Problem 0(a)

Theorem 1 ($|A| = 0 \implies |\mathcal{P}(A)| = 1$). The power set of the empty set has one element.

Proof. Constructing the power set of \emptyset (i.e., the empty set), the definition of the power set gives $\mathcal{P}(\emptyset)$ equal to $\{\emptyset\}$. We see that there is one element in $\mathcal{P}(\emptyset)$.