

Windows OS Concepts

DevOps Training

OPERATING SYSTEM FUNDAMENTALS

- I. Components of an OS
- 2. Functions of an OS
- 3. Types of OS
- 4. Command-line tools

THE THREE ELEMENTS OF AN OS

- User Interface The part of the OS that you interface with.
- Kernel The core of the OS. Interacts with the BIOS (at one end), and the UI (at the other end).
- File Management System Organizes and manages files.

OPERATING SYSTEM KEY FUNCTIONS

- File Management
- Application Management
- Built-in Utility Programs
- Control of Computer Hardware

OPERATING SYSTEM SUPPORTS

- Multiuser Two or more users work with the computer at the same time
- Multitasking Two or more processes running at the same time.
- Multithreading Two or more parts of the same process running at the same time.

OPERATING SYSTEM TYPES EXAMPLES

- Microsoft Windows
- MacIntosh OS
- Linux

Journey of Windows OS

Home (Non-Professional) Versions & Professional (Business) Versions

Windows 95

Windows 98

Windows Me

Windows NT

Windows 2000

Windows XP (2001), Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10

With windows server 2019 as latest server version

DISK OPERATING SYSTEM (DOS)

- The first PC Operating System (1981)
- Not a Multitasking OS, only one program could run at a time
- A command-line interface, no GUI.
- Early versions of Windows sat on top of DOS and used it to communicate with the BIOS.
- Windows XP communicates directly with the BIOS, but allows commands to be entered via a command prompt.

WINDOWS REGISTERED FILE TYPES

- A particular file extension can be **registered** and **associated** with a particular program.
 - .docx files are associated with MS Word
 - .xlsx files are associated with MS Excel
 - .txt files are associated with Notepad
 - .html files are associated with IE

This is how Windows knows what to do when you double-click a file in My Computer.

DOS COMMANDS

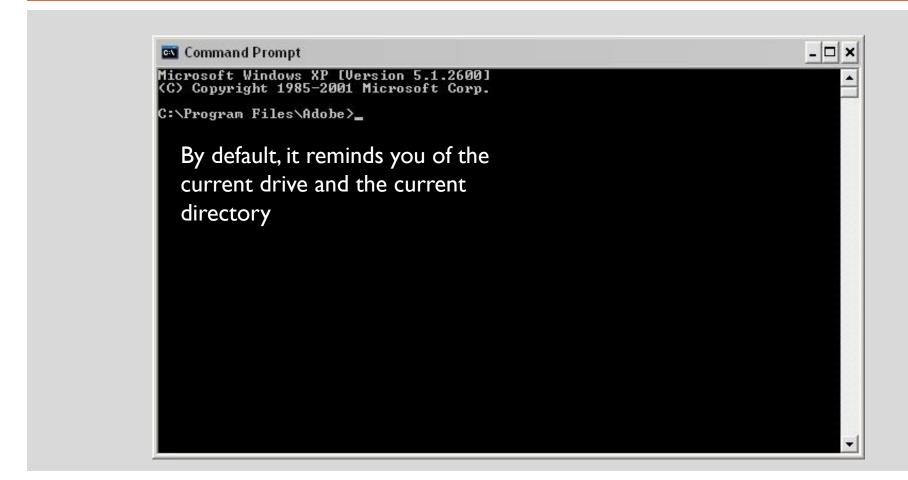
Two types – Internal and External

Internal commands are resident in the main kernel file: command.com (or cmd.exe)

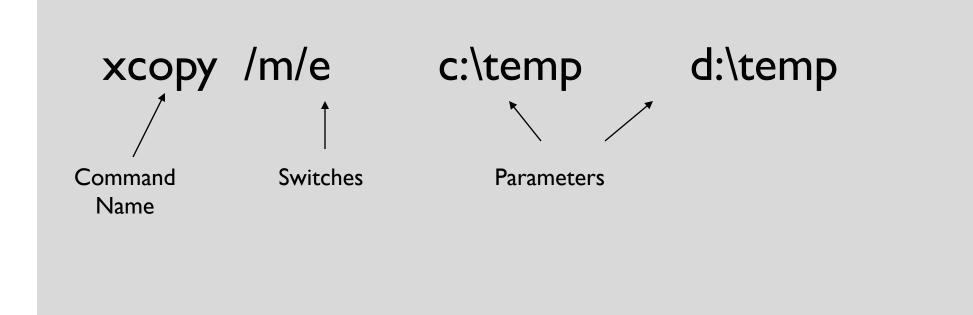
External commands are separate little programs.

It's important to learn DOS commands because you can write scripts to execute a set of commands automatically.

DOS COMMANDS



THREE PARTS OF A DOS COMMAND



DOS WILDCARD CHARACTERS

The "*" wildcard replaces any number of characters.

copy c:\temp\notes.* d:\temp
(copy all files with the name "notes" and any extension.)

copy *.doc c:\temp (copy all files with a "doc" extension in the current directory.)

AT THE COMMAND PROMPT

A drive letter and a ":" (e.g. "f:") makes that your current drive.

CD (Change Directory)

cd (with no parameters) reminds you what the current directory is.

cd .. moves you to the parent of the current directory (up one level).

cd \ moves you to the root of the current drive.

cd <some directory> makes that your current directory.

DOS COMMANDS

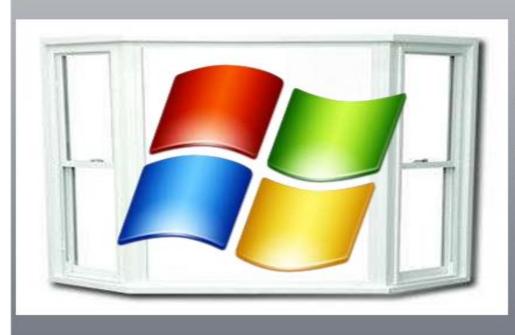
- MD Make directory.
- RD Remove a directory or an entire directory tree.
- DIR Display the contents of a directory.
- DEL (or ERASE) Deletes one or more files.
- COPY Places a copy of file(s) in a different folder.
- XCOPY Flexible copy command used for copying large groups of files, commonly used for file backup.

DOS COMMANDS

- MOVE Moves file(s) from one folder to another.
- REN(AME) Renames file(s).
- ATTRIB Displays or sets file attributes.
- FORMAT Formats a disk.
- CHKDSK Tests the file system on a disk, and reports status.
- DATE and TIME Display & set the current date & time in the PC.
- TYPE Displays the contents of a text file.

WINDOWS SERVICES

WHAT IS WINDOWS SERVICES?



Windows Services

- A.K.A NT Services
- long-running executable applications that run in their own Windows sessions
- Runs on background (no UI)
- Example services: DB Server, Anti-virus, SSH, HTTP, Printer Spooler, etc
- Configurable:
 - Runs on startup (computer boot)
 - Delay run
 - Manual / Auto run
 - Start with parameter
 - Starts for specific username
- An application can be programmable to run as a services via .NET (creating a Windows Service Application)

VIEW RUNNING SERVICES

- I. Command Prompt
- 2. Task Manager
- 3. Services Manager
- 4. Computer Manager
- C:\net start C:\net start | more

```
:\Users\pvale>net start | more
hese Windows services are started:
 Adobe Acrobat Update Service
 Application Information
 AtherosSvc
 AVCTP service
 Background Intelligent Transfer Service
 Background Tasks Infrastructure Service
 Base Filtering Engine
 Capability Access Manager Service
 CNG Key Isolation
 COM+ Event System
 Connected Devices Platform Service
 Connected Devices Platform User Service 4a1ab
 Connected User Experiences and Telemetry
 Contact Data 4a1ab
 CoreMessaging
 Credential Manager
  Cryptographic Services
```

SERVICE RUNNING STATUS

Service Status

- Started
- Pause
- Pending
- Stop

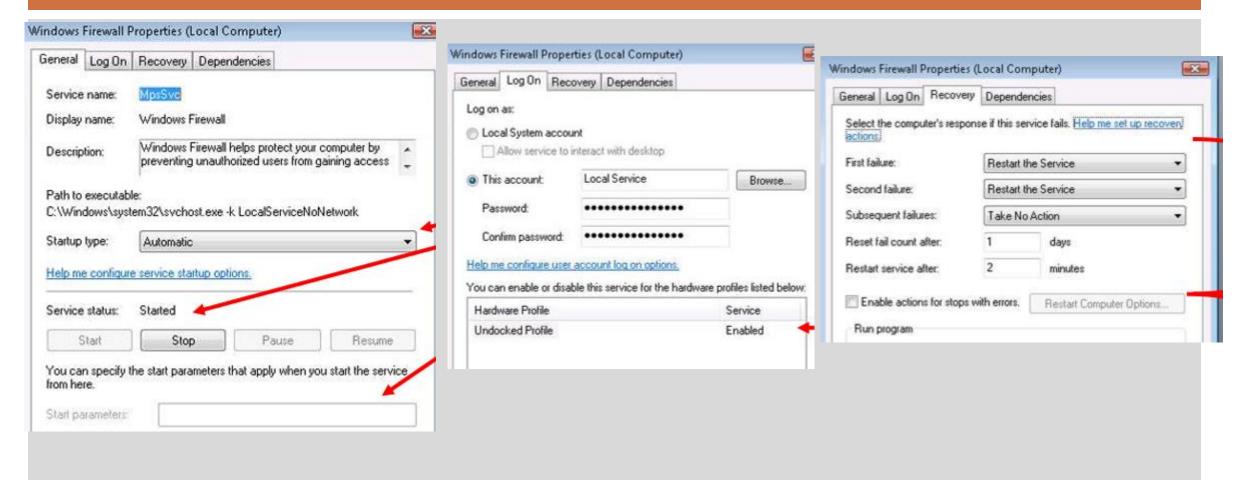
Service Start Mode

- Automatic
- Manual
- Delay Start
- Disabled

Start As/By

- Local System
- Local Service
- Network Service

SERVICE RUNNING OPTIONS



TASK LIST & PID

image Name	PID	Session Name	Session#	Mem Usage
System Idle Process		Services	0	8 K
ystem	4	Services	0	144 K
egistry	96	Services	0	99,152 K
mss.exe	412	Services	0	1,104 K
srss.exe	700	Services	0	5,060 K
srss.exe	792	Console	1	5,256 K
ininit.exe	816	Services	0	6,196 K
inlogon.exe	856	Console	1	12,992 K
ervices.exe	936	Services	0	8,756 K
sass.exe	944	Services	0	21,592 K
vchost.exe	544	Services	0	3,668 K
ontdrvhost.exe	568	Console	1	6,256 K
ontdrvhost.exe	596	Services	0	2,684 K
vchost.exe	652	Services	0	31,152 K
vchost.exe	572	Services	0	19,452 K
vchost.exe	1060	Services	0	7,348 K
wm.exe		Console	1	64,408 K
vchost.exe	1172	Services	0	4,292 K
vchost.exe	1252	Services	0	5,768 K
vchost exe	1332	Services	a	6 544 K

POWER SHELL

- PowerShell is a task-based command-line shell and scripting language built on .NET.
- PowerShell helps system administrators and power-users rapidly automate tasks that manage operating systems (Linux, macOS, and Windows) and processes

POWER SHELL INVOKE

```
Windows PowerShell
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\pvale> get-command *-service
                                                                  Version
                                                                             Source
CommandType
               Name
Cmdlet
               Get-Service
                                                                  3.1.0.0
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
               New-Service
                                                                  3.1.0.0
Cmdlet
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
               Restart-Service
Cmdlet
                                                                  3.1.0.0
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
Cmdlet
               Resume-Service
                                                                  3.1.0.0
Cmdlet
               Set-Service
                                                                  3.1.0.0
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
               Start-Service
Cmdlet
                                                                  3.1.0.0
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
Cmdlet
               Stop-Service
                                                                  3.1.0.0
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
                                                                  3.1.0.0
                                                                             Microsoft.PowerShell.Management
Cmdlet
               Suspend-Service
PS C:\Users\pvale> get-help get-service
NAME
   Get-Service
SYNTAX
   Get-Service [[-Name] <string[]>] [-ComputerName <string[]>] [-DependentServices] [-RequiredServices] [-Include
   <string[]>] [-Exclude <string[]>] [<CommonParameters>]
```



THANK YOU!

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