Section A: [12 Marks]

This section contains 12 multiple-choice questions, 1 mark each. All questions are mandatory.

- 1. What is the default value of a boolean variable in Java?
- a) true
- b) 1
- c) false
- d) null
- 2. What does the super keyword refer to in Java?
- a) The current object
- b) A static method
- c) The parent class
- d) A subclass constructor
- 3. What is the purpose of the final keyword when applied to a variable in Java?
- a) It cannot be modified after initialization
- b) It can only be accessed in the main method
- c) It becomes accessible by all classes
- d) It is used to define a constructor
- 4. What will be the output

```
int a = 5;
int b = 10;
System.out.println(a++ +++b);
```

- a) 15
- b) 16
- c) 17
- d) 18

- 5. Which of the following allows runtime polymorphism in Java?
- a) Method overloading
- b) Method overriding
- c) Constructor overloading
- d) Static method calls
- 6. What will be the output of the code

```
int[] nums = {1, 2, 3, 4};
System.out.println(nums[4]);
```

- a) 4
- b) 0
- c) ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
- d) Compile-time error
- 7. Which keyword is used to define a subclass in Java?
- a) inherits
- b) extends
- c) implements
- d) inheritsFrom
- 8. Which concept allows a child class to provide a specific implementation of a method already defined in the parent class?
- a) Method Overloading
- b) Abstraction
- c) Inheritance
- d) Method Overriding

9. What is the output of the following code?

```
Integer num1 = new Integer(100);
 Integer num2 = new Integer(100);
 System.out.println(num1.equals(num2));
a) true
b) false
c) Compile error
d) null
10. Which loop is guaranteed to run at least once?
a) for
b) while
c) do-while
d) if
11. Which operator is used to check for equality of object references?
a) =
b) equals()
c) ==
d) !=
```

12. What will be the output?

```
int a = 5, b = 12;
a = a + b;
b = a - b;
a = a - b;
System.out.println("a: " + a + ", b: " + b);
```

- a) a: 17, b: 5
- b) a: 12, b: 5
- c) a: 5, b: 12
- d) a: 12, b: 17

Section B: [10 Marks]

Q1. Explain the concept of inheritance in Object-Oriented Programming. Also, list and explain the types of inheritance supported in Java with examples.

[5 Marks]

Q2. What is a Polymorphism? Explain the type with example.

[5 Marks]

Section C: [8 Marks]

Answer any 4

- 1. Constructor
- 2. If else
- 3. Interface
- 4. Jump Statement

Section D: [20 Marks]

Design and implement a Java program to calculate the commission for salespeople based on their type and sales performance.

- Salesperson Class:
 - o String name
 - o int salespersonId
 - double calculateCommission()
- FullTimeSalesperson Class (inherits from Salesperson):
 - double baseSalary
 - o double salesAmount
 - o double commissionRate

- double calculateCommission()
- PartTimeSalesperson Class (inherits from Salesperson):
 - o double hourlyRate
 - o int hoursWorkedPerMonth
 - double calculateCommission()
- 2. Design and implement a Java program to calculate the fuel efficiency of different types of vehicles using interfaces.
 - Vehicle Interface:
 - Method: double calculateFuelEfficiency()
 - Car Class (implements Vehicle interface):
 - double distance
 - double fuelUsed
 - Implements calculateFuelEfficiency() as: distance / fuelUsed
 - Bike Class (implements Vehicle interface):
 - double distance
 - o double fuelUsed
 - Implements calculateFuelEfficiency() as: distance / fuelUsed

Create a main class to process a the calculation