

**MOVIE GENRE CLASSIFICATION ---- (TASK 1 FOR MACHINE LEARNING)****FEB Batch P33 CODSOFT INTERNSHIP PROGRAM****Author: Irfan Ullah Khan**

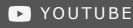
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```
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

**Load Dataset**

```
df = pd.read_csv("movies_genres.csv", delimiter='\\t')
```

**Information about Dataset**

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4869 entries, 0 to 4868
Data columns (total 30 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   title           4869 non-null   object
1   plot            4869 non-null   object
2   Action          4868 non-null   float64
3   Adult           4868 non-null   float64
4   Adventure       4868 non-null   float64
5   Animation       4868 non-null   float64
6   Biography       4868 non-null   float64
7   Comedy         4868 non-null   float64
8   Crime           4868 non-null   float64
9   Documentary     4868 non-null   float64
10  Drama           4868 non-null   float64
11  Family          4868 non-null   float64
12  Fantasy         4868 non-null   float64
13  Game-Show      4868 non-null   float64
14  History         4868 non-null   float64
15  Horror          4868 non-null   float64
16  Lifestyle       4868 non-null   float64
17  Music           4868 non-null   float64
18  Musical         4868 non-null   float64
19  Mystery         4868 non-null   float64
20  News            4868 non-null   float64
21  Reality-TV     4868 non-null   float64
22  Romance         4868 non-null   float64
23  Sci-Fi         4868 non-null   float64
24  Short           4868 non-null   float64
25  Sport           4868 non-null   float64
26  Talk-Show      4868 non-null   float64
27  Thriller        4868 non-null   float64
```

```
28 War 4868 non-null float64
29 Western 4868 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(28), object(2)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

Size of Dataset

```
df.shape
```

(4869, 30)

First 5 Rows of Dataset

```
df.head()
```

	title	plot	Action	Adult	Adventure	Animation	Biography	Comedy
0	"#7DaysLater" (2013)	#7dayslater is an interactive comedy series f...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
1	"#BlackLove" (2015) {Crash the Party (#1.9)}	With just one week left in the workshops, the...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	"#BlackLove" (2015) {Making making	All of the women start making	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Last 5 Rows of Dataset

```
df.tail()
```

	title	plot	Action	Adult	Adventure	Animation	Biography	Comedy
4864	"American Diner Revival" (2015) {Retro Remix (...	Help arrives for the "Red Hots Coney Island" ...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4865	"American Doers" (2016) {Katie Gong Gong (#1.7)}	Everyone needs a place to firmly plant their ...	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

We have a total of 47403 movies and each of them is associated with 28 possible genres. The genres columns simply contain a 1 or 0 depending of wether the movie is classified into that particular genre or not, so the one-hot-encoding schema is already provided in this file.

Next we are going to calculate the absolute number of movies per genre

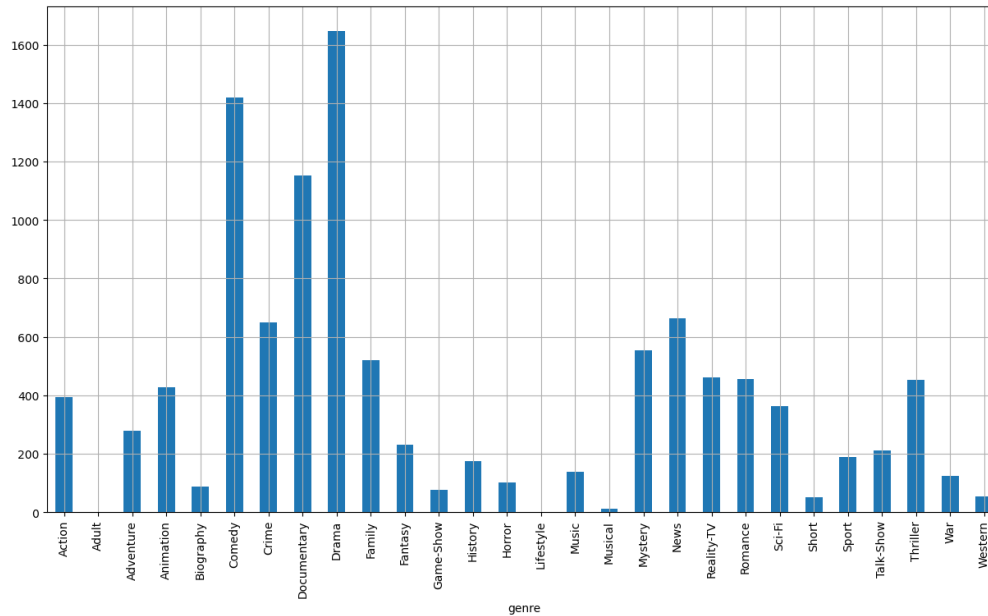
Note: each movie can be associated with more than one genre, we just want to know which genres have more movies.

```
df_genres = df.drop(['plot', 'title'], axis=1)
counts = []
categories = list(df_genres.columns.values)
for i in categories:
    counts.append((i, df_genres[i].sum()))
df_stats = pd.DataFrame(counts, columns=['genre', '#movies'])
df_stats
```

	genre	#movies	
0	Action	395.0	
1	Adult	1.0	
2	Adventure	278.0	
3	Animation	429.0	
4	Biography	88.0	
5	Comedy	1418.0	
6	Crime	650.0	
7	Documentary	1153.0	
8	Drama	1648.0	
9	Family	521.0	
10	Fantasy	231.0	
11	Game-Show	76.0	
12	History	176.0	
13	Horror	102.0	
14	Lifestyle	0.0	
15	Music	137.0	
16	Musical	12.0	
17	Mystery	554.0	
18	News	664.0	
19	Reality-TV	461.0	
20	Romance	456.0	
21	Sci-Fi	362.0	
22	Short	52.0	
23	Sport	189.0	
24	Talk-Show	210.0	
25	Thriller	452.0	
26	War	124.0	
27	Western	54.0	

```
df_stats.plot(x='genre', y='#movies', kind='bar', legend=False, grid=True, figsize=(15, 8))
```

<Axes: xlabel='genre'>



Since the Lifestyle has 0 instances we can just remove it from the data set

```
df.drop('Lifestyle', axis=1, inplace=True)
```

One thing that notice when working with this dataset is that there are plots written in different languages. Let's use [langedetect](#) tool to identify the language in which the plots are written

```
!pip install langdetect
from langdetect import detect

df['plot_lang'] = df['plot'].apply(lambda text: detect(str(text)))
print(df['plot_lang'].value_counts())
```

```
Collecting langdetect
  Downloading langdetect-1.0.9.tar.gz (981 kB)
 981.5/981.5 kB 11.2 MB/s eta 0:00
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langdetect) (1.16.0)
Building wheels for collected packages: langdetect
  Building wheel for langdetect (setup.py) ... done
  Created wheel for langdetect: filename=langdetect-1.0.9-py3-none-any.whl size=993225 sha256=f9d59c1c905c27143c
  Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/95/03/7d/59ea870c70ce4e5a370638b5462a7711ab78fba2f655d05106
Successfully built langdetect
Installing collected packages: langdetect
Successfully installed langdetect-1.0.9
en      4868
de         1
Name: plot_lang, dtype: int64
```

There other languages besides English, let's just keep English plots, and save this to a new file.

```
df = df[df.plot_lang.isin(['en'])]
df.to_csv("movies_genres_en.csv", sep='\t', encoding='utf-8')
```