REGRESSION WITH THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

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Introduction

- ▶ When Xs are not numeric but nominal
- ► Each nominal or categorical variable is converted into dummy variables
- ▶ Dummy Variables will take values 0 or 1
- ▶ Number of dummy variables for one X variable is to number of distinct values of that variable 1

Exercise:

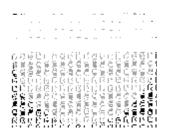
- ▶ A study was conducted to measure the effect of gender and income on attitude towards vocation. Data was collected from 30 respondents and is given in vocation_dummy_reg.csv file.
- ► Attitude towards vocation is measured on a 9 point scale. Gender is coded as male =1 and female =2
- ▶ Income is coded as low=1, medium=2 and high =3
- ▶ Develop a model for attitude towards vocation in terms of gender and income

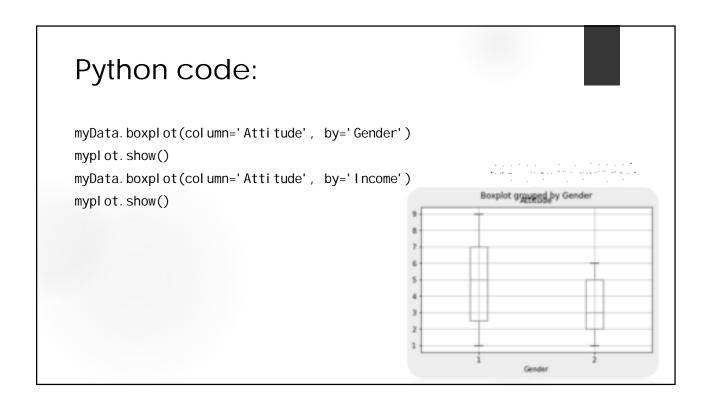
Python code:

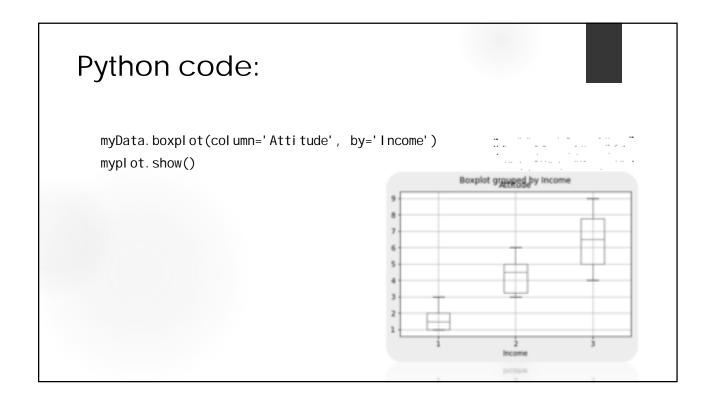
income=myData.Income

atti tude=myData. Atti tude

import pandas as mypanda
from scipy import stats
import matplotlib.pyplot as myplot
from statsmodels.formula.api import ols
myData=mypanda.read_csv('vocation_dummy_Reg.csv')
myData
gender=myData.Gender







mymodel =ol s('attitude ~ C(gender)+C(income)', myData). fit() mymodel . summary() pred=mymodel . predict() pred res=attitude-pred stats. probpl ot(res, pl ot=mypl ot) mypl ot. show()

0.0

