

1) Demonstrate how we can interact with Smart Contract using Web3.js.

Ans. Web3.js is a library collection of data which is used for users to interact with Smart Contracts using local or remote ethereum nodes. Interacting with a smart contract using Web3.js involves a few steps, including setting up a Web3 instance, getting the contract's ABI (Application Binary Interface), creating a contract instance, and then calling the contract's method. Below is a step-by-step guide on how to do this.

1. Install Web3

First, you need to have Node.js installed on your machine. Then, you can install Web3.js using npm:

```
npm install web3
```

2. Set up Web

Next you need to set up a web3 instance. You need a provider which can be a local ethereum node or remote, or a service like Infura.

```
const Web3 = require('web3');
```

```
// Connect to a local Ethereum node or Infura
```

```
const web3 = new Web3(https://mainnet.infura.io/v3/YOUR\_INFURA\_PROJECT\_ID);
```

3. Get the Contract's ABI Address

You need the ABI and the contract address to interact with the smart contract. The ABI defines the contract's interface.

```
const contractABI = [ /* ABI goes here */ ];
```

```
const contractAddress = '0xYourContractAddress';
```

4. Create a contract instance

Now create a contract instance using ABI and contract address

```
const myContract = new web3.eth.Contract(contractABI, contractAddress);
```

5. Call Contract Methods

You can call methods of the contract. For example, to call a 'view' function

```
myContract.methods.someViewFunction().call()

    .then(result => {

        console.log(result);

    })

    .catch(error => {

        console.error(error);

    });
```

6. Listening to Events

You can also listen for events emitted by the Smart Contract:

```
myContract.events.MyEvent({

    filter: {}, // Filter options (optional)

    fromBlock: 'latest' // Start block

}, (error, event) => {

    if (error) {

        console.error(error);

    } else {

        console.log(event);

    }

});
```

Summary

1. Set up Web3 with a provider.
2. Obtain the ABI and address of the contract.
3. Create a contract instance using Web3.
4. Call or send methods on the contract using `.call()` or `.send()`.
5. Listen to events if needed.

This basic setup allows you to interact with any Ethereum Smart Contract using Web3.js.

Summary of Outputs

- No direct output during the setup of Web3 and contract instance creation.
- Contract Call returns the result of the function
- Sending a transaction return a transaction receipt
- Event listener logs emitted events.

To get actual outputs, we need to run the code with a real Ethereum node or service like Infura, using an actual contract ABI, address and valid account credentials.