## **Example: Finding Regression Coefficient**

We will compute the regression coefficient (slope) in a simple linear regression example step by step.

# **Example Data**

X (Hours studied)	Y (Exam score)		
1	2		
2	4		
3	5		
4	4		
5	5		

#### **Regression Equation**

We want the regression line: Y = a + bX, where:

- b = regression coefficient (slope)
- a = intercept

#### **Step 1: Compute Means**

$$\bar{X} = (1+2+3+4+5)/5 = 3$$

$$\bar{Y} = (2+4+5+4+5)/5 = 4$$

### Step 2: Formula for slope b

$$b = \Sigma(Xi - \bar{X})(Yi - \bar{Y}) / \Sigma(Xi - \bar{X})^2$$

### **Step 3: Table of calculations**

X	Y	X - X	Y - Ÿ	$(X-\bar{X})(Y-\bar{Y})$	$(X-\bar{X})^2$
1	2	-2	-2	4	4
2	4	-1	0	0	1
3	5	0	1	0	0
4	4	1	0	0	1
5	5	2	1	2	4

Sum 6 10

# **Step 4: Compute slope**

$$b = 6/10 = 0.6$$

# **Step 5: Compute intercept**

$$a = \bar{Y} - b\bar{X} = 4 - (0.6)(3) = 2.2$$

# **Final Regression Equation**

$$Y = 2.2 + 0.6X$$