Python Programs for Practice

Dr.Thyagaraju G S

1. Write a Python Program to read and print integer, float and string

```
x = int(input("Enter Integer : "))
print("Entered integer value is:",x)

y = float(input("Enter Floating point Number"))
print("\n Entered floating point value is : ",y)

s = input("Enter String : ")
print("\n Entered string is : ",s)
```

Enter Integer: 12

Entered integer value is: 12

Enter Floating point Number2.345

Entered floating point value is : 2.345

Enter String : abcdef

Entered string is : abcdef

2. Write a Program to perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, modulor division and exponentiation.

```
x,y = input("Enter two values").split()
x = int(x)
y = int(y)
print(" Sum = {}".format(x+y))
print(" Diff = {}".format(x-y))
print(" Prod = {}".format(x*y))
print(" Div = {}".format(x/y))
print(" MOD Div = {}".format(x%y))
print(" Exponent = {}".format(x**y))
```

```
Enter two values1 2
Sum = 3
Diff = -1
Prod = 2
Div = 0.5
MOD Div = 1
Exponent = 1
```

3. What is the output of the following programs

```
x = 4
y = x + 1
x = 2
print(x,y)
```

```
x, y = 2, 6

x, y = y, x + 2

print(x, y)
```

```
x = 1
def f():
    return x
print(x)
print(f())
```

```
x = 1
def f():
    x = 2
    return x
print(x)
print(f())
print(x)
```

```
x = 2
def f(a):
    x = a * a
    return x
y = f(3)
print(x, y)
```

```
cube = lambda x: x ** 3
print(cube(3))
```

```
print(2 < 3 and 3 > 1)
print(2 < 3 or 3 > 1)
print(2 < 3 or not 3 > 1)
print(2 < 3 and not 3 > 1)
```

```
x = 4
y = 5
p = x < y or x < z
print (p)</pre>
```

```
x = 2
if x == 2:
    print (x)
else:
    print(y)
```

```
import math
math.sqrt(4)
```

```
x = [0, 1, [2]]
x[2][0] = 3
print(x)
x[2].append(4)
print(x)
x[2] = 2
print(x)
```

```
x = zip(["a", "b", "c"], [1, 2, 3])
print(list(x))
x = zip(["a", "b", "c"], [1, 2, 3])
print(set(x))
x = zip(["a", "b", "c"], [1, 2, 3])
print(dict(x))
x = zip(["a", "b", "c"], [1, 2, 3])
print(tuple(x))
```

```
[('a', 1), ('b', 2), ('c', 3)]
{('a', 1), ('b', 2), ('c', 3)}
{'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3}
(('a', 1), ('b', 2), ('c', 3))
```

```
x = sum([1, 2, 3])
print(x)
a = [2, 10, 4, 3, 7]
a.sort()
print(a)
a.reverse()
print(a)
b = [1,3,2,5,4]
print(sorted(b))
print(b)
```

```
6
[2, 3, 4, 7, 10]
[10, 7, 4, 3, 2]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
[1, 3, 2, 5, 4]
```

4. 1 Execute the following Programs

```
def square(x):
    return x * x
y=map(square, range(5))
list(y)
[0, 1, 4, 9, 16]
def even(x):
    return x \%2 == 0
f=filter(even, range(10))
list(f)
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8]
```

4.2 Execute the following programs

```
x = enumerate(["a", "b", "c"])
list(x)
[(0, 'a'), (1, 'b'), (2, 'c')]
for index, value in enumerate(["a", "b", "c"]):
    print(index, value)
0 a
1 b
2 c
```

Practice More in Free Time