag and drop 3 computers and a switch on the canvas.

**ESR:** Varied





#### Great!

We have our computers and the switch now let's connect them with each other.

Which type of cable do we use to connect the switch and the computer?

Very good!

But instead of manually selecting the cable let's click on the automatic selection.

This will choose the best cable according to the device and connect it to the appropriate port.

Which in our case is a fast Ethernet port.

Our switch and PC both have this port.PC only has 1 FastEthernet port but switch has multiple ethernet ports. You can check how many ports a switch has by hovering the mouse above the switch.

We connected the PC's but we still have orange dots on the cable.

Can you tell me why?

Switch takes some time to set up.

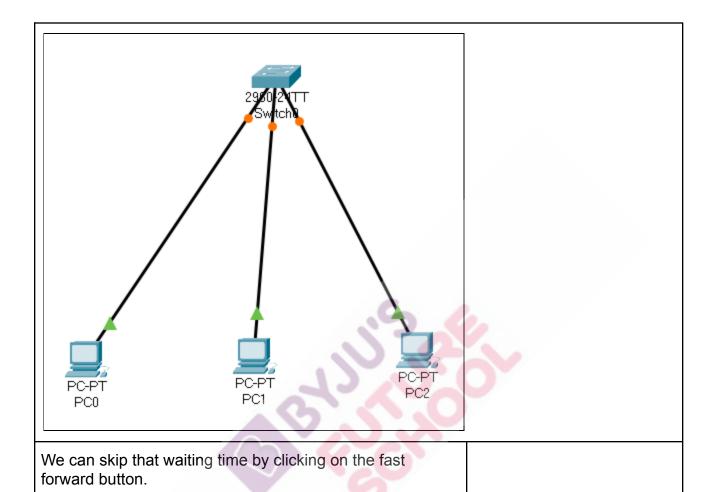
#### ESR:

Copper Straight through

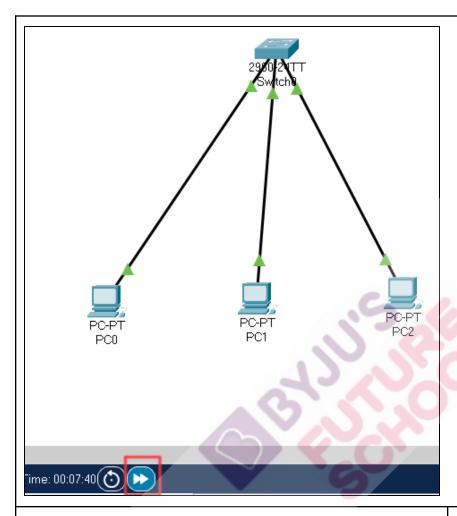
**ESR:** Varied

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We can see that we have a successful connection here. What's the next step here?

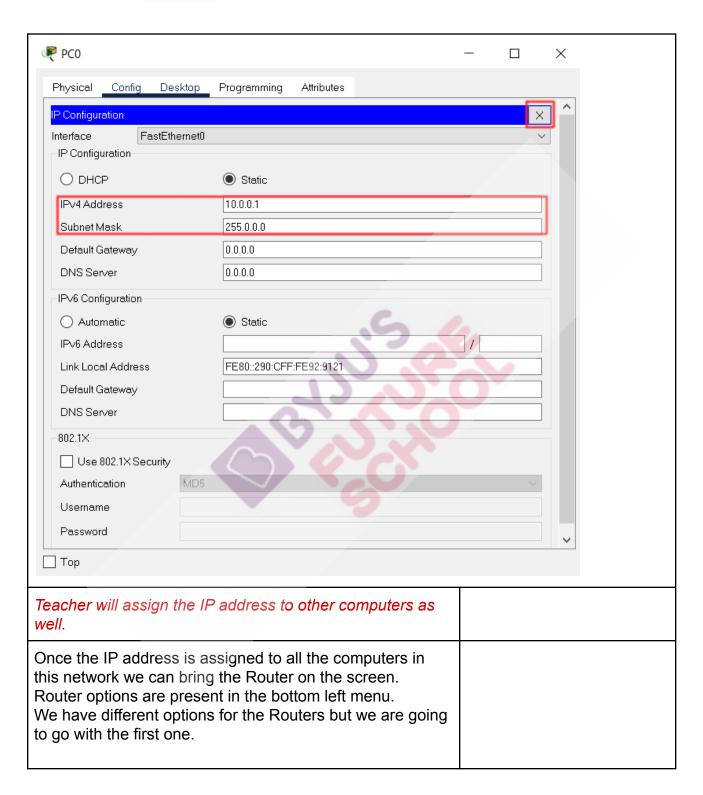
Yes!

Lets assign IP addresses to all the 3 computers. IP address for the computers on this network are going to be in order of 10.0.0.1 upto 10.0.0.3

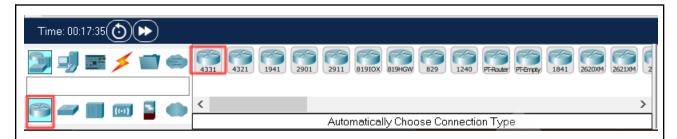
#### **ESR:**

Assign IP address to computers









Next step is to connect the Router with Switch.

The cable needed for this connection is also copper straight through.

But the port will be different on the router.

Our switch has the Fast Ethernet Port as well as Gigabit Ethernet port.

But router has only Gigabit Ethernet port

Difference between these 2 ports is that gigabit Ethernet is faster than fast ethernet.

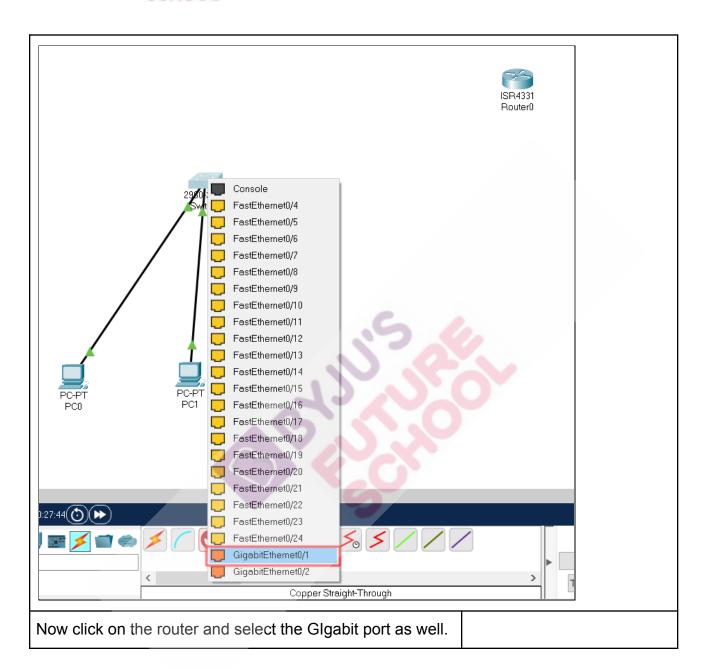
The maximum speed of data transmission on fast Ethernet is 100 MBPS but on the gigabit port it is 1000MBPS.

But there are other differences also such as gigabit is costly and it can be used to transmit data over long range(upto 70 km).

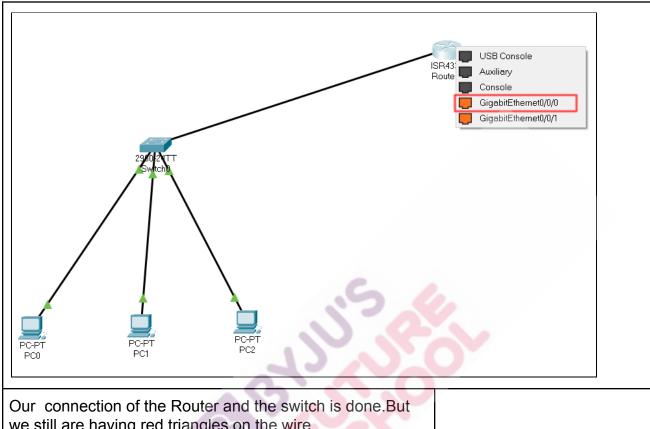
But fast ethernet can transmit over short distances only upto 10 KM.

In order to connect the 2 devices select the copper straight through cable and click on the switch. Here select the Gigabit port.



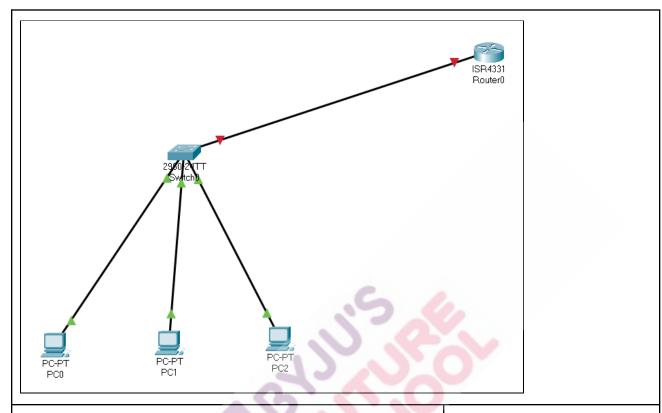






Our connection of the Router and the switch is done. But we still are having red triangles on the wire. Which means that these 2 devices are not connected properly.





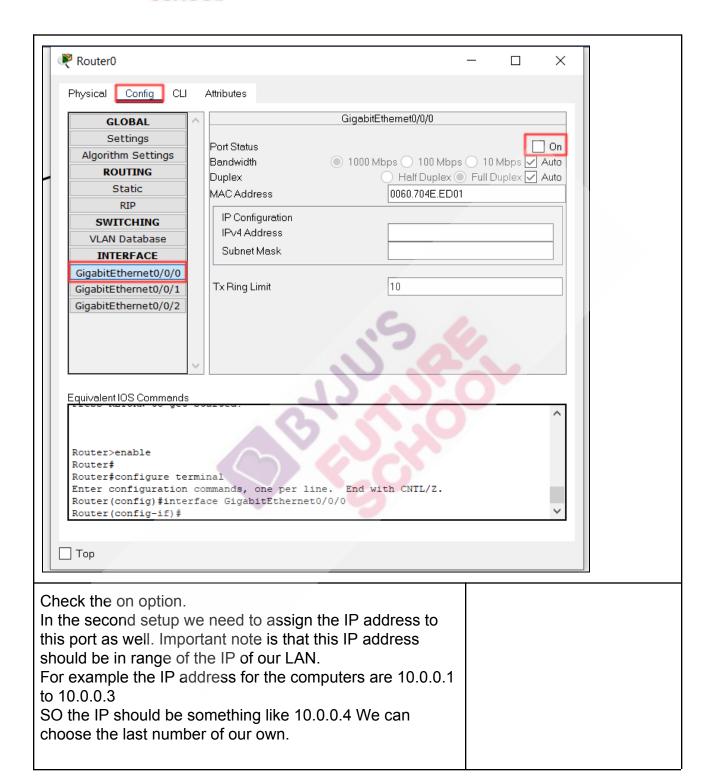
There are 2 steps we need to perform in order to bring the router online.

First is by default the port of the router is turned off. We need to turn that On.

For that double click on the router and go to the config tab and then in the bottom left select the gigabit 0 port.

Here you have the option to turn it on.

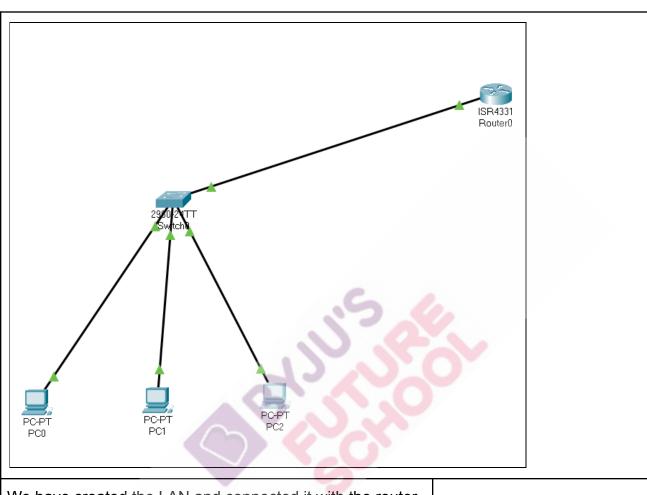






Physical Config CLI	Attributes			_
GLOBAL	Gigabi	tEthernet0/0/0		
Settings	Port Status		☑ (	On
Algorithm Settings ROUTING	Bandwidth	Mbps () 100 Mbps () 10		
Static	Duplex	Half Duplex Full C	)uplex 🗸 Au	ito
RIP	MAC Address	0060.704E.ED01		
SWITCHING	IP Configuration			
VLAN Database	IPv4 Address	10.0.0.4		
INTERFACE	Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0		
GigabitEthernet0/0/0	L			
GigabitEthernet0/0/1	Tx Ring Limit	10		
GigabitEthernet0/0/2				
•	<u> </u>			- 1
Equivalent IOS Commands				
Direct contrigatacton	face GigabitEthernet0/0/0	TOIL ONILLY DI		$\overline{A}$
Router (config-if) #no				
Router(config-if)#	erface GigabitEthernet0/0/0,			
*LINK-5-CHANGED: Int	eriace GigabitEthernetU/U/U,	changed state to up		
	Line protocol on Interface G	igabitEthernet0/0/0,	changed	
state to up ip address 10.0.0.4	255.0.0.0			
Router(config-if)#				<u>~</u>
Тор				
J P				





We have created the LAN and connected it with the router. But we need the other LAN as well and that lan should also be connected to the router. Then we will be able to share the information between these 2 networks.

Do you want to create another network? Greate Please share your screen with me. ESR: Yes



## **Teacher Stops Screen Share**

#### **STUDENT-LED ACTIVITY - 20mins**

- Ask the student to press the ESC key to come back to the panel.
- Guide the student to start Screen Share.
- The teacher gets into Fullscreen.

## **Teacher starts slideshow**



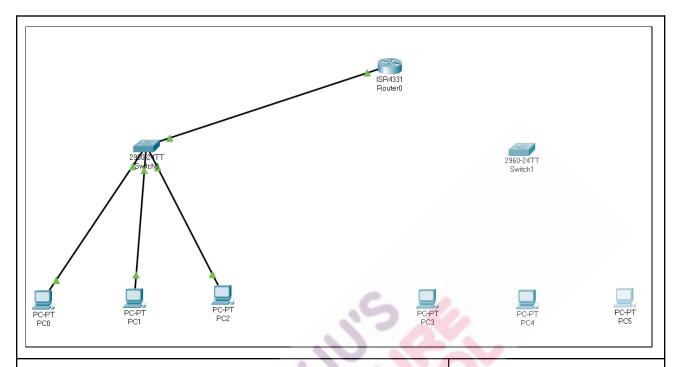
for slide 19.

#### **ACTIVITY**

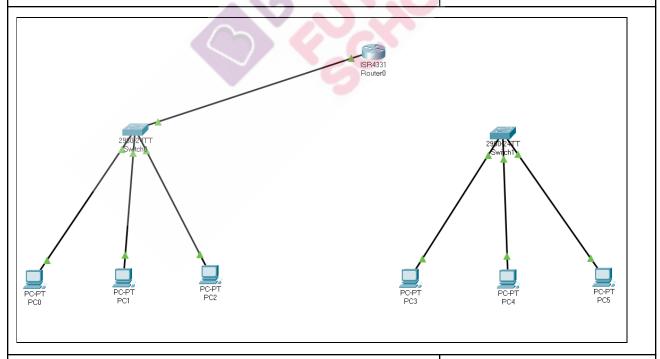
- Create LAN and connect with the router.
- Perform ping test.

Teacher Action	Student Action	
We have a LAN that is connected to a router. Let's create one more LAN first and then connect that with the router, so that both of these networks can share information with each other.	Student downloads the Student Activity 1 file and opens it in the Cisco packet tracer.	
Drag and drop a switch and 3 computers on the canvas.		





Connect the computers with Switch using copper straight through cable..



Now we need to assign IP addresses to these computers.

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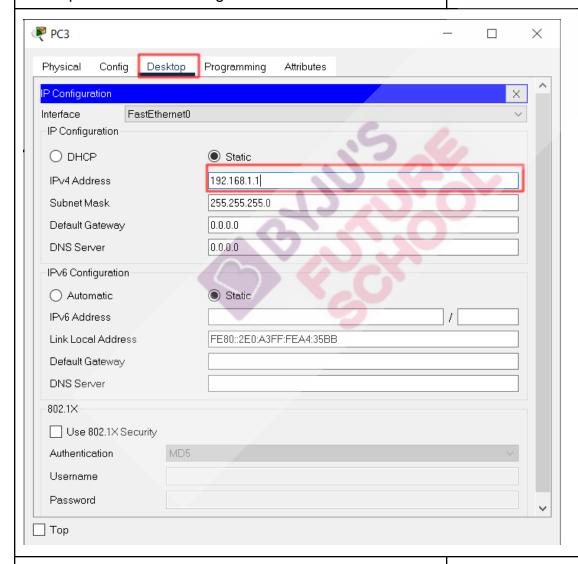
For this network we are going to keep the IP address as

192.168.1.1,

192.168.1.2,

192.168.1.3

Double click on the first computer and then go to the desktop and then select the IP configuration tab. In the ipv4 address tab assign the IP as 192168.1.1



Now we need to assign the IP address to other computers as well.

Make sure that IP addresses are in the same order.

Student will assign the IP address to other 2

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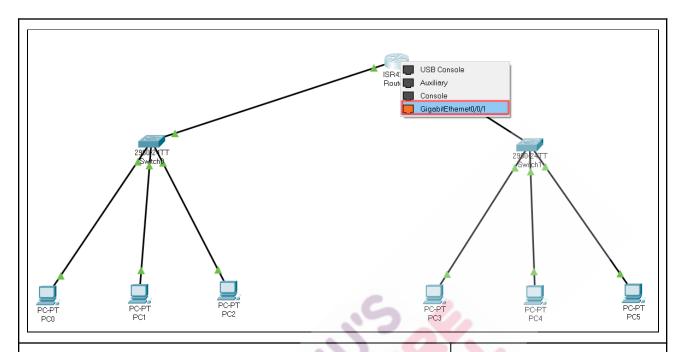
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computers well in the same order. Now once all the computers are assigned the IP address we can now connect the switch with the router. Can you please tell me the process to do that? **ESR:** First we need to connect the router and switch using the Varied copper straight through cable and the cable is connected to Gigabit ethernet port on both ends. Great, let's do that first. FastEthernet0/4 FastEthernet0/5 FastEthernet0/6 FastEthernet0/7 FastEthernet0/8 FastEthernet0/9 FastEthernet0/10 FastEthernet0/11 FastEthernet0/12 FastEthernet0/13 FastEthernet0/14 FastEthernet0/15 FastEthernet0/16 FastEthernet0/17 FastEthernet0/18 FastEthernet0/19 FastEthernet0/20 FastEthernet0/21 FastEthernet0/22 FastEthernet0/23 Scenario 0 ∨ FastEthernet0/24 Delete GigabitEthernet0/1 Toggle PDU List Window GigabitEthernet0/2 Copper Straight-Through Now connect the cable on the router's gigabit ethernet port.

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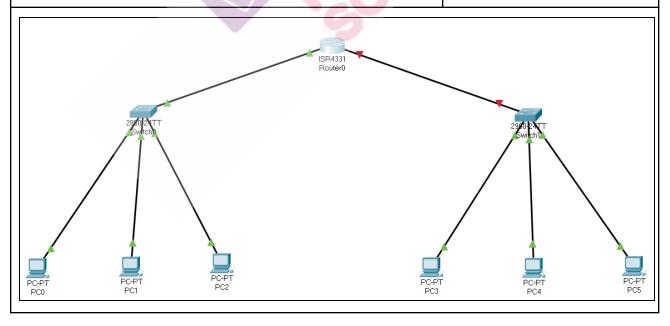




#### Well done!

We now have a network of 2 Local Area Networks. It is called WAN. Wide Area Network.

But our network is still not working. We can see the red triangles on the cables.



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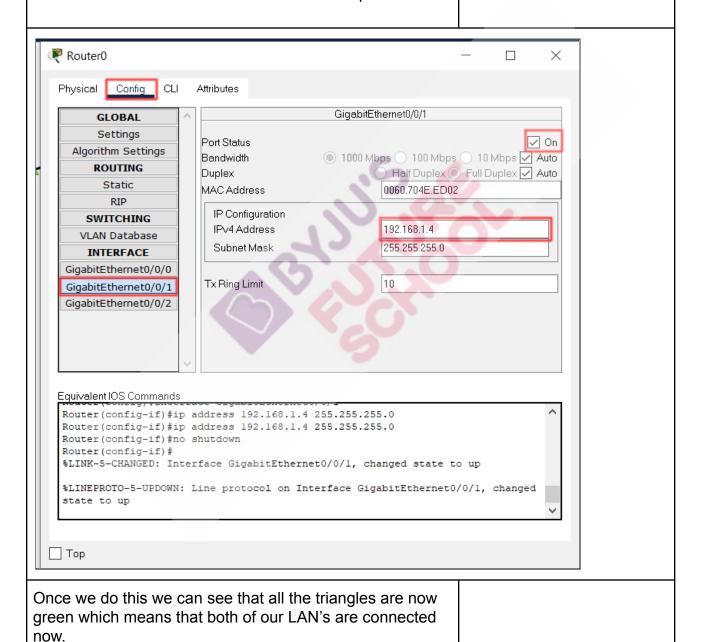


What do we need to do to sort this issue out?

We need to assign the IP address to the port on the router and turn that port On.

Double click on the router and then go to config Tab. Here select the gigabit ethernet port 2 and then assign the IP address as 192.168.1.4 and check the on option.

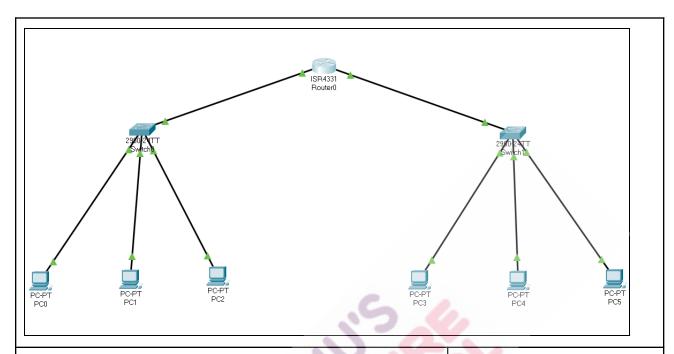
# **ESR:** Varied



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Now let's perform a ping test to see whether we can ping the computer on the right LAn from the left LAN.

Double click on any computer on the left LAN and then

Double click on any computer on the left LAN and then open the command prompt.

First we will check the IP address of this computer. Can you tell me the command to do that? Very good.

Let's type ipconfig and press enter. This will show us the IP address of this computer.

**ESR:** ipconfig





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This shows request time out.

This happens when the computers are not connected with each other.

But we have connected all the computers and the switch properly. Then set the IP address to the router as well. Then why is this not working?

When our computer connects with the internet. The first device it connects with is our router.

Our router has an IP address which we also assigned here.

But our computer doesn't know about this IP address of the router.

They don't know that this router exists. To overcome this problem we need to tell our computers about the router and it's IP address.

This is called the default gateway. This is the first device in the way to connect with the internet. Usually in the real world when you connect with your router. It will automatically assign the IP address and the default gateway.

But since we are in a simulated environment. We have to do this manually.

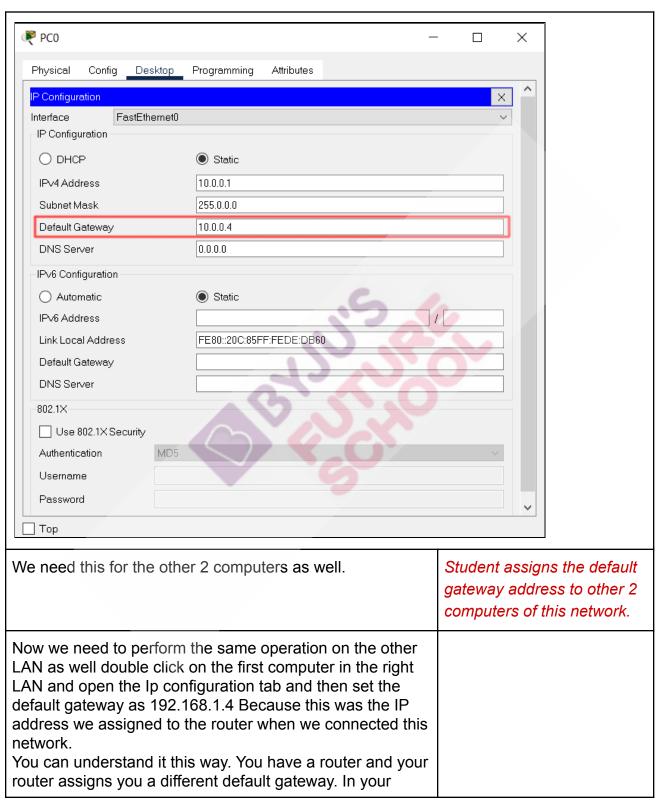
Double click on the first computer on the left network and go to the IP configuration window.

There is a tab named default gateway.

In this write the IP address we assigned in the router. Which is **10.0.0.4** 

Note: Default Gateway should be same as the IP address assigned to the router.

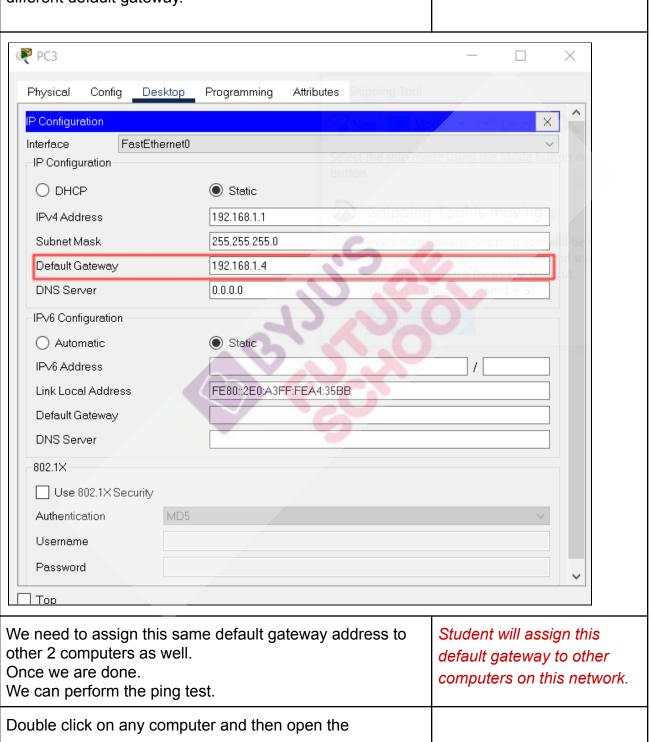




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friend's home they have a router and their router assigns a different default gateway.



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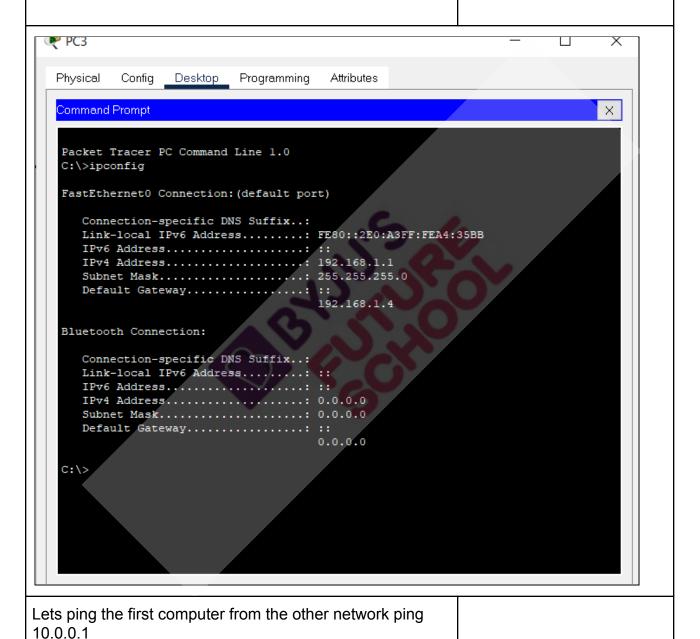
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command prompt.

First let's test the IP address of this computer.

Using ipconfig



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```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1

Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

And here we can see that our first data packet failed but rest 3 came through.

This is very common when we set up the network. We lose the data packet on our first ping.

So let's ping one more time to see if everything is working fine or not.

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.1
Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=127
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 2ms</pre>
C:\>
```

On our second ping we can see that all the packets are sent and received. It means our network is working fine. What we have created here is a Wide Area Network. If we connect a lot of networks like this we will have something called as INTERNET

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In this we have learned how to set up a router and connect multiple LAN's with it.

We also learned about the default gateway and how it plays an important role in connecting the computer to the internet.

Teacher Guides Student to Stop Screen Share		
WRAP-UP SESSION - 5 Mins		
Teacher starts slideshow from slide 20 to slide 31		
Activity details	Solution/Guidelines	
Run the presentation from slide 20 to slide 31  Following are the warm up session deliverables:  • Explain the facts and trivias  • Next class challenge  • Project for the day  • Additional Activity	Guide the student to develop the project and share with us.	
Quiz time - Click on in-class quiz		
Question	Answer	
Which type of cable do we use to connect the switch and the computer?  A. Copper Straight through  B. crossover cables  C. Ethernet cable  D. LAN cable	A	



How many data packets do we send when we ping a computer?  A. 4  B. 6  C. 1  D. 3	A
What is the default gateway? A. Address of switch B. Mac address of router C. Mac address of switch D. IP address of router.	D
End the quiz panel	
FEEDBACK	
<ul> <li>FEEDBACK</li> <li>Appreciate the student for their efforts in the class</li> <li>Ask the student to make notes for the reflection they wrote in today's class.</li> </ul>	ournal along with the code
<ul> <li>FEEDBACK</li> <li>Appreciate the student for their efforts in the class</li> <li>Ask the student to make notes for the reflection</li> </ul>	ournal along with the code
FEEDBACK  • Appreciate the student for their efforts in the class • Ask the student to make notes for the reflection they wrote in today's class.  × End Class	ournal along with the code



What aspects of the class helped me? What did I find difficult?

Activity Name	Description	Link
Student Activity 1	Template	https://drive.google.com/file/d/10Ptf_JSJpv51TVOnSsjQ9k_Jl6nf31peU/view?usp=sharing
Solution	Solution Link	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ip5PIS5dOUAMxEl6cdQGLc-ksrXAwTfd/view?usp=sharing
In class quiz	In class Quiz	https://docs.google.com/docu ment/d/1LDyDaGdy00OXZoo LwFHdGqo4BockJKttGt0p6ts CLvA/edit