# Algebra Skills

LLE - Mathematics and Statistics

#### **Expanding Brackets**

- 1. For each of the following, expand and simplify
  - (a) 5(4x+3)
  - (b) 2x(3+4y)
  - (c) 5(2x+1) + x(3x-2)
  - (d) x(4x+y) + y(3x-1)
  - (e) (x+5)(x+2)
  - (f) (3x-4)(2x+1)

#### **Solving Linear Equations**

- 2. For each equations below, solve for  $\boldsymbol{x}$ 
  - (a) 4x 1 = 21
  - (b) 18 7x = 4
  - (c) 5(2x-3)=11
  - (d) 5x 3 = 3x + 7
  - (e) 9x + 7 = 5x 9
  - (f)  $\frac{10}{x+1} = 4$

### **Rearranging Expressions**

3. Make the variable in the square brackets the subject of the formula

(a) 
$$[x]$$
  $y = 3x + 5$ 

(b) 
$$[t]$$
  $4t - 8s = 20$ 

(c) 
$$[Q]$$
  $P = 4Q + 3$ 

(d) 
$$[Q]$$
  $P = 20 - 2Q$ 

(e) 
$$[P]$$
  $\frac{P+Q}{5} = 2$ 

(f) 
$$[Q]$$
  $5(Q-3) = 10P$ 

(g) 
$$[T]$$
  $MV = PT$ 

(h) 
$$[L]$$
  $Q = 0.25L^2K^3$ 

(i) 
$$[M]$$
  $S = \frac{1}{1-M}$ 

(j) 
$$[x]$$
  $z = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}$ 

(k) 
$$[\mu]$$
  $z = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}$ 

(I) 
$$[E(X)]$$
  $Var(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2$ 

(m) 
$$[P(A\cap B)]$$
  $P(A\cup B)=P(A)+P(B)-P(A\cap B)$ 

(n) 
$$[P(B)]$$
 
$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

#### **Laws of Indices**

4. Use the laws of indices to simplify the following expressions

(a) 
$$x^5x^{10}$$

(b) 
$$\frac{t \cdot t^9}{t^6}$$

(c) 
$$(xy^2)^5$$

(d) 
$$y^4 t y t^{-5}$$

(e) 
$$xy^2\sqrt{xy}$$

(f) 
$$\frac{xy^2}{\sqrt{xy}}$$

(g) 
$$\frac{a^4b^{-4}a^8}{(a^{-3}b)^{-4}}$$

## **Factorising**

- 5. Fully factorise the following expressions
  - (a) 10t + 25
  - (b) 8x 32y
  - (c) 7pt + 12pk
  - (d)  $5y^4 8xy^2$
  - (e)  $12xy^3 + 30x^3y^3$
  - (f)  $9a^2b + 27a^3b^2$
  - (g)  $16ab^2c 4a^2b^2c^3 + 12a^5b^2c^4$
- 6. Use factorising to simplify these algebraic fractions
  - (a)  $\frac{5x+20}{10}$
  - (b)  $\frac{12y-30}{2y-5}$
  - (c)  $\frac{8t+40}{6t+30}$
  - (d)  $\frac{8x^3-8x^2}{16x-16}$
  - (e)  $\frac{10a^2b}{a^2b-ab}$

### **Algebraic Fractions**

- 7. Simplify the following algebraic fractions
  - (a)  $\frac{x}{5} + \frac{2x}{5}$
  - (b)  $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{2}{x}$
  - (c)  $\frac{10}{x} \frac{5}{2x}$
  - (d)  $\frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$
  - (e)  $\frac{2a}{b} \times \frac{3c}{5d}$

- (f)  $\frac{5m}{2p} \times \frac{4m}{3k}$
- (g)  $\frac{8t}{5k} \times \frac{10k}{5t^2}$
- (h)  $\frac{8x}{3} \div \frac{2y}{5x}$
- (i)  $\frac{x+1}{5} \div \frac{2x+2}{3}$
- $(j) \ \frac{5}{x} \left( \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x}{5} \right)$