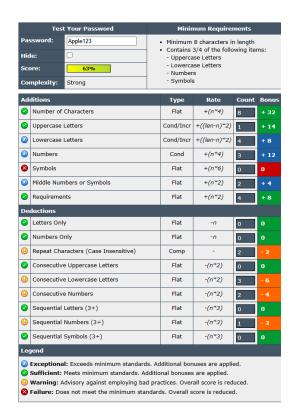
Create Multiple Passwords

Examples with varying complexity:

- apple123 (lowercase + numbers, short length)
- Apple123 (uppercase + lowercase + numbers)
- Apple@123 (adds symbol)
- ApPlE@12345 (mixed case, symbol, longer length)
- Tr0ub4dor&3x@mpl3! (complex passphrase style)
- J7\$rNq1zXy!p (randomized, very strong)

Test on Password Strength Checker

https://passwordmeter.com/







Hide: Score: 100% Complexity: Very Strong			Contains 3/4 of the following items: Uppercase Letters Lowercase Letters Numbers Symbols					
Ado	ditions		Туре	Rate	Count	Bonu		
3	Number of	Characters	Flat	+(n*4)	18	+ 72		
0	Uppercase	Letters	Cond/Incr	+((len-n)*2)	1	+ 34		
3	Lowercase	Letters	Cond/Incr	+((len-n)*2)	10	+ 16		
②	Numbers	Numbers		+(n*4)	4	+ 16		
3	Symbols		Flat	+(n*6)	3	+ 18		
3	Middle Numbers or Symbols		Flat	+(n*2)	6	+ 12		
3	Requirements		Flat	+(n*2)	5	+ 10		
Deductions								
Ø	Letters Onl	у	Flat	-n	0	0		
Ø	Numbers Only		Flat	-n	0	0		
<u>(l)</u>	Repeat Characters (Case Insensitive)		Comp	-	4			
Ø	Consecutive Uppercase Letters		Flat	-(n*2)	0	0		
<u>(l)</u>	Consecutive Lowercase Letters		Flat	-(n*2)	5			
0	Consecutiv	Consecutive Numbers		-(n*2)	0	0		
Ø	Sequential	Letters (3+)	Flat	-(n*3)	0	0		
Ø	Sequential	Numbers (3+)	Flat	-(n*3)	0	0		
Ø	Sequential	Symbols (3+)	Flat	-(n*3)	0	0		
Lec	jend							
(3) (2) (1)	Exceptiona Sufficient: Warning: A	I: Exceeds minimum standard: Meets minimum standards. Ac dvisory against employing bac es not meet the minimum star	lditional bonuses d practices. Over	are applied. all score is red	uced.			

Te	st Your Password	Minir	num Require	nents				
Password: Hide: Score: Complexity:	J75rNq1zXylp 100% Very Strong	Contains Upperca Lowerca Number	Minimum 8 characters in length Contains 3/4 of the following items: Uppercase Letters Lowercase Letters Numbers Symbols					
Additions		Туре	Rate	Count	Bonus			
Number of	of Characters	Flat	+(n*4)	12	+ 48			
O Uppercas	e Letters	Cond/Incr	+((len-n)*2)	3	+ 18			
Lowercas	e Letters	Cond/Incr	+((len-n)*2)	5	+ 14			
Numbers		Cond	+(n*4)	2	+ 8			
Symbols		Flat	+(n*6)	2	+ 12			
Middle Nu	ımbers or Symbols	Flat	+(n*2)	4	+8			
Requirem	ents	Flat	+(n*2)	5	+ 10			
Deductions								
Letters O	nly	Flat	-n	0				
Numbers	Numbers Only		-n	0				
Repeat C	Repeat Characters (Case Insensitive)		-	0				
Consecut	Consecutive Uppercase Letters		-(n*2)	0				
Consecut	Consecutive Lowercase Letters		-(n*2)	0				
Consecut	Consecutive Numbers		-(n*2)	0				
Sequentia	Sequential Letters (3+)		-(n*3)	0				
Sequentia	al Numbers (3+)	Flat	-(n*3)	0				
Sequentia	al Symbols (3+)	Flat	-(n*3)	0				
Legend								
 Exceptional: Exceeds minimum standards. Additional bonuses are applied. Sufficient: Meets minimum standards. Additional bonuses are applied. Warning: Advisory against employing bad practices. Overall score is reduced. Failure: Does not meet the minimum standards. Overall score is reduced. 								

Password	Strength/Score	Time to Crack	Feedback
apple123	Weak	Seconds	Too short, common pattern
Apple123	Weak/Medium	Minutes	Slightly better, still predictable
Apple@123	Medium	Hours	Add more length & randomness
ApPlE@12345	Strong	Years	Good mix, but still pattern- based
Tr0ub4dor&3x@mpl3!	Very Strong	Centuries	Excellent complexity & length
J7\$rNq1zXy!p	Very Strong	Centuries	High randomness, secure

Best Practices for Strong Passwords

- Use at least 12-16 characters.
- Combine uppercase, lowercase, numbers, and symbols.
- Avoid dictionary words or predictable patterns (e.g., Password123).
- Use **passphrases** (e.g., Blue\$Tiger!Runs7Fast).
- Ensure randomness don't base passwords on personal info.
- Use a **password manager** to store and generate secure passwords.
- Never reuse the same password for multiple accounts.

Common Password Attacks

- Brute Force Attack: Tries all possible combinations until it finds the match.
- **Dictionary Attack**: Uses lists of common words/passwords to guess.
- Credential Stuffing: Uses leaked username-password combos from breaches.
- Phishing: Tricks user into revealing the password.
- Keylogging: Records keystrokes to steal passwords.

How Complexity Affects Security

- Short & simple passwords → Cracked in seconds via brute force.
- **Medium complexity** → May last hours or days, but still vulnerable.
- **High complexity + long length** → Resistant to brute force for centuries.
- Randomness is key predictable substitutions like P@ssw0rd! are still weak.