## PROJECT A

# Using Heuristics to Resolve Conflicting Attributes



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#### **Problem Statement**

#### **Project A: Discovering New Places**

- Where are all the world's open places?
- What Open signals can help us grow the data?
- What tools do we have to ensure data quality?
- How can we develop heuristics to ensure quality over time?

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#### **OKRs**

**Objective:** Develop a prototype framework that improves the consistency and quality of place data by verifying validity across the names of entities for the Overture dataset

**Key Result 1:** Identify and document 3 open datasets relevant to place data and extract a subset of entities for analysis.

**Key Result 2:** Define and implement rule based matching initially, then utilize LLMs and Vector Spaces, to analyze differences in names between overture and open datasets

**Key Result 3:** Create a web-based app, that uses a pipeline to work with many different datasets, to show name mismatches across Overture dataset and external datasets

#### Collaboration

- SparkGeo (<u>Lauren</u>, Greg, Gordon)
  - Meet once at the beginning of quarter
  - Email correspondence
- Limited Direct Knowledge
  - Our How the data is collected and sourced?
  - How confidence scores are calculated?
  - What infrastructure with our project already exists?
- Valuable Insights and Guidance

## **Approach and Methodology**

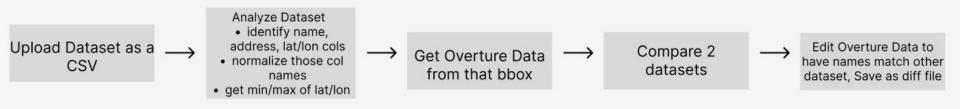
#### **Choosing Datasets**

NYC Restaurant Inspection NYC Minority Owned Business Data NYC Firefighter Response Data

#### **Heuristics**

Address Matching
Long/Lat Matching
Calculated similarity score on names using vectors

## **Our Pipeline**



#### **Analyze non-Overture Dataset**

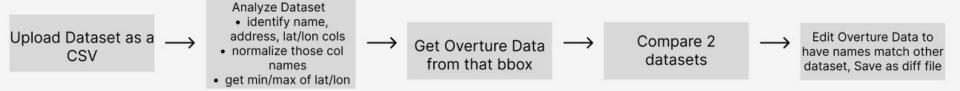
Use DSPY prompting and GPT Turbo 3.5 Model to

- Extract column names that contain name, address, latitude/longitude
  - Generate a summary of the dataset
  - Generate a summary for each column

Normalized name, address, lat/lon columns across datasets by creating new columns for each

Save this info in tmp/dataset\_name/

- Dataset\_name\_edited.csv (dataset with normalized columns)
  - Descriptions.json (GPT generated column descriptions)
    - Summary.txt (GPT generated summary)



### **Fetch (from Overture)**

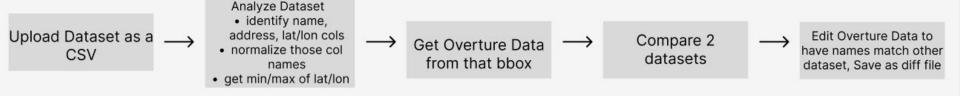
Find min/max of lat and lon of dataset.

Get Overture Data from that bbox as a Pandas DF

- Got rid of geometry feature of Geopandas GDF (exact coordinates) since we had the bbox of the specific location
  - Check to make sure bbox is not larger than . Throw error message if so.

Save this info in tmp/dataset\_name/

- Dataset\_name\_edited.csv (dataset with normalized columns)
  - Descriptions.json (GPT generated column descriptions)
    - Summary.txt (GPT generated summary)
      - Overture\_data.csv



#### **Compare - Match**

- Loads data into Pandas Dataframes
  - Overture / Other

- Using features generated during Fetch
- Extracts key features (street name, street number, name, etc)

Create mapping between open dataset and overture dataset from parsed addresses

#### **Compare - Differentiate**

 Compute semantic similarity using sentence embeddings (SentenceTransformer/all-MiniLM-L6-v2)

 Calculate confidence score (0-1) from multiple heuristics (semantic similarity, coordinate difference, addressing)

#### Categorize

- 0.8 1.0 -> Safe
- 0.5 0.79 -> Unsure
- o 0.0 0.49 -> Wrong

## **Compare - Verify**

Data in the Unsure Category is passed through second LLM verification

 Using context on the area presented determines if overture has valid or invalid data

- Gpt-3.5-turbo
- Lightweight models

## **Open Source Contribution**

## **Github Repo**

Link to Demo

#### **Results & Impact**

Enables quick visualization of how Overture Data differs from user-provided datasets.

Uses lightweight models to keep latency and cost low for large datasets.

Designed to be compatible with a wide variety of dataset formats and schemas.

Empowers human supervisors and analysts to process large datasets with minimal manual intervention.

### **Next Steps/Reflection**

#### **Next Steps:**

- Create more robust dataset analyzing process that handles a larger variety of datasets.
- Perform further checks to see if the changes should be made (web-scraping).

#### Reflection:

- Streamlit was a great tool to easily create UI from our code!
- Building the project step-by-step—from hardcoding to full automation—helped us stay organized and scale effectively.
- Testing different comparison strategies led us to favor vector-based comparison due to its flexibility and accuracy.
- This project deepened our appreciation for structured data workflows and thoughtful UI design.
- We're grateful to Overture Maps for providing open and accessible geospatial data—this
  project wouldn't have been possible without their contribution to the data science
  community.

# THANKS OUESTIONS?

**CREDITS:** This presentation template was created by **Slidesgo**, including icons by **Flaticon** and infographics & images by **Freepik** 

#### **Initial Attempts**

#### Selected Datasets

- Hardcoded relevant features (longitude, latitude, name, address, etc)
- Manually create data pipeline

#### Differentiating

- Manual data cleaning with regex and string formatting tools
- Rapidfuzz to generate similarity score