1 Introduction

In 2018, two of my favorite bands – The Front Bottoms and Manchester Orchestra – released a song they collaborated on called "Allentown." In a statement to Noisey (Ross, 2018) – the music arm of Vice – Andy Hull of Manchester Orchestra recalled that the creation of this track started when Nate Hussey of All Get Out sent him the first four lines of the track. Andy Hull worked out the melody and music and shared it with Brian Sella of The Front Bottoms, who then helped develop the chorus.

This brings us to an interesting question: which band contributed most to the song?

To attempt to answer this question, we purchased all releases before "Allentown" except joint albums, live albums, and single releases contained in a full album or an Extended Play (EP), a release that is more than a single release but shorter than a full album. We have 42 tracks by All Get Out, 77 by Manchester Orchestra, and 61 by The Front Bottoms. This totals 180 tracks; there are 181, including "Allentown."

We aimed to use Essentia (Bogdanov et al., 2013) – an open-source program for music analysis, description, and synthesis – to create data about what each band's tracks "sound like." We also used Essentia models (Alonso-Jiménez et al., 2020) to collect additional "sounds like" features (e.g., moods, contexts, instrumentation, etc.).

We also include an additional 122 features created by the Linguistic Inquiry and Word Count (LIWC) engine version 1.9.0 (Boyd et al., 2022). The LIWC is a text analysis tool that uses psychometric dictionaries to provide features that describe the lyrical content with features that describe the linguistics (e.g., word count, and grammar usage) and psychological processes (e.g., power, certitude, tone, and emotion).

In the GitHub folder, I have provided an extended dataset containing 67 features from Essentia's music extractor, 14 features from Essentia models, 118 features from LIWC, and two additional variables from the bing sentiment lexicon (Hu and Liu, 2004). In the coding task below, you will explore these data to find the most discriminating features between the three bands. This lab will enable you to practice (1) using tidyverse syntax, (2) summarizing data both numerically and visually, and (3) using those summaries to answer the question at hand.

2 Lab Coding Task: Summarize the Data

Step 1: Write a function that uses tidyverse to determine whether Allentown is out of range, unusual, or within the range for each band. Make sure to get your approach working for overall_loudness before you attempt to complete the work for the entire dataset. You can create such a function by completing the following.

- 1. Use group_by() to group the data by artist.
- 2. Use summarize() to compute the following statistics, where x is the feature of interest:

$$\begin{aligned} &\min = x_{(1)} = \text{the minimum} \\ &\text{LF} = Q_1 - 1.5 \text{IQR} = \text{the lower fence} \\ &\text{UF} = Q_3 - 1.5 \text{IQR} = \text{the upper fence} \\ &\text{max} = x_{(n)} = \text{the maximum} \end{aligned}$$

Note that the lower and upper fence are boundaries that statisticians often use to determine outlying observations. These quantites are often attributed to John Tukey, who introduced the boxplot (Tukey, 1977).

- 3. Use mutate() to create two new columns:
 - out.of.range to be TRUE when the feature value for Allentown is less than the minimum or more than the maximum and FALSE otherwise
 - unusual to be TRUE when the feature value for Allentown is less than the lower fence (LF) or more than the upper fence (UF) and FALSE otherwise
- 4. Use mutate to create a new column called description that is "Out of Range" when out.of.range is TRUE, "Outlying" when unusual is TRUE, and "Within Range" otherwise.
- Step 2: Apply this function to the data to determine where Allentown differs from the music each band makes. Note that some of the columns in the extended dataset are not numeric, so it would not make sense to do this for *every* column (e.g., artist, album, track, chords_scale, chords_key, key, and mode). Independently investigate the categorical variables for any relevant information.
- Step 3: Create a table in LATEX that summarizes select features for making a decision about which band has the largest imprint on the collaborative track "Allentown." Remember that the xtable library can be rather helpful for completing this task (Dahl et al., 2019).
- Step 4: Create a graph or series of graphs that summarize the selected features in Step 2 for making a decision about which band has the largest imprint on the collaborative track "Allentown." Ensure to neatly combine any plots using facet_wrap() or the patchwork library (Pedersen, 2024).

References

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