

الجمهورية الجزائرية الديمقراطية الشعبية

الديوان الوطني للامتحانات والمسابقات الدورة الاستثنائية: 2017



وزارة التربية الوطنية

امتحان بكالوريا التعليم الثانوي

الشعبة: آداب وفلسفة

المدة: 02 سا و 30 د

اختبار في مادة: اللغة الانجليزية

على المترشح أن يختار أحد الموضوعين الآتيين: الموضوع الأول

PART ONE: READING (15 points)

A/ Comprehension (07 pts)

Read the text carefully then do the following activities.

Children doing paid work is a complex issue on which opinions disagree whether it is "wrong" or "valuable" and also on its "learning benefits".

Contrary to working in industry <u>which</u> is unsafe and unhealthy, children working at home would learn more. Unfortunately, employers prefer using children's services in order to save money by paying them lower wages. This exploitation should be banned.

However, in many countries children work to help **their** needy families. This was certainly the case in the past in many industrialized countries. It is, in fact, very difficult to judge that it is wrong for children today to contribute to family income in this way.

Nevertheless, in better economic circumstances, few parents would send their children to work. Thus, children can acquire learning responsibilities and work experience by having light part-time jobs or helping their parents at home. Such unpaid tasks are valuable in children's development.

Adapted from: "CAMBRIDGE IELTS 3", Cambridge University Press, 2002.

- 1) Are the following statements true or false? Write T or F next to the letter corresponding to the statement and correct the false one(s).
 - a- Working in factories is risky.
 - **b-** Employers pay children fairly.
 - c- Many children are compelled to work because of deprivation.
 - **d-** Industrialized countries were confronted with child labour problem.
- 2) In which paragraph is it mentioned that...
 - a- there is a dilemma between condemning child labour and favouring it?
 - **b**-the writer advocates forbidding child labour?
- 3) Answer the following questions according to the text.
 - **a-** What do employers use children's services for?
 - **b-**How can unpaid work be beneficial to children's development?
 - c- Do you encourage child labour? Justify.
- 4) Who or what do the underlined words refer to in the text?

a- which (§2)

b- their (§3)

اختبار في مادة: اللغة الانجليزية / الشعبة: آداب وفلسفة / بكالوريا استثنائية 2017

B/ Text Exploration (08 pts)

- 1) Find in the text words or phrases that are closest in meaning to the following:
 - a- forbidden (§2)
- **b-** poor (§3)
- **c-** obtain (§4)
- **d-** growth (§4)
- 2) Ask questions which the underlined words answer.
 - a. Children work in factories to help their needy families.
 - b. Children can acquire learning responsibilities and work experience
- 3) Classify the following words according to the stressed syllable.

a- children

b- economic

c- industrialize

d- exploitation

1 st syllable	2 nd syllable	3 rd syllable		

4) Imagine what A says, and complete the following dialogue.

A:? **B:** No, I didn't see that report on child labour. I was washing my father's car. Was it interesting?

A:

B: Oh my God! That's terrible. Are they obliged to accept such miserable conditions?

A:

B: You are right. It's high time government and society acted to protect children's rights.

PART TWO: WRITTEN EXPRESSION

(05 points)

Choose ONE of the following topics.

Topic One:

Your best friend dropped out of school and started working in an agricultural field. Months later you met him and he started talking about his harsh living and working conditions.

Using the following notes write a composition of about 70 to 80 words to your school magazine reporting the sufferings of your friend.

- malnutrition - ill-treatment of the employer

- no health care / - work for a living

- deprived of education - robbed of their childhood.

Topic Two:

More and more adolescents are getting addicted to drugs for different reasons. Write an article of about 70 to 80 words to an electronic newspaper in which you describe how this social evil dramatically affects family, school and society.

انتهى الموضوع الأول



اختبار في مادة: اللغة الانجليزية / الشعبة: آداب وفلسفة / بكالوريا استثنائية 2017

الموضوع الثانى

PART ONE: READING (14 points)

A/ Comprehension (07 pts)

Read the text carefully then do the activities.

The Sahara Desert was an extremely important geographical feature in the history of the great medieval African empires. Today the Sahara is the largest desert in the world. But it was not always <u>so</u>.

Rock paintings found in the mountains of the Sahara reveal that until about 5000 B.C., the region was a land of rivers and lakes. It was populated by hunters and fishermen, grassland animals such as rhinoceros, elephants, and giraffes, and water creatures including hippopotami, crocodiles, and fish.

By around 3000 B.C., the region had begun to dry out. Rock paintings from **this period** show that the big animals were gone. They had moved north and south to wetter climate zones. Many of the humans also moved northward into the Maghrib, which is the Arabic word for northwestern Africa. Eventually, the dry region became known as the Sahara, which is the Arabic word for "desert".

Although it became more and more difficult to survive in the Sahara, many people stayed <u>there</u>. Some of them settled in oases—areas in the desert with springs and wells that enabled them to grow date palms and vegetable gardens.

Adapted from "Great Empires of the Past" by David C. Conrads. p.7 (2010)

1) Are these statements true or false? Write T or F next to the letter corresponding to the statement.

- **a.** The Sahara has always been a desert.
- **b.** Rock paintings are witnesses of climate change in the region.
- **c.** The Sahara was never inhabited by people.
- **d.** Some people stayed in the Sahara despite the hard living conditions.

2) In which paragraph is it mentioned that...

- a. Fishing and hunting existed in the Sahara years ago?
- **b.** Some people moved to North Africa because of dryness?
- c. People who stayed in the region settled around water sources?

3) Answer the following questions according to the text.

- a. Did climate change have an impact on life in the Sahara desert? Justify from the text.
- **b.** What helped the settlers continue to live in the Sahara?

4) Who or what do the underlined words refer to in the text?

a. so (§1) **b.** this period (§3) **c.** there (§4)

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B/ Text Exploration (08 pts)

- 1) Find in the text words, phrases or expressions whose definitions follow:
 - a. relating to the Middle Ages (§1)
 - **b.** pictures put on the surface of objects, walls etc. (§2)
 - c. without water (§3)
 - d. deep holes in the ground from which water can be obtained (§4)
- 2) Give the opposites of the following words keeping the same root.

populated - known - fertile - integration

- 3) Complete sentence (b) so that it means the same as sentence (a):
 - 1) a. The Sahara became dry due to reduced precipitation and higher temperature.
 - **b.** Owing to
 - 2) a. Archeologists claimed, "People lived on the edge of the desert thousands of years ago."
 - **b.** Archeologists claimed
- 4) Fill in the gaps with only FOUR words from the list.

went - ancestors - including - settled - created - language

The people of Phoenicia, who flourished from 1200 - 800 B.C., ...(1)... a confederation of kingdoms across the entire Sahara to Egypt. They generally ... (2)... along the Mediterranean coast, as well as the Sahara, among the people of Ancient Libya, who were the ... (3)... of people who speak Berber Languages in North Africa and Sahara today, ... (4) ... the Tuareg of the central Sahara.

PART TWO: WRITTEN EXPRESSION

(05 points)

Choose ONE of the following topics:

<u>Topic One</u>: While studying about ancient civilizations, your school organized a trip to an archaeological site in your region. Write an article of about 70 to 80 words for your school magazine in which you describe the site.

You can use the following notes:

- name / location of the site
- description of the site
- historical value (civilization/period)
- state of preservation

<u>Topic Two</u>: A friend of yours faces disciplinary measures because of his/her misbehaviour. Write a letter to the headmaster asking him for a psychological help to your friend as you know that he/she suffers from violence at home. (Sign the letter Rabeh Ben Rabeh).

انتهى الموضوع الثاني

العلامة		Children doing paid work عناصر الإجابة						
مجموع	مجزأة	عر الإخباب	Cinuren doing paid work					
15 pts		PART ONE: READING						
(7 pts)		1 / Comprehension						
		1. T/F statements						
2pts	0.5×4	a- T b- F / Employers pay children lower wages c- T						
		d- T	agranh					
		2. Locating the right para a- §1 / the 1st paragr	- ·					
1pt	0.5×2	b - §2 / the 2 nd paragr		^				
		3. Answering comprehens						
		a - For saving money by	paying them lower wage	s / in order to save money				
3pts	1×3		responsibilities and wor					
		1	time job / financial autor	nomy / acquiring				
		responsibility and No: exploitation / low						
		(any other logica						
		4. Cohesive markers	it unswei					
		a- which ($\S 2$) \rightarrow working	ng in industry					
1 pt	0.50×2	b- their (§3) → childre						
8pts		B/ Text Exploration						
		1. Synonymy						
2 pts	0.5×4	a- forbidden = banned (§2) b- poor = needy (§3)						
2 pts	0.5/4	c- obtain= acquire (§4) d- growth = development (§4) 2. Asking questions to the underlined words						
		2. Asking questions to the underlined words a- Why do children work in factories?						
2 pts	1×2	b- What can children acquire?						
		3. Stress pattern	1					
		1 st syllable	2 nd syllable	3 rd syllable				
1 pt	0.25×4	children	industrialize	economic exploitation				
		4. Dialogue completion						
			ort on child labour yester	rday?				
		1	2	ed, underpaid and exposed to				
3pts	1×3	risks	G. Carran on was unprotect	,				
		(Any logical answer related to children's bad working and living						
		conditions).						
		A3: They have no choice. I think that all of us, with the help of the						
		government, must work to protect children's rights.						

الإجابة النموذجية لموضوع امتحان البكالوريا دورة استثنائية: 2017

اختبار مادة: اللغة الانجليزية الضعبة: آداب وفلسفة

	PART TWO: WRITTEN EXPRESSION						
5 pts.	Criteria	Relevanc e	Semantic Coherenc e	Correct use of English	Excellence (vocabulary and creativity)	Final score	
	L&PH	1	1	2	1	5 pts.	

الإجابة النموذجية لموضوع امتحان البكالوريا دورة استثنائية: 2017

اختبار مادة: اللغة الانجليزية الشعبة: آداب وفلسفة

العلامة		The Sahara Desert عناصر الإجابة					
مجموع	مجزأة	, and the second					
14 pts		PART ONE: READING					
07 pts		A/ Comprehension					
02	0.5x4	1. a. False b. True c. False	1. a. False b. True c. False d. True				
01.50	0.50x3	2. a. §2 b. §3 c. §4					
02.50	1.50	3. a. Yes it did. Big animals	were gone. Hu	umans moved.			
	1	b. Springs and wells: they grow date palms and vegetable gardens.					
01	0.25x4	4. a. so (§1): the largest de	sert in the wo	rld.			
		b. This period (§3): By around 3000B.C c. there(§4): Sahara					
08 pts		B/ Text Exploration					
2	0.50x4	1. a: medieval b: paint	ings c: dry	d: wells			
1	0.25x4	2. de populated – un known	– infertile – di	sintegration			
3	1.50x2	3. 1) Owing to reduced pred	cipitation and h	nigher tempera	ture, the Sahar	a became dry.	
3	1.30XZ	2) Archaeologists <u>claime</u>	2) Archaeologists claimed that people had lived on the edge of the desert				
		thousands of years before.					
2	0.50x4	4. (1) created (2) sett	tled (3) and	cestors (4)	including		
		PART TWO: WRITTEN E	EXPRESSION				
		Criteria Relevance	Semantic	Correct use	Excellence:	Final score	
		Criteria	coherence	of English		T mai score	
05 pts	coherence of English vocabulary and						
		I DII	1	2	creativity	5 4	
	4	L.PH 1	1	2	1	5pts	