

# CSE463 Lab Assignment 4

Deadline: 18th April, 11:59PM

## Submission instructions:

- Open a folder in Google Drive and name it as- ID\_Name\_Lab4.
- You do not have to submit a dataset for this assignment, but you must link the dataset on which you implemented the models.
- You must submit an .ipynb file with all the generated outputs such as training outputs, and final evaluation scores.
- You may also submit a pdf, with the results.
- Note that in **Question 2**: You have to classify the same dataset on at least 3 different pre-trained models.

## QUESTION 1

### Part 1:

**Implement the VGG-19 architecture (explained below) in Python using a deep learning library such as TensorFlow or PyTorch to build a sequential model. [6]**

### Reference (VGG-19 Architecture):

VGG-19 consists of **16 convolutional layers** and **3 fully connected layers**, making a total of **19 layers**.

### Define the Input Layer: [0.5]

- **Input size:**  $224 \times 224 \times 3$  (Height  $\times$  Width  $\times$  Channels).

### Add Convolutional Layers: [2]

- Use **3 $\times$ 3 filters** for all convolutional layers.
- Apply **ReLU activation** after each convolutional operation.
- Group convolutional layers into blocks:
  - **Block 1:** 2 convolutional layers with **64 filters** each.
  - **Block 2:** 2 convolutional layers with **128 filters** each.
  - **Block 3:** 4 convolutional layers with **256 filters** each.
  - **Block 4:** 4 convolutional layers with **512 filters** each.
  - **Block 5:** 4 convolutional layers with **512 filters** each.

### Add Max Pooling Layers: [1]

- After each block, add a **MaxPooling layer** with a **2×2 pool size** and a **stride of 2** to reduce spatial dimensions.

### Flatten the Output: [0.5]

- At the end of the convolutional blocks, **flatten** the 3D feature maps into a 1D vector.

### Add Fully Connected Layers: [2]

- Add **two dense (fully connected) layers** with **4096 neurons** each and **ReLU activation**.
- Add a **final dense layer** with **N neurons** (where N is the number of classes in your dataset) and use **softmax activation**.

### Part 2: Plot the accuracy and save the model. [5]

### Part 3: Discussion

- The role of each layer in the architecture [3]
- Why VGG-19 uses small filters (3×3) [1]

## QUESTION 2

Choose a medical image dataset from [Kaggle](#) (e.g., lung cancer, skin cancer, etc.). Apply classification on the dataset using at least three different classification models based on Keras Applications. You can explore [Keras Applications](#) to implement any model of your choice.

In your solution, ensure the following:

1. **[5 marks] Dataset Selection:** Provide a brief description of the dataset you have chosen. Eg. Dataset size, Train-Test-Validation size, Number of classes, and any unique features.
2. **[5 marks] Data Loading and Preprocessing:** Include the steps you performed to prepare the dataset for classification (e.g., resizing, normalization, augmentation if required).
3. **[5\*3=15 marks] Model Implementation:** Use at least **three different pre-trained models** from Keras Applications (e.g., VGG16, ResNet50, InceptionV3, etc.). For each model:
  - Load the pre-trained model with appropriate weights.
  - Modify the top layers to suit your classification task.
  - Compile and train the model.

4. **[5 marks] Model Evaluation:** Evaluate the performance of each model using appropriate metrics (e.g., accuracy, precision, recall, or F1 score).
5. **[5 marks] Comparison:** Compare the performance of the different models. Which one performed the best, and why do you think that is the case?