# Type 3766 Pneumatic Positioner

# **Type 3767 Electropneumatic Positioner**



#### **Application**

Single-acting or double-acting positioners for attachment to pneumatic control valves. Supplied with a pneumatic input signal 0.2 to 1 bar or 3 to 15 psi (Type 3766) or an electric input signal from 0/4 to 20 mA or 1 to 5 mA (Type 3767).

Rated travels from 7.5 to 120 mm or opening angle up to  $90^{\circ}$ 











JIS

The positioners ensure a fixed assignment between the valve stem position (controlled variable x) and the pneumatic or electric input signal (reference variable w). They compare the input signal received from the control unit with the travel of the control valve and, issue the corresponding output signal pressure  $p_{st}$  (output variable y). A reversing amplifier for double-acting actuators produces two opposed signal pressures.

#### **Special features**

- Arbitrary mounting position; suitable for normal or split-range operation; excellent dynamic response; negligibly small influence of supply air; adjustable proportional band (P-band); adjustable air output capacity; low air supply consumption; very insensitive to mechanical vibrations; lowmaintenance compact design
- Versions for hazardous areas in type of protection "Intrinsic Safety" Il 2G Ex ia IIC T6 or Il 3G Ex nA II T6 for Zone 2 (see "Summary of approvals")
- Type of protection "Flameproof Enclosure" Ex d with Type 3766 Positioner and Type 6116 i/p Converter (Fig. 2)
- Special version with CrNiMo steel housing available
- Direct attachment to Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator (Fig. 4)
- Attachment to actuators according to IEC 60534-6 (Fig. 3)
- Attachment to rotary actuators acc. to VDI/VDE 3845 (Fig. 5)

#### Benefits of integral positioner attachment (Fig. 4)

- Tight and exact mechanical connection between actuator and positioner. No misalignment during shipping
- Concealed linkage protected against touch and external influences to fulfill requirements of accident prevention regulations UVV (VBG 5)
- Simple pneumatic connection between actuator and positioner
- Presetting of the unit: Actuator with positioner

Optional pressure gauge for monitoring the input and output signal pressure (dial range from 0 to 6 bar and 0 to 90 psi). Refer to Information Sheet T 8350 EN for details on the selection and application of positioners, converters, limit switches and solenoid valves.

# Versions

- Type 3766 · Pneumatic positioner
- Type 3767 · Electropneumatic positioner

Refer to article code for details on possible configurations.

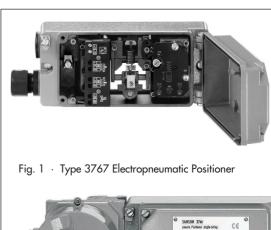




Fig. 2 · Type 3766 Ex d Positioner with Type 6116 i/p Converter



Fig. 3 · Attachment acc. to IEC 60534 (NAMUR)







Fig. 5 · Attachment to Type 3278 Rotary Actuator

**Associated Information Sheet** 

T 8350 EN

**Edition January 2010** 

#### Principle of operation (Figs. 6 to 8)

The only difference between the two positioners is an i/p converter unit (E) in the electropneumatic positioner. Both positioners function according to the force-balance principle. In the Type 3767 Electropneumatic Positioner, the control signal (i) flows through the plunger coil (E2) in the field of a permanent magnet (E1). The force, proportional to the DC current i, is balanced against the force of the backpressure at the balance beam (E3) which is created at the flapper plate (E7) by the jet stream leaving the nozzle (E6). Any changes in the signal cause a proportional change in the pressure pe supplied to the pneumatic control system.

The pressure pe creates a force at the measuring diaphragm (5) which is compared to the force of the range spring (4). If the control signal causes the pneumatic input pressure (pe) or the position of the lever (1) to change, the diaphragm lever (3) functioning as a flapper plate varies the distance to the nozzle (2.1 or 2.2). The position of the internal turnboard for the operating direction (7) determines which nozzle is effective.

The pneumatic booster (10) and the pressure regulator (9) are provided with supply air. The controlled supply flows against the diaphragm lever (3) over the Xp restriction (8) and the nozzle (2.1 or 2.2). Any changes in the control signal or the position of the lever (1) cause a variation of pressure both upstream and downstream of the booster (10). The output signal pressure pst issued by the booster flows over the volume restriction (11) to the actuator and positions the valve to match the input signal.

The travel is transmitted to the pick-up lever (1) via the pin (1.1) in globe valves. Whereas, in rotary valves (Fig. 8), a cam follower roll (20) is attached to the front end of the pick-up lever (1) which follows the rotary motion of a cam disk (22) on the actuator shaft (21). The force of the range spring (4) is changed by the linear motion of pick-up lever.

The positioner must be fitted with a reversing amplifier for attachment to double-acting actuators, which generates two opposed signal pressures ( $p_{st1}$  and  $p_{st2}$ ).

The adjustable restrictions Xp (8) and Q (11) are used to optimize the control loop. Two adjusting screws (6.1 and 6.2) allow the adaptation of the control valve to the signal pressure. ZERO and SPAN of the reference variable can be adjusted for different operating modes, such as split-range operation.

**Operating direction**: As the reference variable ( $p_e$ ) increases, the output signal pressure ( $p_{st}$ ) can either be increasing (direct >>) or decreasing (reverse <>). The operating direction is determined by the position of the turnboard (7) and can be changed subsequently.

#### Legend for Figs 6 to 8

Lege	end tor Figs. 6 to 8		
1	Lever	Е	i/p converter unit
1.1	Pin	E1	Permanent magnet
1.2	Rotary shaft	E2	Plunger coil
2.1	Nozzle (>>)	E3	Balance beam
2.2	Nozzle (<>)	E4	Universal joint
3	Diaphragm lever (flapper)	E5	Spring
4	Range spring	E6	Nozzle
5	Measuring diaphragm	E7	Flapper plate
6.1	Adusting screw (SPAN)	E8	Restriction
6.2	Adusting screw (ZERO)	E9	Damping
7	Turnboard for op. direction	E10	Protective diode
8	Xp restriction (gain)		
9	Pressure regulator		
10	Booster	20	Cam follower roll
11	Volume restriction Q	21	Actuator shaft
12	Solenoid valve (optional)	22	Cam disk

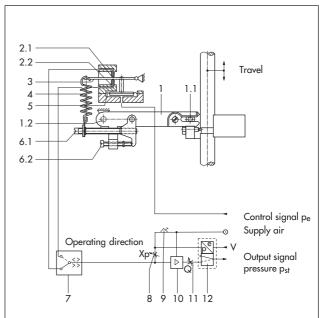


Fig. 6 · Functional diagram of Type 3766 Positioner (deflection of pick-up lever in case of direct attachment to Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator)

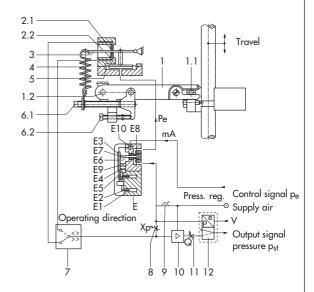


Fig. 7 · Functional diagram of Type 3767 Positioner

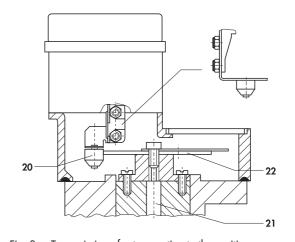


Fig. 8 · Transmission of rotary motion to the positioner

Table 1 · Technical data · All pressures in bar (aquae)

	pe 3767 Positione	'S								
T			Direc	ct attach	ment to Type 32	277 Actuator: 7.	5 30	mm		
Travel range						4 (NAMUR): 7.5				
Opening angle			70°, 75° or 90° depending on cam disk							
Reference variable	Signal range	bar (psi)			0.2 1 bar					
w	Span	bar (psi)			0.4 0.8 bo					
Type 3766	Overloadabe	max.			2 bar					
Reference variable				Two-w		rse polarity prot	ection			
w	3 3		0/4		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			5 mA		
Туре 3767	Span		8 20 mA 2 4 mA							
./	Internal resistance	R: at 20 °C	200				880			
Supply air	Supply air range	K  G  20 C	200		1.4 6 har	(20 90 psi)		, 11		
ooppiy all	Air quality acc. to	,	Maximum particle siz	re and a			Class 3.	Pressure dew point		
	ISO 8573-1 (200		Maximum particle size and density: Class 4 · Oil contents: Class 3; Pressure dew poi Class 3 or at least 10 K below the lowest ambient temperature to be expected							
Output signal press		71 021	Can be limited betwee							
Colpor signar press	ore pst		Can be illilled betwee	0		ear	. арргол	k. 55 una 6 76 ps		
Characteristic			Г	Ooviation		ear based conformit	v: < 1 %	<u>'</u>		
Hyetorosis			L	zevialioi	<u>n rrom terminai-</u> ≤ 0.		y. ≥ I /c	)		
Hysteresis					≤ 0. ≤ 0.					
Sensitivity						rsible				
Operating direction			0.5	) F 0/ /				1 401		
Proportional band	^р					ion coefficient K				
Air consumption	T 27//		With air supp		4 bar	With		pply of 6 bar		
	Type 3766		≤ 230				≤ 230			
	Type 3767		≤ 280			$\leq 280 \text{ I}_n/\text{h}^{-1}$ $8.5 \text{ m}_n^3/\text{h}$ $14.0 \text{ m}_n^3/\text{h}$				
Air delivery	Actuator filled with	n air	$3.0 \text{ m}_{\text{n}}^{3}/\text{h}$			8.5 m <sub>n</sub> <sup>3</sup> /h				
	Actuator vented		4.5 m							
Permissible	Type 3766 S	tandard				oid valve/position transmitter				
ambient					ole gland					
temperature <sup>7)</sup>						id valve with me				
	Low temperature		-5080 °C: Optional limit switches/solenoid valve with metal cable gland							
	Type 3767 S	tandard	-2080 °C: Optional limit switches/solenoid valve/position transmitter							
			with plastic cable gland							
						id valve with me				
	Low temperature	version				id valve with me				
Influence						ply air: ≤ 1 % be				
Electromagnetic co	mpatability					00-6-2 and EN 6		5-3 are met		
Vibrations			No influence between 10 und 150 Hz and 4 g							
Explosion protectio	n <sup>2)</sup>		Type of protection 🗟 II 2G Ex ia IIC T6 or 🗟 II 3G Ex nA II T6 for Zone 2							
Degree of protectio	n		IP 54 (IP 65 and NEMA 4 possible by fitting a filter check valve (see accessories))							
Weight			Approx. 1 kg							
Additional equipm	ent									
Limit switches										
2 inductive proximi	ty switches				Type S	J 2-SN				
Control circuit	,		Specifications corresponding to the connected switching amplifier							
Hysteresis at rated	travel				<u>≤ 1</u>		- 5			
Solenoid valve		1								
					D:	-la				
Input			/ // DC		Binary DC v			241/00		
Nominal signal			6 V DC			/ DC		24 V DC		
Signal "0" (off) 3)			≤ 1.2 V		≤ 2.			≤ 4.7 V		
Signal "1" (on) <sup>4)</sup>	1 1		≥ 5.4 V		≥ 9.			≥ 18.0 V		
Maximum permissi			28 V 25 V					32 V		
Internal resistance I			2909 Ω 5832 Ω 11714 Ω							
Air consumption in			In addition to the positioner "Of					0 l <sub>n</sub> /h <sup>1)</sup> 700 cm <sup>2</sup>		
Closing time for Type 3277 Actuator				120 cm <sup>2</sup> 240 cm <sup>2</sup>			350 cm <sup>2</sup>			
rated travel and	0.2 1	≤ 0.5 s		≤ 0.8 s	≤ 1.1 s		≤ 4 s			
signal pressure		4 2 bar ≤ 0.5 s ≤ 2 s ≤ 2.5 s ≤ 8 s								
range (K <sub>VS</sub> 0.14)	0.6 3	oar	6)		≤ 1 s	≤ 1.5 s		≤ 5 s		
Analog position tro	ansmitter 8)									
Output					Two-wire devi	ce 4 20 mA				
Auxiliary power			Mini	- خلامان ایم	12 V			nitter may only be		
			Minimum termino	ui voitaç				ied intrinsically safe		
7 1			maximur	1E \/		connected to	u cerm	ied illillisically sale		

<sup>1)</sup> With pressure regulator at minimum setting
2) Refer to Table 2 for explosion-protected version
3) DC voltage signal at −25 °C
4) DC voltage signal at +80 °C
5) e.g. over SAMSOMATIC 994-0103-KFD2-STC4-Ex1 Loop Isolator
7) The limits specified in the EC Type Examination Certificate additionally apply to explosion-protected devices.
8) Available until March 2011

Table 2 · Technical data for Type of Protection Ex ia IIC

Table 2 · Technical dai	u ioi iype	01	riolectio	II L/	iu ii		
i/p converter (Type 376	7 only)						
Maximum values for	For connect safe circuit		to certifie	ed in	trinsico	ally	
$U_0$		28	V		2	5 V	
$I_0$	85 mA		100 m	A	120	) mA	
P	0.7 W		0.7 W	/	0.7	7 W	
Temperature class	T6		T5			Γ4	
	(-45 to 60		(-45 to 70			80 °C)	
Internal inductance and	capacitance	are	negligibly	/ sm	all		
Inductive proximity swite	ches						
Maximum values for	For connect safe circuit		to certifie	ed in	trinsico	ally	
U <sub>0</sub>			16 V				
I <sub>0</sub>		5	2 mA/25	mΑ			
P		16	9 mW/64	1 mV	V		
Internal inductance	L <sub>i</sub> = 100 μH						
Internal capacitance			$C_i = 30 \text{ r}$	ηF			
Solenoid valve							
Nominal signal	6 V		12 V 24 V			4 V	
Maximum values for	For connect safe circuit		to certifie	ed in	trinsico	ally	
U <sub>0</sub> (V)	25	27	28	;	30	32	
I <sub>0</sub> (mA)	150 1	25	115	1	00	90	
Internal inductance and	capacitance	are	negligibly	/ sm	all		
Analog position transmi	tter						
Maximum values for	For connections		to certifie	ed in	trinsico	ally	
U <sub>0</sub>			28 V				
I <sub>0</sub>			115 mA	١			
P			1 W				
Ci			5.3 nF				
Internal inductance negli	gibly small						
Permissible ambient tem	· ·						
Specifications as stated i PTB 01 ATEX 2167 and 2170 X.	n the EC Ty						

# Metal tag for switch B Switch B Switch A 34 32 1.2 33 34 Metal tag for switch A Fig. 9 · Inductive proximity switches

#### Additional equipment

The positioners can optionally be equipped with the following additional equipment.

#### Positioner with inductive proximity switches (Fig. 9)

This positioner version has a rotary shaft (1.2) with two adjustable metal tags (33) for inductively actuating the proximity switches (34). The switches are continuously adjustable and can be overridden.

To operate them, corresponding switching amplifier must be connected in the output circuit.

The proximity switches can also be retrofitted.

# Positioner with solenoid valve (Fig. 10)

The positioners can be fitted with an intrinsically safe, pilot-operated solenoid valve also in combination with the inductive limit switches. When the positioner is equipped with this solenoid valve, the control valve can be moved to the fail-safe position regardless of the positioner's output signal.

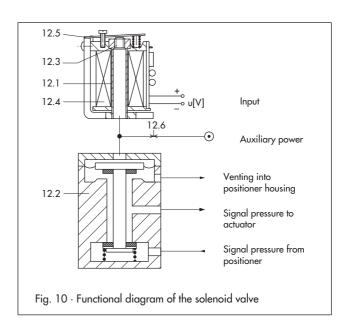
The solenoid valve essentially consists of an electropneumatic converter (12.1) and a 3/2-way solenoid valve (12.2). If a control signal corresponding to the binary signal 0 (off) is applied to the input, the nozzle (12.3) of the electropneumatic converter is opened, the signal pressure  $p_{st}$  is blocked and air is vented out of the actuator. The force of the compression springs in the actuator move the control valve to its fail-safe position.

If a control signal corresponding to binary signal 1 (on) is applied to the input, the relay coil (12.4) is energized, and the flapper plate (12.5) closes the nozzle (12.3). The increasing cascade pressure switches over the 3/2-way valve (12.2). In this switching position, the output signal pressure  $p_{st}$  is applied to the actuator. The control valve is in control operation.

The solenoid valve can also be retrofitted.

# Legend to Figs. 9 and 10

9			
1.2	Rotary shaft	12.5	Flapper plate
12	Solenoid valve	12.6	Restriction
12.1	i/p converter		
12.2	3/2-way valve	32	Adjusting screw
12.3	Nozzle	33	Metal tag
12.4	Relay coil	34	Proximity switch



#### Positioner with analog position transmitter

Due to the amount of space that the position transmitter requires, please note that this option cannot be combined with limit switches or a solenoid valve!

The position transmitter allows the position of the closure member of the valve (i.e., valve travel or opening angle) to be converted into a proportional output signal from 4 to 20 mA. Limit positions such as "Valve open" or "Valve closed" are indicated as well as all intermediate positions.

#### Attachment (Figs. 12 and 13)

The positioner can be attached to linear actuators either directly (Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator) or according to IEC 60534 (NAMUR) (Type 3271 Pneumatic Actuator). Rotary actuators with an interface according to VDI/VDE 3845 require an intermediate piece to mount the positioner.

#### Arrangement of the positioner and the actuator (Fig. 11)

How the positioner and actuator can be arranged depends on the operating direction of the input signal (pe) and the output signal pressure (pst) as well as the fail-safe action of the actua-

#### Direct attachment to Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator (Fig. 4)

This method of attachment provides the benefit of being a self-contained, preset actuator and positioner unit. A connection block is required for direct attachment to actuators with 240, 350 and 700 cm<sup>2</sup> effective diaphragm areas (Fig. 11).

With an actuator with fail-safe action "Actuator stem extends" the output signal pressure pst issued by the positioner is routed to the bottom diaphragm case over the connection block and a hole in the actuator yoke. In case the spring chamber needs be filled with the exhaust air from the positioner, the air can be connected to the connection block using a ready-made pipe.

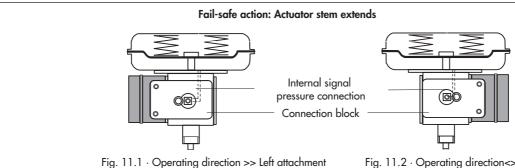
With an actuator with fail-safe action "Actuator stem retracts" the output signal pressure pst issued by the positioner is connected to the top diaphragm case over a ready-made pipe. The bottom diaphragm chamber (spring chamber) can be filled with the exhaust air from the positioner without additional measures over an internal hole.

The signal pressure connection is located at the back of the positioner for Type 3277-5 Pneumatic Actuator (120 cm<sup>2</sup> diaphragm area), therefore eliminating the need for external pip-

Table 3 · Direct attachment: Assignment of travel and range spring

Actuator size in cm <sup>2</sup>	Travel in mm	Range spring
120/240/350	7.5	2
120/240/350	15	1
700	15	2
700	30	1

The positioner is delivered with range spring 1. Range spring 2 is included in the accessories.



Fail-safe action: Actuator stem retracts

Fig. 11.2 · Operating direction<> Right attachment

# Signal pressure piping pst Connection block

Fig. 11.3 · Operating direction <> Left attachment

Fig. 11.4 · Operating direction >> Right attachment

Fig. 11 · Direct attachment to Type 3277 Actuator

<sup>&</sup>quot;Actuator stem extends"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Actuator stem retracts"

#### Attachment according to IEC 60534 (Figs. 3 and 12)

The positioners can be attached to actuators with cast yokes (Fig. 3) (e.g. Series 240, 250 and 280) and valves with rod-type yokes (Fig. 12) using an adapter (15). A clamping plate (15.1) is additionally required for valves with rod-type yokes.

By selecting the appropriate lever (1) and link point on the lever (16), the positioners can be matched to different travels ranging from 7.5 to 120 mm.

There is no prescribed mounting position for the positioner. The operating direction is determined by how the positioner and the adapter are arranged and how the internal turnboard is positioned.

Select the range spring according to Table 4.

Table 4 · Assignment of travel and range spring for attachment according to IEC 60534

Travel mm	Range spring
7.5 ≤ 15	2
> 15 ≤ 60	1
22 ≤ 120	1

The positioner is delivered with range spring 1. Range spring 2 is included in the accessories.

# Attachment to rotary actuators (Fig. 13)

The positioners can be attached to the Type 3278 Rotary Actuator or any rotary actuators with an interface according to VDI/VDE 3845 over an intermediate piece (2). The rotary motion of the actuator is converted into a linear motion required by the positioner by the cam disk (7). A cam follower roll (3) is attached to the lever (5) of the positioner to trace the motion of the cam disk. Various cams disks are available depending on the control valve characteristic required (e.g. linear or equal percentage).

Double-acting, springless actuators require additionally a pneumatic reversing amplifier which produces two opposed signal pressures.

#### Select the range spring as follows:

Reference variable for split-range operation: Range spring 1 Reference variable for normal signal range: Range spring 2 The positioner is always delivered with range spring 1; range spring 2 is included in the mounting kit for rotary actuators.

_	_		
Leaend	for	Eia	12
Leuellu	101	IIU.	13

1	Positioner	8	Actuator shaft
2	Intermediate piece	9	Plate
3	Lever with cam follower roll	10	Mounting bracket
4	Adapter	11	Coupling
5	Feedback lever	15	Adapter
6	Scale	15.1	Plate
7	Cam disk	16	Slide

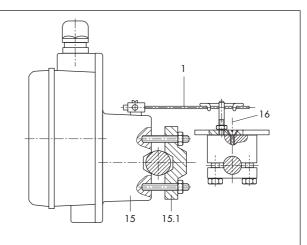


Fig. 12 · Attachment to valves with rod-type yoke

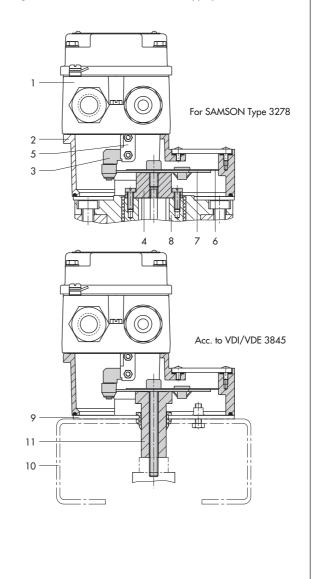
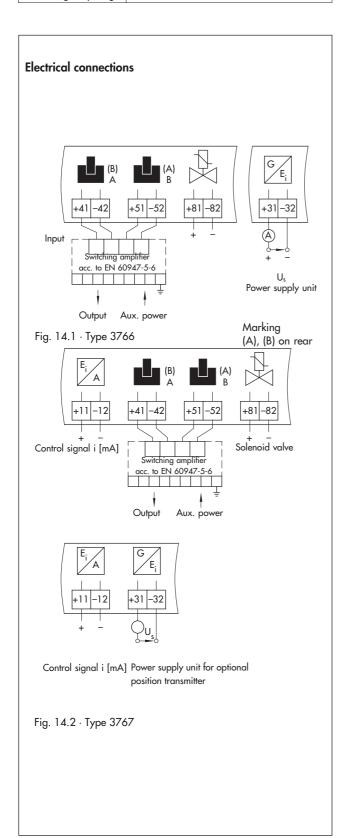
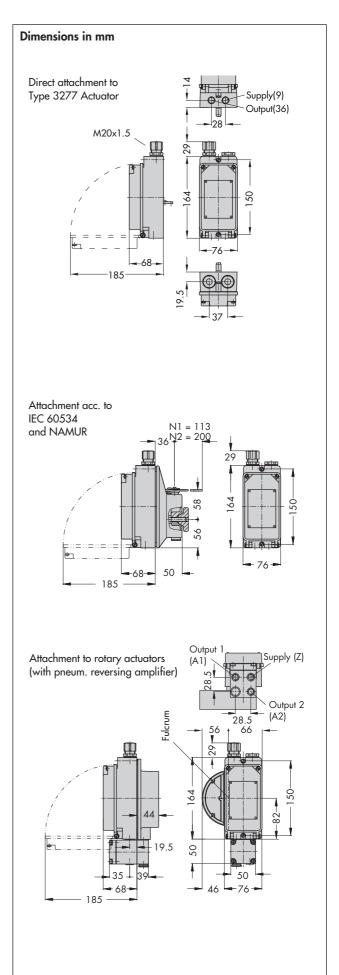


Fig. 13 · Attachment to rotary actuators

#### **Materials**

Housing Special version	Die-cast aluminum chromated and plastic coated CrNiMo steel, 1.4404 (316 L)
External parts	Stainless steel 1.4571 1.4305
Measuring diaphragm	Fluorosilicone rubber





# Summary of explosion protection approvals for Type 3766 Positioner

Type of approval	Certificate number	Date	Comments
EC Type Examination Certificate	PTB 01 ATEX 2171	2001-11-26	ⓑ II 2G Ex ia IIC T6, Type 3766-1
Statement of Conformity	PTB 01 ATEX 2195 X	2002-03-07	(a) II 3G Ex nA II T6, Zone 2, Type 3766-8
IECEx approval	IECEx TSA 05.0004X	2005-05-24	Ex ia I/IIC T6 IP 65, Ex n l/IIC T6 IP 65, without solenoid valve module with inductive limit switches, Type 3766-6
GOST certificate	POCC DE 08.B00045	2012-02-28	Ex approval; valid until 2015-02-27
CSA approval	1607848	2005-09-16	Ex ia IIC T6; Class I, Zone 0 Class I, Div. 1, Groups A, B, C; Class III Solenoid valve, position transmitter, inductive limit switches Type 3766-3
FM approval	3020228	2005-07-21	Class I, II, III Div. 1; Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G Cl. I, Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T6; Cl. I, Div. 2, Gr. A, B, C, D Cl. II; Div. 2, Gr. F, G; Cl. III; NEMA 4X; with position feedback, solenoid valve, inductive limit switches Type 3766-3

Refer to Data Sheet T 6116 EN for Ex d approvals for Type 6116 i/p Converter (Fig. 2)

# Summary of explosion protection approvals for Type 3767 Positioner

Type of approval	Certificate number	Date	Comments
EC Type Examination Certificate	PTB 01 ATEX 2167	2001-11-29	
Statement of Conformity First Addendum	PTB 01 ATEX 2170 X	2002-03-07 2003-05-28	<ul><li>☑ II 3G Ex nA II T6; Zone 2;</li><li>Type 3767-8</li></ul>
IECEx approval	IECEx TSA 05.0004X	2005-05-24	Ex ia I/IIC T6 IP 65, Ex nl/IIC T6 IP 65, without solenoid valve module with inductive limit switches, Type 3767-6
GOST certificate	POCC DE 08.B00045	2012-02-28	Ex approval; valid until 2015-02-27
CSA approval	1607848	2005-09-16	Ex ia IIC T6; Class I, Zone 0 Class I, Div. 1, Groups A, B, C; Class III Solenoid valve, position transmitter, inductive limit switches Type 3767-3
FM approval	3020228	2005-07-21	Cl. I, II, III, Div. 1; Gr. A, B, C, D, E, F, G Cl. I, Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T6; Cl. I, Div. 2; Gr. A, B, C, D Cl. II, Div. 2; Gr. F, G; Cl. III; NEMA 4X; with position feedback, solenoid valve, inductive limit switches; Type 3766-3
JIS approval	TC-13674	2005-07-09	Ex ia IIC T6; Type 3767-7
KOSHA	13-KB4BO-0037	2013-01-31	Ex ia IIC T6/T5/T4; Type 3767-1

#### Article code

Pneumatic Positioner	Type 3766-	х	x >	<b>O</b>	1 :	<b>x</b> >	<b>x</b> :	x x	1	х	0 x	<b>O</b>
Explosion protection												
Without		Ó				2	2					
⑤ II 2G Ex ia IIC T6 acc. to ATEX		1										
FM/CSA intrinsically safe / non incendive		3										
Ex ia / Ex n I/IIC T6 IP 65 IECEx TSA Australia		6										
		8										
Additional equipment												
Without			o									
Limit switch, inductive, 2x SJ2 SN			2									
Analog position transmitter 4 to 20 mA*			6 (	)						0		
3/2-way solenoid valve												
Without			Ċ	)								
6 V DC			2	2								
12 V DC			3	3								
24 V DC			2	1								
Pneumatic connections												
1/4-18 NPT						1						
ISO 228/1 - G 1/4					:	2						
Electrical connections												
Without (without additional equipment, without solenoid vo	alve)		0 0	)		(	) (	0				
Cable gland												
M20 x 1.5, blue (plastic)							   (			0		
M20 x 1.5, black (plastic)						2	2 (	0		0		
M20 x 1.5 (nickel-plated brass)						2	2	1		3		
Housing version												
Die-cast aluminum								C	)			
Stainless steel (CrNiMo)								2	2			
Temperature range												
Standard										0		
Low temperature												
$T_{min} \ge -50$ °C; optional limit switches, solenoid valve						2	2	1		3		
Special version												
None											0 0	0
GOST approval		1									0 1	0

<sup>\*</sup> Available until March 2011

Device functioning only as analog position transmitter: 3766-x60 000xxx00 000 0

#### Article code

Electropneumatic Positioner	Туре 3767-	x x	x	0 1	x	x	x x	x x	x	0	x 0
Explosion protection											
Without		0				2					
		1									
FM/CSA intrinsically safe/non incendive		3									
		8									
Additional equipment											
Without		0									
Limit switch, inductive, 2x SJ2 SN		2									
Analog position transmitter 4 to 20 mA*		6	0								
3/2-way solenoid valve											
Without			0								
6 V DC			2								
12 V DC			3								
24 V DC			4								
Type of mounting											
Standard range spring				0 1							
Pneumatic connections											
1/4-18 NPT					1						
ISO 228/1 - G 1/4					2						
Electrical connections											
Cable gland											
M20 x 1.5, blue (plastic)						1	0				
M20 x 1.5, black (plastic)						2	0				
M20 x 1.5 (nickel-plated brass)						2	1				
Housing version											
Die-cast aluminum							1				
Stainless steel (CrNiMo)							2	2			
Reference variable											
4 to 20 mA								1			
0 to 20 mA								2			
1 to 5 mA								3			
Temperature range											
Standard									0		
Low temperature											
T <sub>min</sub> ≥ −45 °C; optional limit switches, solenoid valve						2	1		2		
Special version											
None										0	0 0
GOST approval		1								0	1 0

<sup>\*</sup> Available until March 2011

#### Ordering text

Type 3766 Pneumatic Positioner

or

Type 3767 Electropneumatic Positioner

#### Accessories

- Adapter NPT for electrical connections
- Range spring 2
- Filter check valve in housing with G 1/4 thread made of
  - Polyamide, IP 65
  - 1.4301, IP 65
  - Polyamide, NEMA 4
  - 1.4301, NEMA 4

#### Additional specifications

 Without/with pressure gauge for output signal pressure and supply air

For mounting to the control valve:

- Reference variable preset

Operating direction: Increasing/increasing or increasing/decreasing

- Positioner with inductive limit switches:

Metal tag outside the pick-up field - Contact closed/

Metal tag inside the pick-up field - Contact open

- Direct attachment to Type 3277 Actuator (120 to 700 cm²)
- Attachment acc. to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR)

Travel: ... mm, if applicable, rod diameter: ... mm

- Attachment to Type 3278 Rotary Actuator (160 or 320 cm²)
- Attachment to rotary actuators acc. to VDI/VDE 3845, single-acting or double-acting
- Linear or equal percentage valve characteristic
- Opening angle 70°/75°/90°

Refer to the Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8355-1 EN (for Type 3766) or EB 8355-2 EN (for Type 3767) concerning the mounting parts required when the positioner is delivered unattached to a control valve.

Specifications subject to change without notice

