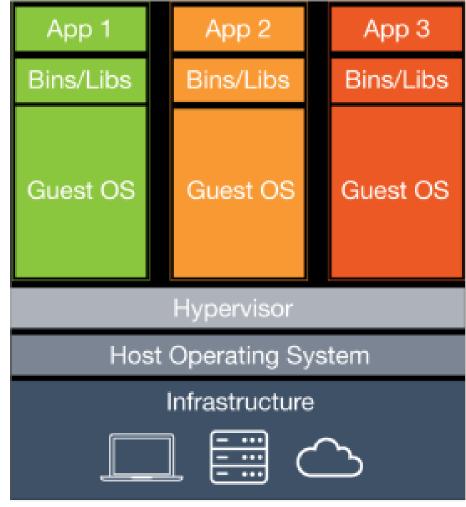
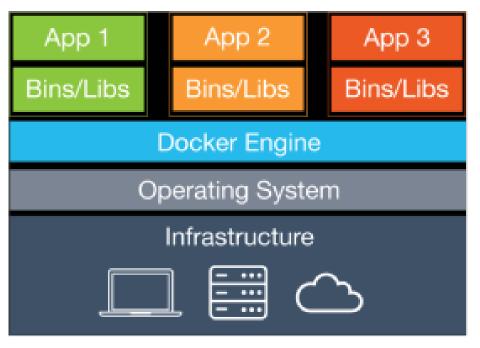
Docker – Technical Details

COMP-10097 – Virtual Infrastructure





Traditional Type 2 VM (e.g. VirtualBox)



Container (e.g. Docker)

Docker: Image vs Container

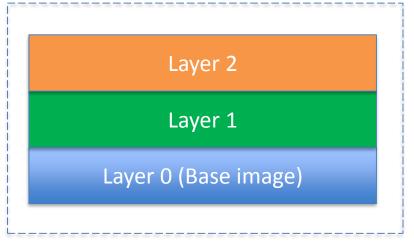
Image

- A union of layered filesystems
- Never changes

Example Dockerfile

```
# Install python and pip
RUN apk add --update py2-pip (Layer 1)
# install Python modules needed by the Python app
COPY requirements.txt /usr/src/app/ (Layer 2)
```

Final Image



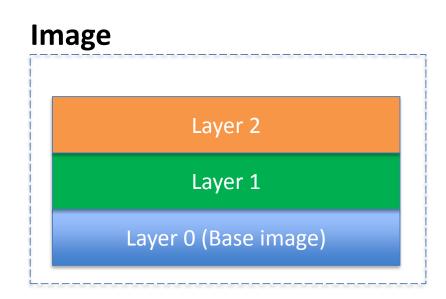
Docker: Image vs Container

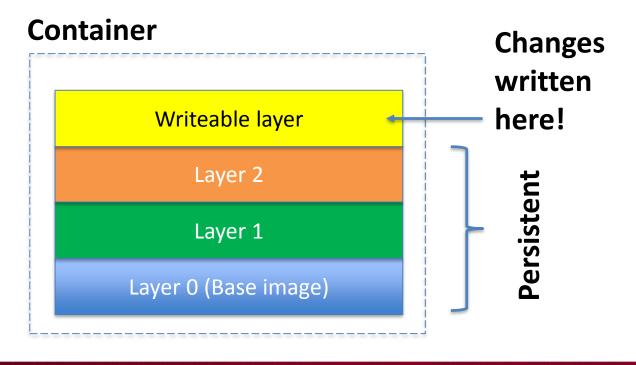
Container

Runtime instance of an image + a writeable layer

Many containers each with a unique writeable layer can be run from the

same image





Try this!

1. docker run -it ubuntu

(then from within container install the wget application)

2a. apt-get update

2b. apt-get install wget

2c. wget (it runs!)

Ctrl+d to exit container. Now, run another container based on the same image:

3a. docker run -it ubuntu

3b. wget (FAIL! WHY?!)

Docker Networking

By default, docker creates three networks: Host, Bridge and None

- Host -> container added to host network
- Bridge -> container(s) added on new network.
 - Containers can communicate with host & each other
 - Containers added to Bridge network by default
- None -> no network

Docker Networking, cont'd

Start two containers: docker run -it bash

They will start in bridge mode, by default

- a. What are their IP address?
- b. Can the two containers communicate?
- c. Can they communicate with the host? The internet?

(172.17.0.x, YES, YES)



Docker Networking, cont'd

More details...

https://docs.docker.com/engine/userguide/networking/#the-default-bridge-network

Key Docker Commands

docker run -i <image> -> run a docker image

docker run -it <image> -> run a docker image and attach to host terminal

docker images

-> list all docker images

docker ps

-> list running containers

docker ps -a

-> list running containers, even those that have exited.