Lista 5 - Capítulo 7 - Passagens de Mensagens entre Processos

- 7.2 Consider a filter process Partition having the following specifications. Partition receives unsorted values from one input channel in and sends the values it receives to one of two output channels, out1 or out2. Partition uses the first value v it receives to partition the input values into two sets. It sends all values less than or equal to v to out1; it sends all values greater than v to out2. Finally, Partition sends v to out1 and sends a sentinel EOS to both out1 and out2. The end of the input stream is marked by a sentinel EOS.
 - (a) Develop an implementation of Partition. First give predicates specifying the contents of the channels, then develop the body of Partition.
 - (b) Show how to construct a sorting network out of Partition processes. Assume that there are n input values and that n is a power of 2. In the worst case, how big does the network have to be? (This is not a good way to do sorting; this is just an exercise!)
- 7.5 Consider the dining philosophers problem defined in Section 4.3. Develop a server process to synchronize the actions of the philosophers. Show the client (philosopher) interface to the server. The processes should interact using asynchronous message passing.
- 7.6 Consider the readers/writers problem defined in Section 4.4. Develop a server process to implement the database. Show the reader and writer interfaces to the server. The processes should interact using asynchronous message passing.
- 7.10 Suppose a computer center has two printers, A and B, that are similar but not identical. Three kinds of client processes use the printers: those that must use A, those that must use B, and those that can use either A or B.
 - Develop code that each kind of client executes to request and release a printer, and develop a server process to allocate the printers. Your solution should be fair assuming that a client using a printer eventually releases it.
- 7.13 Consider the self-scheduling disk driver process in Figure 7.9.
 - (a) Modify the process to use the CSCAN scheduling strategy that was employed in the monitor in Figure 5.13.
 - (b) Modify the self-scheduling disk driver in Figure 7.9 to use the SCAN (elevator) scheduling strategy described at the start of Section 5.3.

7.16 You are given three processes F, G, and H, each having a local array of integers. All three arrays are sorted in nondecreasing order. At least one value is in all three arrays. Develop a program in which the three processes interact until each has determined the smallest common value. Give key assertions in each process. Messages should contain only one value at a time.