# CSE463 Lab Assignment 4

Deadline: 18th April, 11:59PM

#### Submission instructions:

- Open a folder in Google Drive and name it as- ID Name Lab4.
- You do not have to submit a dataset for this assignment, but you must link the dataset on which you implemented the models.
- You must submit an .ipynb file with all the generated outputs such as training outputs, and final evaluation scores.
- You may also submit a pdf, with the results.
- Note that in **Question 2**: You have to classify the same dataset on at least 3 different pre-trained models.

## **QUESTION 1**

#### Part 1:

Implement the VGG-19 architecture (explained below) in Python using a deep learning library such as TensorFlow or PyTorch to build a sequential model. [6]

## Reference (VGG-19 Architecture):

VGG-19 consists of **16 convolutional layers** and **3 fully connected layers**, making a total of **19 layers**.

## **Define the Input Layer: [0.5]**

• Input size: 224 × 224 × 3 (Height × Width × Channels).

## Add Convolutional Layers: [2]

- Use 3×3 filters for all convolutional layers.
- Apply **ReLU activation** after each convolutional operation.
- Group convolutional layers into blocks:
  - **Block 1:** 2 convolutional layers with **64 filters** each.
  - o Block 2: 2 convolutional layers with 128 filters each.
  - o **Block 3:** 4 convolutional layers with **256 filters** each.
  - o Block 4: 4 convolutional layers with 512 filters each.
  - o Block 5: 4 convolutional layers with 512 filters each.

## Add Max Pooling Layers: [1]

 After each block, add a MaxPooling layer with a 2×2 pool size and a stride of 2 to reduce spatial dimensions.

## Flatten the Output: [0.5]

• At the end of the convolutional blocks, **flatten** the 3D feature maps into a 1D vector.

## Add Fully Connected Layers: [2]

- Add two dense (fully connected) layers with 4096 neurons each and ReLU activation.
- Add a **final dense layer** with **N neurons** (where N is the number of classes in your dataset) and use **softmax activation**.

## Part 2: Plot the accuracy and save the model. [5]

#### Part 3: Discussion

- The role of each layer in the architecture [3]
- Why VGG-19 uses small filters (3×3) [1]

## **QUESTION 2**

Choose a medical image dataset from <u>Kaggle</u> (e.g., lung cancer, skin cancer, etc.). Apply classification on the dataset using at least three different classification models based on Keras Applications. You can explore <u>Keras Applications</u> to implement any model of your choice.

In your solution, ensure the following:

- [5 marks] Dataset Selection: Provide a brief description of the dataset you have chosen. Eg. Dataset size, Train-Test-Validation size, Number of classes, and any unique features.
- [5 marks] Data Loading and Preprocessing: Include the steps you performed to prepare the dataset for classification (e.g., resizing, normalization, augmentation if required).
- 3. [5\*3=15 marks] **Model Implementation**: Use at least three different pre-trained models from Keras Applications (e.g., VGG16, ResNet50, InceptionV3, etc.). For each model:
  - Load the pre-trained model with appropriate weights.
  - Modify the top layers to suit your classification task.
  - Compile and train the model.

- 4. **[**5 marks**] Model Evaluation**: Evaluate the performance of each model using appropriate metrics (e.g., accuracy, precision, recall, or F1 score).
- 5. **[**5 marks**] Comparison**: Compare the performance of the different models. Which one performed the best, and why do you think that is the case?