## Array, Records and Pointers:

- 1. **Traversing:** carry out the following operations on an Array
- a) Maximum Value
- b) Minimum Value
- c) Average Value
- d) Total Value
- e) Sin Value

## 2. Inserting: Insert

- a) 54 to a sorted array.
- b) Rahim to a sorted array,
- c) 99 to position 5
- d) Karim to position 5.

## 3. Deleting

- a) Delete Karim from a sorted array,
- b) Delete an Item from position 2

## 4. Sorting:

- a) Sort integer data using Bubble sort.
- b) Sort string data using Bobble sort.

## 5. Searching:

- a) Search for 77 using Linear Binary Search:
- b) Search for Karim using Linear/Binary Search

## 6. Merging:

- a) Add two integer type arrays.
- b) Add two character type arrays

- 7. Copy elements of a 2D array into a ID/linear array and print the elements of group 3 from the ID array
- 8. Matrix: Addition Subtraction/Multiplication of two matrices.
- 9. Sparse Matrix: Store the element of a Triangular matrix A into a ID array B and locate the elements Ay in the array B.

## **Linked List:**

- 1. Create a Linked List and store the value 5, 3, 9, 42, 0, 1
- 2. Traversing Perform same operations as done on Array
- 3. Inserting: Perform same operations as done on Array.
- 4 Deleting: Perform same operations as done on Array.
- 5. Sorting: Sort the contents of a list
- 6. Searching Perform same operations as done on Array.

## STACKS, QUEUES, RECURSION:

- 1. Push an Item onto a Stack
- 2. Delete the top elements of Stack
- 3. Find the value of a Arithmetic expression P written in Postfix notation
- 4. Transform an Infix expression into Postfix expression
- 5. Find the value of an Arithmetic expression I written in Infix notation.
- 6. Sort 10 integer data using Quick-Sort algorithm.
- 7. Calculate the factorial of a given number using recursive technique.
- 8. Calculate the Fs of a Fibonacci sequence using recursive technique.
- 9. Solve Towers of Hanoi problem for N disks.

- 10. Insert an element into a queue
- 11. Delete an element from a queue.

#### TREE:

- 1. Write a program to insert an element in a Binary search tree, if the element already inserted before then display the location.
- 2. Write a program to insert an element into the heap.
- 3. Write a program to delete an element from the heap.
- 4. Traverse the tree in preorder.
- 5. Traverse the tree in inorder.
- 6. Traverse the tree in postorder.

## **GRAPH AND THEIR APPLICATION:**

- 1. Write a program that takes an Adjacent matrix A with m vertices as input and output the following: a) adjacent of Vi, Vj
- b) no. of paths of length 2 from Vi to Vj
- c) no of paths of length 3 from Vi to Vi d) no, of paths of length 4 from Vito Vj
- 2. Take adjacency matrix with m nodes as input and calculate B, and from that calculate Path Matrix and tell whether the matrix is strongly connected or not.
- 3. Find out the Path Matrix of an adjacent matrix with m nodes using Warshall's Algorithm.
- 4. Find out the shortest path of a Weighted Graph G with m nodes Vi, V... Ve and weight of each edge is w(e) using Warshall's Algorithm.
- 5. Write a program to create a Linked Representation of Graph, enter some data and read those data from the

## Graph

6. Write a program to traverse a Graph represented in Linked List using Brneadth-First Search.

7. Write a program to traverse a Graph represented in Linked List using Depth-First Search.

# SOME ADVANCED PROBLEM WHICH TO ADD LATER:

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