Vision 2036 - India's Olympic Transformation

India's Olympic dream is ambitious: to achieve 100 medals, including 35 gold medals, by 2036. A comprehensive 12-year strategic roadmap, leveraging sports to elevate India's global influence.

Olympic glory demands more than ambition - it requires serious financial commitment and Support (both from government and people). We cannot achieve extraordinary results with ordinary investments.

Vision 2036: "From 7 to 100: India's Olympic Quantum Leap"

- Current Context:
- 7 medals in Tokyo 2020 (1 Gold, 2 Silver, 4 Bronze)
- 135th rank in per capita Olympic medals
- Sports budget: ₹3,397.32 crore (FY 2023-24)
- Mission 2036:
- 100 medals (35 Gold, 30 Silver, 35 Bronze)
- Top 5 in Olympic rankings
- Sports ecosystem worth \$100 billion



Team: bisalprasad2003
Member 1: Bisal Prasad
Member 2: Probin Dhakal

Four Pillars of Excellence

Infrastructure Development-Development- "Project Suvidha"

- 50 Centers of Excellence (₹10 crore each)
- 500 Khelo India Centers (₹2 crore each)
- Al-powered training facilities
- Virtual Reality training labs
- Biomechanics analysis centers
- Climate-controlled training environments

Talent Development & Training"Operation Gold"

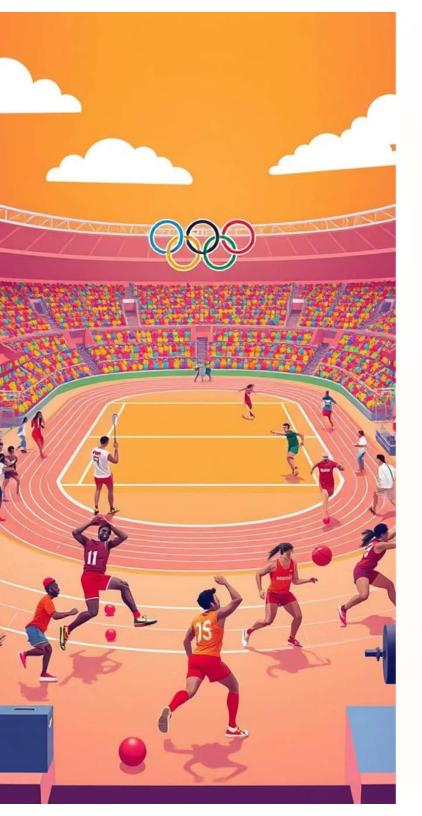
- Target 100 million youth through mobile apps
- DNA testing for sports aptitude
- Sports scholarship worth
 ₹5 lakh/year
- Adopt 10,000 schools for sports excellence
- Partnership with 100 global sports academies
- Advanced athlete tracking system

Scientific Support System - "Project Vigyan"

- 6 Sports Universities
 (₹100 crore each)
- Collaboration with NASA for sports tech
- Mental conditioning programs
- Sports medicine research centers
- Performance nutrition labs
- Recovery and rehabilitation centers

Competition & Exposure-Exposure- "Project Pratispardha"

- Indian Premier Leagues for 12 Olympic sports
- International training camps (3 months/year)
- Exchange programs with top 10 sporting nations
- Year-round competition calendar
- Monthly ranking system
- Performance-linked incentives.



Main Strategic Focus Areas

Priority Sports Selection

- Athletics (47 events)
- Wrestling (18 events)
- Boxing (13 events)
- Shooting (15 events)
- Weightlifting (14 events)

These sports were chosen because:

- Athletics has maximum medal opportunities
- Wrestling and Boxing align with India's traditional strength
- Shooting and Weightlifting have shown recent success
- All selected sports have relatively lower infrastructure costs

Infrastructure Development Development

Investing in 50 Centers of Excellence, high-altitude training facilities, specialized training centers, and stateof-the-art sports science labs across India.

Infrastructure Development:

- Centers of Excellence will be equipped with cutting-edge technology
- High-altitude facilities in places
 like Leh and Dehradun
- Sports science labs will provide real-time performance analysis
- Specialized centers ensure focused training without distractions



1.Current Global Context

- •USA leads with 2,959 all-time Olympic medals
- •China invests \$500 billion annually in sports development
- •Small nations like Hungary (177 Gold medals) outperform larger countries through focused programs
- •Australia's sports budget is \$340 per capita vs India's \$0.30 per capita

2. Success Stories to Learn From

- •Great Britain: From 36th place (1996) to 2nd place (2016) through systematic investment
- •Japan: Focused on 5 sports to win 27 medals in Tokyo 2020
- •Netherlands: Population of 17 million but won 36 medals in Tokyo through specialized training
- •New Zealand: Targets specific sports for medals, leading to 7x better medals per capita than India

Implementation Framework

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Phase 1 (2024-2028): Foundation Building

- Focus on building foundation through infrastructure and talent identification, Infrastructure development: ₹1000 crore
- Coach education ensures quality training at all levelsCoach education: 5,000 trainers
- Sports science integration brings modern training methods

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Phase 2 (2028-2032): Acceleration

- International exposure through competitions and training camps,
 International exposure: 10,000 events
- Advanced training programs based on data from Phase1,
 Advanced training: 10000, Research & Development: ₹1000 crore
- Competition framework creates regular high-level competition opportunities

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Phase 3 (2032-2036): Excellence

- Fine-tuning athletes for peak performance, Elite training: 1,000 athlete
- Mental conditioning becomes primary focus
- Regular international competitions for experience
- Final preparation phase includes specialized training camps



Expected Impact & Success Metrics

Quantitative Goals:

- Medal distribution (35-30-35) is based on analysis of successful sporting nations
- 50,000 registered athletes ensures deep talent pool
- 5,000 certified coaches provides necessary support system
- 1000 international medals shows consistent performance
- Making sports compulsory in schools, for kids

Qualitative Outcomes:

- Enhanced reputation makes India a sporting destination
- Improved sports culture encourages participation
- Sports industry growth creates employment opportunities
- National pride and unity through sports achievements
- · Global Sports Diplomacy Index ranking
- International sports partnerships
- Sports tourism revenue
- Sports technology patents
- Regional sports leadership metrics

Beyond medals, the impact will be transformative. India's reputation as a global sporting powerhouse will be solidified, fostering national pride and unity, and driving economic growth through the sports industry.

THE END: THANK YOU