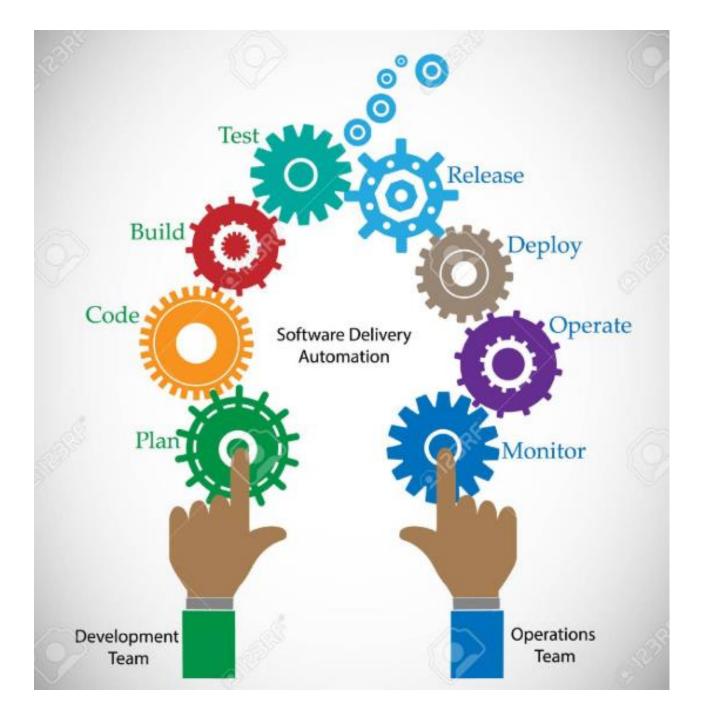


## DevOps Principles

DevOps Training

@COPYRIGHT OF WWW.CLOUDBEARERS.COM



#### What Is DevOps?

**DevOps** is a set of processes and practices to bridge the gap between Agile Software Development and Operations



### Why DevOps?

- Shorter Development Cycles
- Faster Innovation
- Reduce Implementation Failure
- Faster Recovery
- Better Communication and
  - Cooperation
- Reduce Costs

#### Why To Adopt to DevOps?

- The Shift of Focus From CI Pipelines to DevOps Assembly Lines
- Automation is the Primary Focus
- Testers Are Expected to Learn to Code
- Increase in Microservices (FaaS)
- Container orchestration with Kubernetes
- Infrastructure as a Service (laaS) push
- Automated DB Deployments
- Security across the process chain



# Benefits Of Being DevOps Engineer

- Niche Technology Skills
- High Market Demand
- Long Term Projects
- Higher Billing Rate
- Low Resource Pool
- Continue to learn CuttingEdge Technologies

#### Top 3 Delivery Challenges

- Release management— Better understanding of risks, dependencies, compliance issues
- Release/Deployment coordination—Better tracking of discrete activities, faster escalation of issues, documented process control and granular reporting
- Release/Deployment Automation— Usually have existing automation but want to flexibly manage and drive this automation that can be invoked by non-operations resources in specific non-production environments

#### Why Devops?

- Agile Development
   — Addresses the gap between customer requirements and dev + testing teams
   — Cross-functional teams to design, develop, and test features/stories prioritized by the PO (Customer)
   — Focuses more on functional and non-functional readiness
- DevOps—Addresses the gap between dev + testing and Ops— Automated release management—Focuses on functional and nonfunctional plus operational and business readiness—Intensifies reusability and automation

#### DEV And OPS

- Developers work with Ops to understand the impact of code changes
- Developers now work more closely with production-equivalent systems
- Developers focuses on metrics required by Ops team like PSR
- Ops now have more clarity on infrastructure needs
- More automation on deployment
- Closely monitors the Dev Test Prod pipeline for each deployment with immediate feedback
- Better collaboration and communication

## What are the roles of Devs and Ops?

#### Dev

- Create change
- Add or modify features

#### Ops

- Create stability
- Create or enhance services

## Dev Ops





X Access rights



## **Dev Ops**















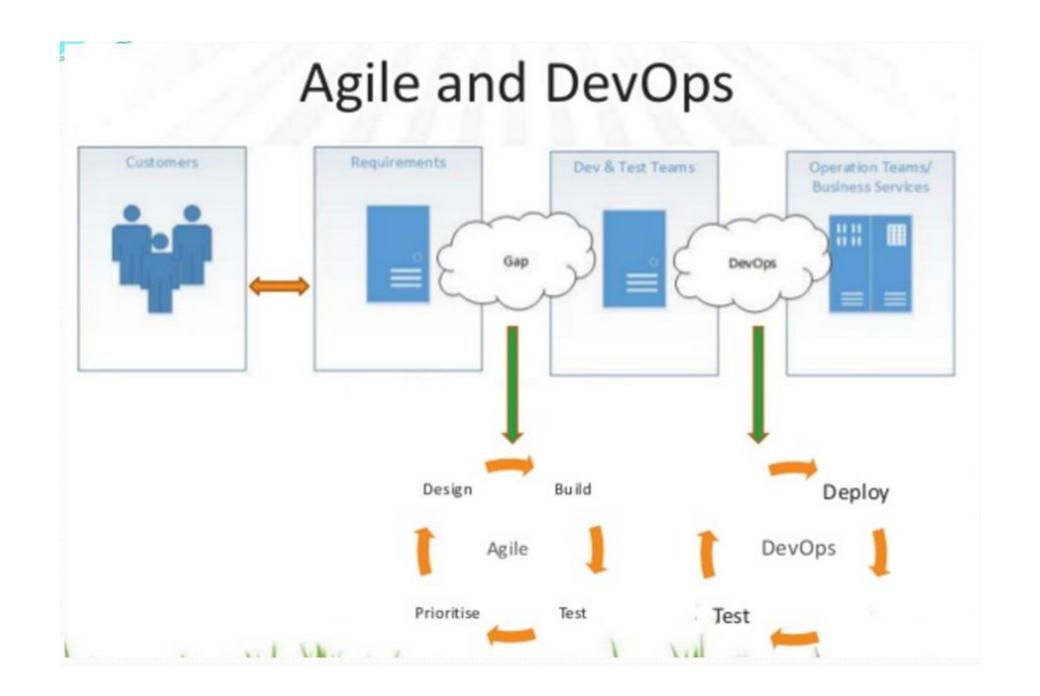


#### The Problem

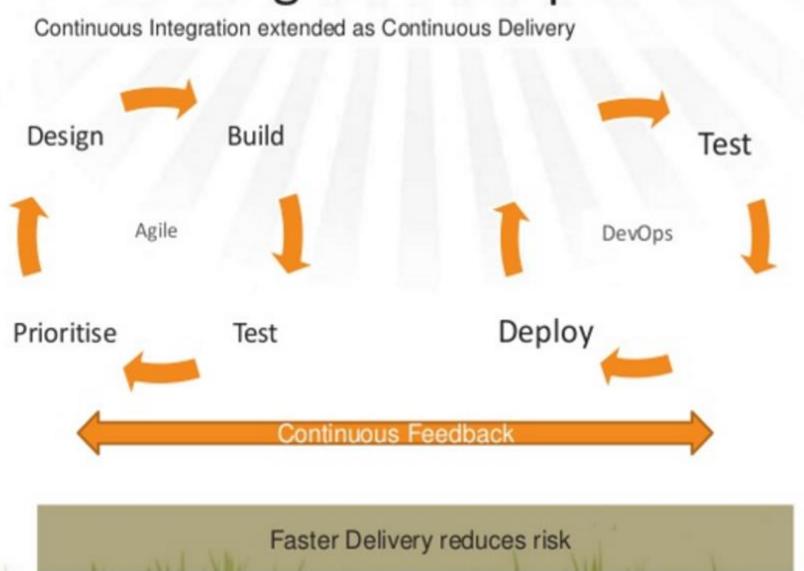
- Disconnect between the groups
- Results in conflict and inefficiencies

- Devs don't deploy consistent software
- Ops are motivated to resist change

- Development process is Agile
- Operations process is Static

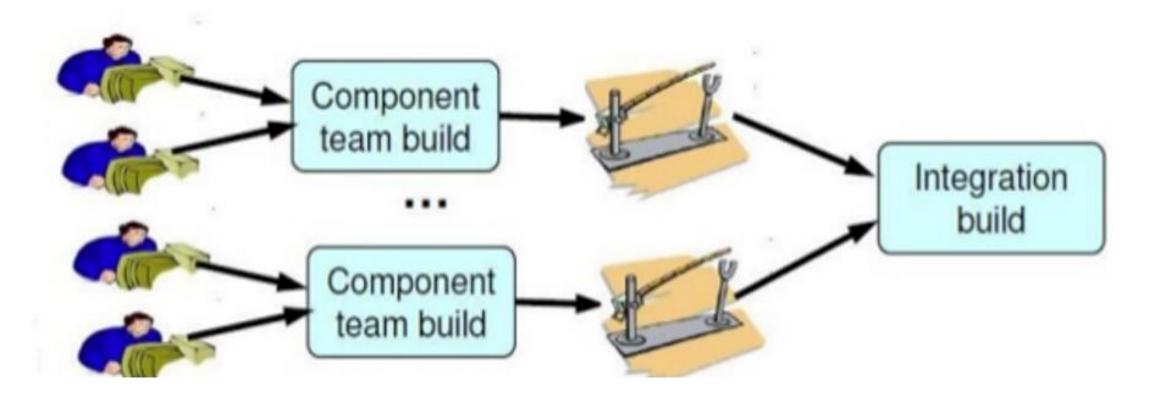


## Agile + DevOps



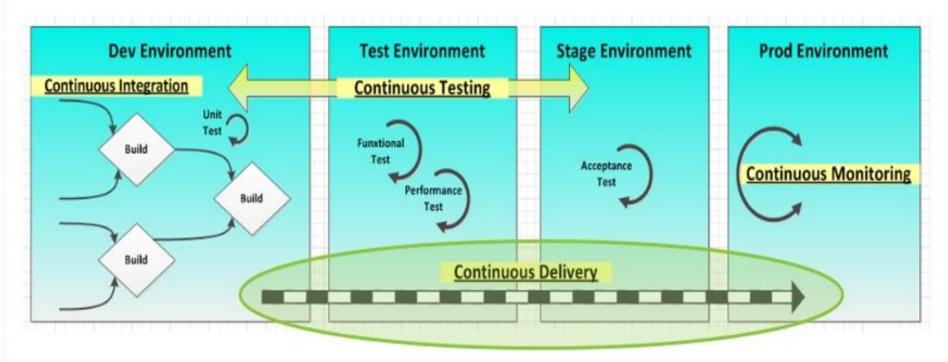
## Continuous Integration

 Integrate the code changes by each developer so that the main branch remains up-to-date

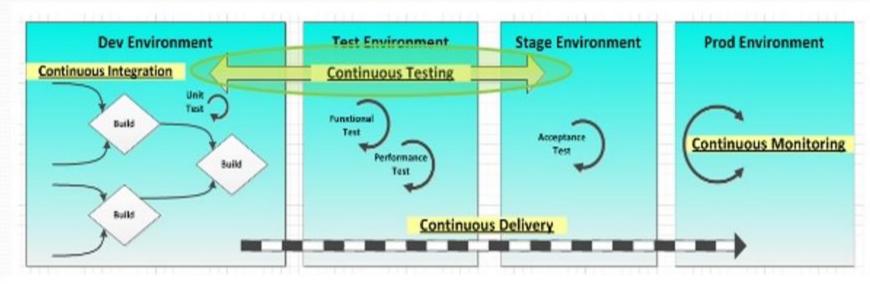


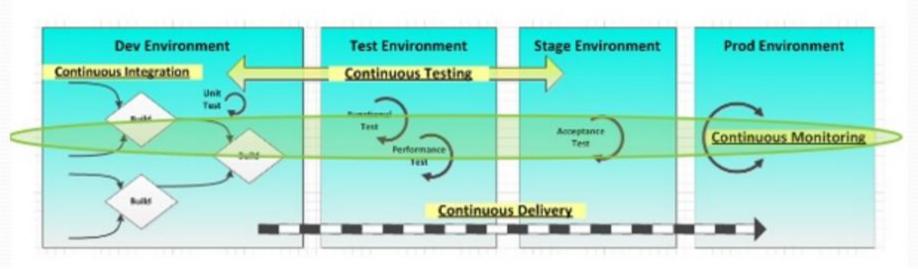
## **Continuous Delivery**

 Taking each CI build and run it through deployment procedures on production or production-equivalent environments.

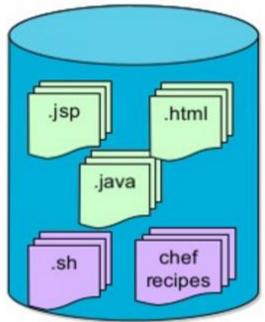


#### Continuous Testing and continuous Monitoring

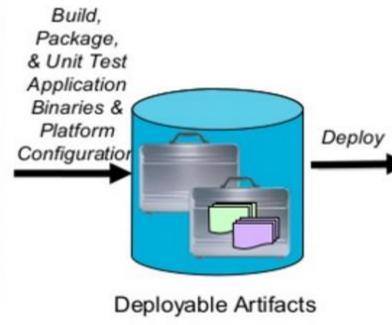




#### **Delivery Pipeline**



Source Artifacts Source Control Management



Library



Environment Running System



#### Common Elements of the Software Supply Chain

























## **DevOps Practices**

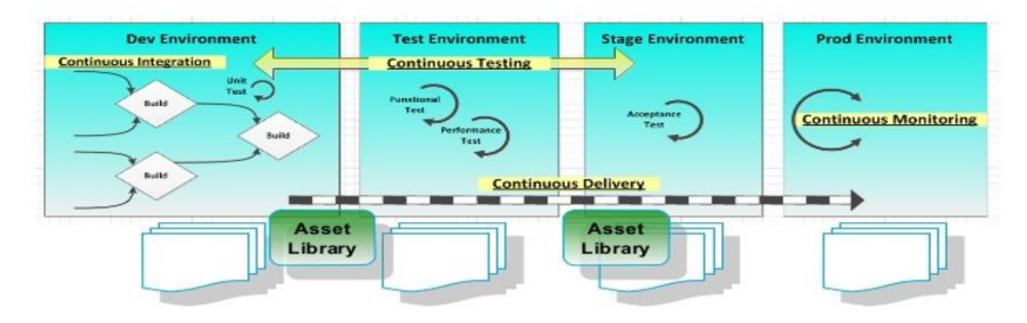
- Version Control For All
- Automated Testing
- Proactive Monitoring and Metrics
- Kanban/Scrum
- Visible Ops/Change Management
- Configuration Management
- Incident Command System
- Continuous Integration/Deployment/Delivery
- "Put Developers On Call"
- Virtualization/Cloud/Containers
- Toolchain Approach
- Transparent Uptime/Incident Retrospectives

# Key Technical Capabilities of DevOps

- Version Control Systems Git, GitHub, Artifactory, Nexus
- Automation / Scripting Python, Ruby, Bash, Linux Administrations etc
- Build Tools Maven, Ant
- CI Tools Jenkins, Team city, Bamboo
- App/Web Servers Deployment Automation
- Infrastructure Provisioning and Management Puppet, Chef, Ansible, Docker
- Cloud AWS
- Daily Ops

#### The Variants of Continuous Delivery



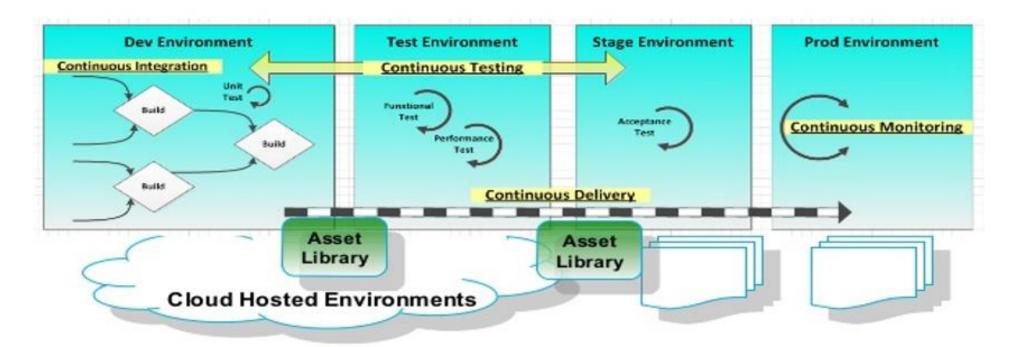


2. Deploy to Dev, QA and Prod hosted on Physical Servers (no Cloud)



#### The Variants of Continuous Delivery





3. Deploy to Dev and QA hosted on Private or Public Cloud. Prod is on-prem physical servers (very common) Innovate2013

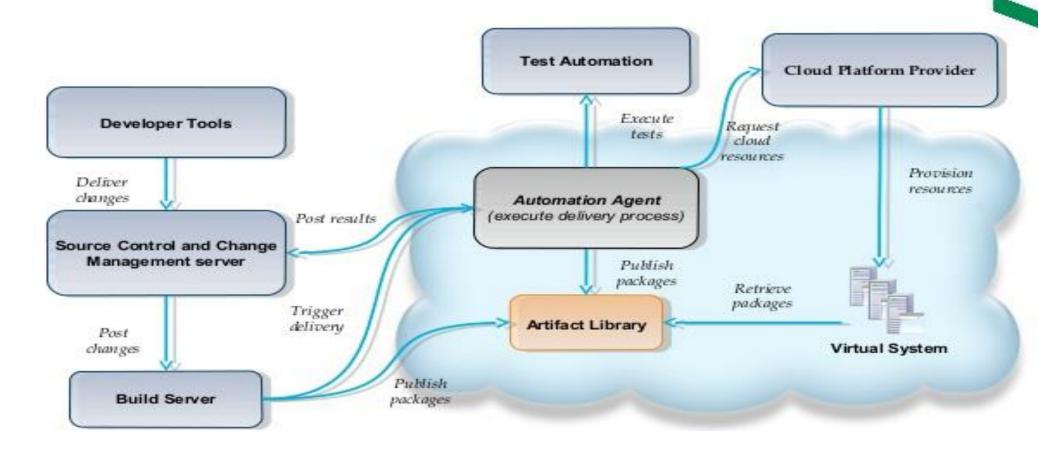
#### Continuous Delivery Adoption Maturity



- Common Source Control
  - Automated Builds (Build Definitions)
    - Continuous Integration (CI)
      - Automated Delivery
        - Continuous Delivery to Test (CD)
          - Continuous Delivery to Production-like
            Systems (Infrastructure as Code)
            - Continuous Delivery thru Prod (Cloud based)



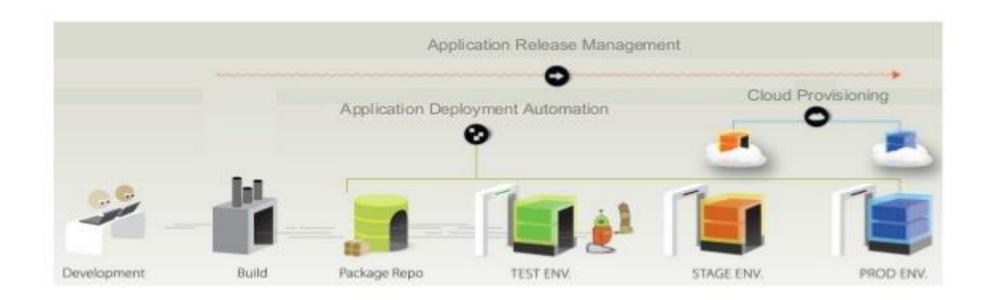
#### Continuous Delivery flow





#### DevOps Tool Chain







#### Accelerate Flow To Production

- Reduce batch size
- Automated environments mean identical dev/test/prod environments
- Create safety through automation
  - Continuous Integration/Testing
  - Automated Regression Testing
  - Continuous Delivery
  - Continuous Deployment
  - Feature Flags (A/B testing)
  - Security Testing

#### Metrics

- Capture, learn, improve.
- Assists in:
  - Capacity Planning
  - Trend Analysis
  - Fault Finding

- Simple as saving Tomcat access info
- Plotted on a graph over time

#### Before

- Talk about functional requirements
- Talk about non-functional requirements
  - Security
  - Backups
  - Availability
  - Upgradeability
  - Configuration Mgmt
  - Monitoring
  - Logging
  - Metrics

## During

- Communication
- Source Control
- Automate Builds
- Automate Tests
- Automate Deployments (Dev, Test and Prod)
- Collate App and System Metrics

## **After**

- Release
  - Retrospective Meetings
  - Continue to Run Tests
  - Monitor Applications and Systems
- ISSUES (Yes, they do happen)
  - Post Mortem Meetings

# Dev Ops

A <u>culture</u> and mindset for collaborating between developers and operations



#### THANK YOU!

training@laksans.com

@copyright of www.cloudbearers.com