

Descriptive Statistics

LLE – Mathematics and Statistics

1. Below is a questionnaire that is given to customers who visit the “Pecs Bar & Gym”, the place for those who want mean pecs, or a drink. Determine the level of data (Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio) produced for each of the questions.
 - a) Do you use a car to come to the gym?
 - Yes
 - No
 - b) How would you rate the cleanliness of our facilities?
 - Excellent
 - Good
 - Average
 - Poor
 - c) What distance, in km, do you live from the gym? (Please provide a number)
 - d) How many times did you visit the gym last month?
 - e) Which of these services did you use on your last visit? (Tick all that apply)
 - Free Weights
 - Cardio Machines
 - Fitness Class
 - Bar
2. A sample of 16 customers are asked about the session they attended on their last visit and whether they came by car. The results are shown below:

| Session | Journey |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Free Weights | Car |
| Cardio Machines | Car |
| Fitness Class | No Car |
| Bar | No Car |
| Cardio Machines | Car |
| Free Weights | No Car |
| Fitness Class | Car |
| Cardio Machines | No Car |
| Bar | No Car |
| Free Weights | Car |
| Cardio Machines | Car |
| Fitness Class | Car |
| Free Weights | Car |
| Bar | Car |
| Cardio Machines | Car |
| Fitness Class | No Car |

- a) Create a cross-table (contingency table) for the frequencies of customers, with session in the rows and journey in the columns.
 - b) What percentage of the 16 customers used a car?
 - c) Of those who used a car, what percentage used the cardio machines?
 - d) Create a stacked bar chart, with session on the horizontal axis and a vertical axis that represents the percentage of customers for that session. Each bar should be stacked to show the proportion who used a car and who didn't.
3. The gym is interested in how long it takes people to get to the gym. They conduct a survey of 8 people and ask how long it has taken them to get to the gym in minutes. All 8 people used a car to get to the gym. The sample results were:

12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 28

- a) Calculate the mean time.
- b) Calculate the median time.
- c) Calculate the range of times.
- d) The gym is also interested in the standard deviation. Use the formula below to calculate the sample standard deviation, s . (You may find organising the data into a table useful for the next parts).

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$$

- i) Write down the 8 times with the mean subtracted from each of them $(x - \bar{x})$.
 - ii) Square each of the 8 values from part i $((x - \bar{x})^2)$. Remember squares are always positive.
 - iii) Add all the values from part ii together. This is the sum of squares, $\sum (x - \bar{x})^2$.
 - iv) Divide your answer to part iii by $n - 1$, where n is the sample size.
 - v) What statistical name is given to the value calculated in part iv?
 - vi) Find the sample standard deviation (s) by taking the square root of your answer to part iv.
- e) In a sample of people who did not use a car, the following statistics were found:
- Mean = 25 minutes
 - Median = 24 minutes
 - Range = 18 minutes
 - Standard Deviation = 6.2 minutes

Compare the time taken by car users with the time taken by non-car users to get to the gym.

4. The following dataset of 10 numbers has a mean of 5.5 and a sample standard deviation of 1.96.

5, 4, 7, 7, 8, 9, 4, 5, 4, 3

Showing how you can use the information above, find the mean and the standard deviation of the following datasets.

- a) 5000, 4000, 7000, 7000, 8000, 9000, 4000, 5000, 4000, 3000
- b) 105, 104, 107, 107, 108, 109, 104, 105, 104, 103
- c) 5100, 4100, 7100, 7100, 8100, 9100, 4100, 5100, 4100, 3100

Use the same technique, showing your working, to find the mean and standard deviation of the following dataset of 8 numbers:

- d) 20000, 20000, 30000, 40000, 60000, 70000, 70000, 90000