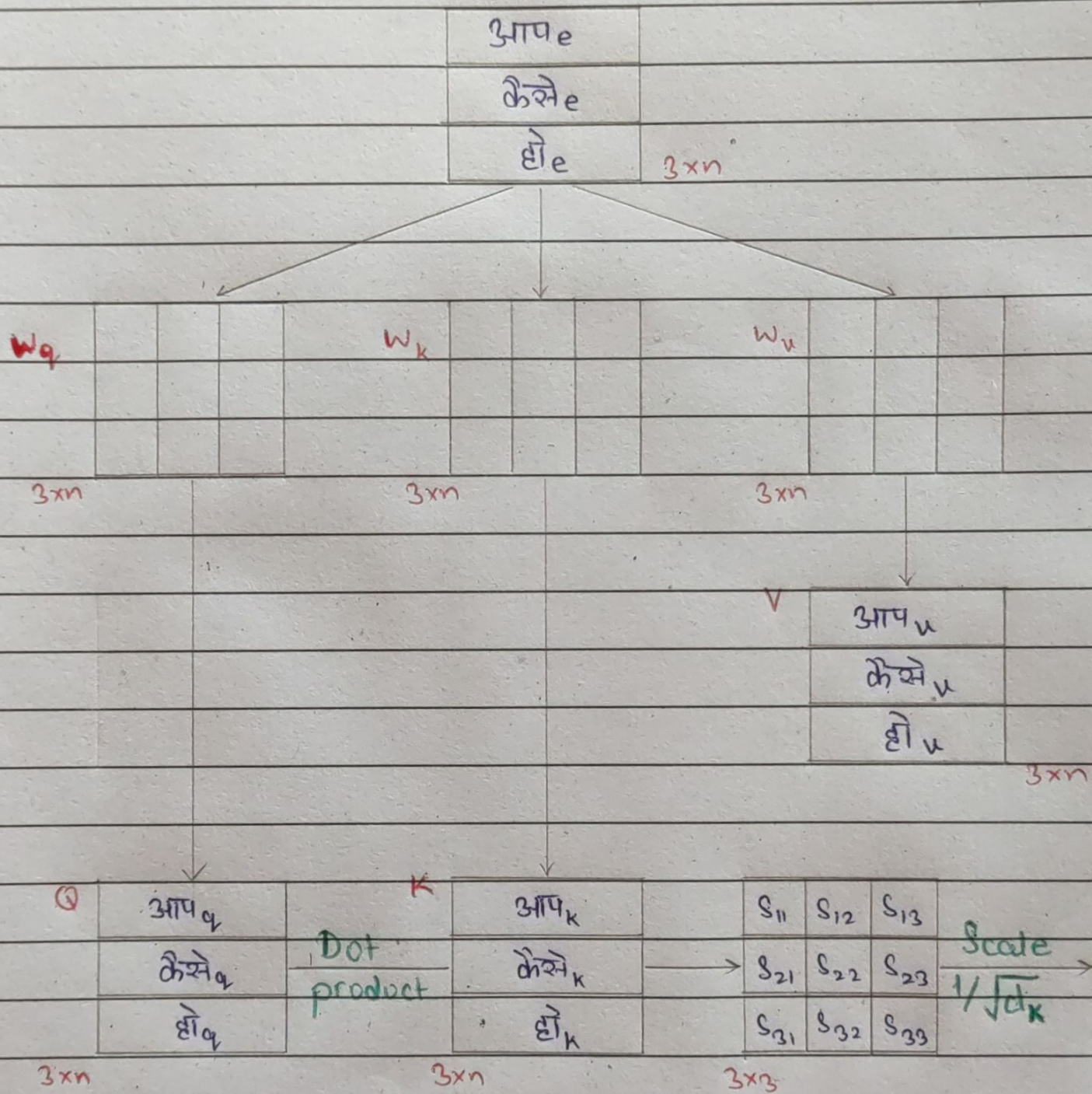




Consider the input sequence to be "How are you" with output sequence to be "आप कैसे हो". Let the embeddings of output sequence with positional encoding be आप<sub>e</sub>, कैसे<sub>e</sub>, हो<sub>e</sub>.



\*  $d_k$ : Dimension of key vectors in K-Matrix.

When using normal self-attention:

$S'_{11}$	$S'_{12}$	$S'_{13}$	Softmax	$W_{11}$	$W_{12}$	$W_{13}$	$\Rightarrow$ आप <sub>ce</sub> = $W_{11} \times$ आप <sub>v</sub> + $W_{12} \times$ कैसे <sub>v</sub> + $W_{13} \times$ हो <sub>v</sub> कैसे <sub>ce</sub> = $W_{21} \times$ आप <sub>v</sub> + $W_{22} \times$ कैसे <sub>v</sub> + $W_{23} \times$ हो <sub>v</sub> हो <sub>ce</sub> = $W_{31} \times$ आप <sub>v</sub> + $W_{32} \times$ कैसे <sub>v</sub> + $W_{33} \times$ हो <sub>v</sub>
$S'_{21}$	$S'_{22}$	$S'_{23}$		$W_{21}$	$W_{22}$	$W_{23}$	
$S'_{31}$	$S'_{32}$	$S'_{33}$		$W_{31}$	$W_{32}$	$W_{33}$	





Now, as we can observe, in order to avoid the problem of data leakage in non-autoregressive training of the decoder we need to prevent the contribution of  $\text{key}_u$  &  $\text{val}_u$  in calculating contextual embedding for  $\text{ATP}_{ce}$ . Similarly, we need to prevent contribution of  $\text{val}_u$  in calculating contextual embedding for  $\text{key}_{ce}$ .

This is because in normal self-attention mechanism the calculation of  $\text{ATP}_{ce}$  is relying on  $\text{key}_u$  &  $\text{val}_u$  along with  $\text{ATP}_u$ . This cannot happen as these are future values & decoder won't have access to them at inference time. This will create the problem of data leakage. Similar is the case when  $\text{key}_{ce}$  where  $\text{val}_u$  is the future value  $\text{key}_{ce}$  is relying on that it can't have access to at inference. But it can have access to  $\text{ATP}_u$  for calculating as it has already come into picture before it.

Therefore, in relevance to this example, we need to prevent the contribution of  $\text{key}_u$ ,  $\text{val}_u$  from  $\text{ATP}_{ce}$  eqn &  $\text{val}_u$  from  $\text{key}_{ce}$  eqn. This can be done by turning their corresponding weights to 0, i.e.  $w_{12} = w_{13} = w_{23} = 0$ . This can be done using a mask matrix.

$S'_{11}$	$S'_{12}$	$S'_{13}$		0	$-\infty$	$-\infty$		$S'_{11}$	$-\infty$	$-\infty$		$w_{11}$	0	0
$S'_{21}$	$S'_{22}$	$S'_{23}$	+	0	0	$-\infty$	→	$S'_{21}$	$S'_{22}$	$-\infty$	→ Softmax	$w_{21}$	$w_{22}$	0
$S'_{31}$	$S'_{32}$	$S'_{33}$		0	0	0		$S'_{31}$	$S'_{32}$	$S'_{33}$		$w_{31}$	$w_{32}$	$w_{33}$
$S'$				Mask										

In general terms, a mask matrix of same dimensions as the  $S'$  matrix with upper diagonal values as  $-\infty$  & rest as 0 is added to the  $S'$  matrix giving an altered  $S'$  matrix with





upper diagonal values as  $-\infty$  & rest as previous  $S'$  values.

After applying Softmax on this altered  $S'$  matrix we get an altered weight matrix  $W$  where upper diagonal values are 0 & rest are regular outcomes of the softmax.

\*  $\text{softmax}(-\infty) = 0$

Due to this our eq<sup>n</sup>s become as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{आप}_{ce} &= W_{11} \times \text{आप}_u + 0 \times \text{कैसे}_u + 0 \times \text{हो}_u \\ \text{कैसे}_{ce} &= W_{21} \times \text{आप}_u + W_{22} \times \text{कैसे}_u + 0 \times \text{हो}_u \\ \text{हो}_{ce} &= W_{31} \times \text{आप}_u + W_{32} \times \text{कैसे}_u + W_{33} \times \text{हो}_u\end{aligned}$$

Thus, we have successfully prevented use of future value embeddings in calculating contextual embeddings of certain words, thus avoiding the problem of data leakage while also keeping non-autoregressive training of decoder.