## **Cross Product for Euclidean and Minkowskian spaces**

## Geometric Algebra

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Geometric product: ab = a \cdot b + a \wedge b a \cdot b: scalar part, a \wedge b: Bivector Orthonormal base: \{e_i\} Products: e_{ii}: \pm 1 (signature of e_i) \rightarrow e_{jk} = -e_{kj}
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Euclidean space (0,3): e_{ii} = 1
                                 Trivector (pseudoscalar)
\{e_i\}=\{e_1, e_2, e_3\}
                                                                         i_{(3)} = e_{123} = e_1 e_2 e_3
a = a_1e_1 + a_2e_2 + a_3e_3 ,
                                     b = b_1e_1 + b_2e_2 + b_3e_3
Euclidean Cross Product: a \times b = -i_{(3)} (a \wedge b)
a \wedge b = a_1b_2e_1e_2 + a_1b_3e_1e_3 + a_2b_1e_2e_1 + a_2b_3e_2e_3 + a_3b_1e_3e_1 + a_3b_2e_3e_2 =
               a_1b_2e_{12} - a_1b_3e_{31} - a_2b_1e_{12} + a_2b_3e_{23} + a_3b_1e_{31} - a_3b_2e_{23} =
                (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1) e_{12} + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2) e_{23} + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3) e_{31}
a \times b = -e_{123} [(a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)e_{12} + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2)e_{23} + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3)e_{31}] =
            = -[(a_1b_2 - a_2b_1) e_{123}e_{12} + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2) e_{123}e_{23} + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3) e_{123}e_{31}] =
             = -[(a_1b_2 - a_2b_1) e_{12312} + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2) e_{12323} + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3) e_{12331}] =
             = -[(a_1b_2 - a_2b_1) e_{11232} + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2) e_{12323} + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3) e_{12133}] =
            = -[(a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)(-e_{11223}) + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2)(-e_{12233}) + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3)(-e_{11233})] =
            = -[ (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1) (-e_3) + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2) (-e_1) + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3) (-e_2) ] =
            = -[(a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)(-e_3) + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3)(-e_2) + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2)(-e_1)] =
             = (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)(e_3) + (a_3b_1 - a_1b_3)(e_2) + (a_2b_3 - a_3b_2)(e_1)
                                          \overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & e_3 \\ a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \end{bmatrix}
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Minkowskian (1,2) space:  $e_{00} = -1$  (timelike direction)  $\{e_i\} = \{ e_1 \ , e_2 \ , e_0 \ \}$  Trivector (pseudoscalar)  $i_{(2,1)} = e_{102} = e_1e_0e_2$   $a = a_1e_1 + a_2e_2 + a_0e_0$  ,  $b = b_1e_1 + b_2e_2 + b_0e_0$  Minkowskian Cross Product:  $a \times b = -i_{(2,1)} (a \wedge b) = e_{120}(a \wedge b)$   $a \wedge b = a_1b_2e_1e_2 + a_1b_0e_1e_0 + a_2b_1e_2e_1 + a_2b_0e_2e_0 + a_0b_1e_0e_1 + a_0b_2e_0e_2 =$   $= a_1b_2e_{12} - a_1b_0e_{01} - a_2b_1e_{12} + a_2b_0e_2e_0 + a_0b_1e_{01} - a_0b_2e_{20} =$   $= (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)e_{12} + (a_0b_1 - a_1b_0)e_{01} + (a_2b_0 - a_0b_2)e_{20}$   $a \times b = e_{120} [(a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)e_{12} + (a_0b_1 - a_1b_0)e_{12001} + (a_2b_0 - a_0b_2)e_{20}] =$   $= (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)e_{12012} + (a_0b_1 - a_1b_0)e_{12001} + (a_2b_0 - a_0b_2)e_{12020} =$   $= (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)(-e_{11220}) + (a_0b_1 - a_1b_0)(-e_{11200}) + (a_2b_0 - a_0b_2)(-e_{12200}) =$   $= (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)(-e_0) + (a_0b_1 - a_1b_0)(-e_{200}) + (a_2b_0 - a_0b_2)(-e_{100}) =$   $= (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)(-e_0) + (a_0b_1 - a_1b_0)(-e_{200}) + (a_2b_0 - a_0b_2)(-e_{100}) =$   $= (a_1b_2 - a_2b_1)(-e_0) + (a_0b_1 - a_1b_0)(-e_{200}) + (a_2b_0 - a_0b_2)(-e_{100}) =$ 

$$\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} = \begin{bmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & -e_0 \\ a_1 & a_2 & a_0 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_0 \end{bmatrix}$$