## Locust v2.5.1 notes

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### **Outline**

- Brief introduction and instructions for setting up
- Tutorial examples
- Intermediate checks
- Development options
- Config files and hpc cluster tools (presently partially internal).

### Setting up

- 1. Install docker as in the instructions, <a href="https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/">https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/</a>.
- 2. Pull the Locust container: <a href="docker-pull-ghcr.io/project8/locust\_mc:latest">docker-pull-ghcr.io/project8/locust\_mc:latest</a>
- 3. Pull the p8compute container: docker pull project8/p8compute:latest
- 4. Create a directory in your home directory, e.g.
  - mkdir ~/p8tutorial

(Steps 5-7 are optional for plotting Root histograms):

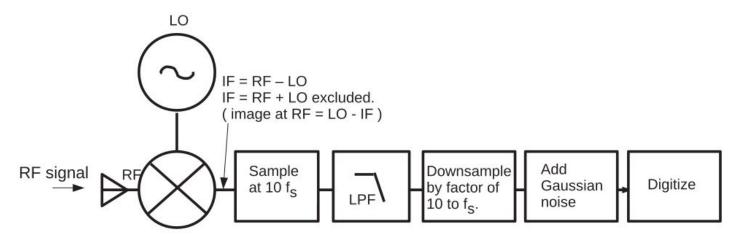
- 5. Pull the p8compute-jupyter container: docker pull project8/p8compute-jupyter
- 6. Start p8compute-jupyter and leave it open for the duration of the tutorial:

docker run -p 8888:8888 -v ~/p8tutorial:/tmp project8/p8compute-jupyter

7. Open a browser tab using one of the links provided in the resulting terminal output.

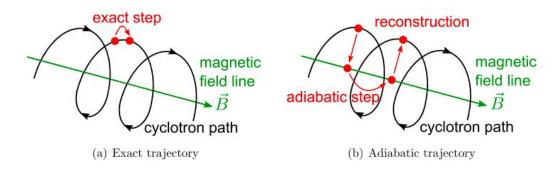
### Locust\* simulation software

- Developed in C++ within Project 8.
- Integrated with Project 8 DAQ libraries.
- Functionality models an RF receiver and digitizer.
- Interfaces are modular and flexible to allow for arbitrary input signals.



### Kassiopeia\* simulation software

- Developed by the KATRIN collaboration.
- Highly advanced calculations of electron trajectories and energy losses in EM fields.
- Adaptable EM field solutions with configurable source geometries.
- Modular and flexible; C++ based code.



\*Furse et al., 2017 New J. Phys. 19 053012

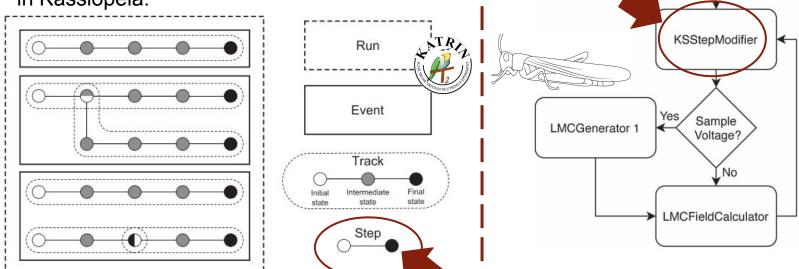


Kassiopeia

Modularity in both Locust and Kassiopeia supports tight integration of Locust-Kassiopeia in the time domain.

Cross-package communication happens after each trajectory step

in Kassiopeia.

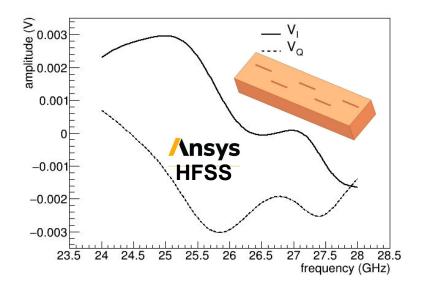


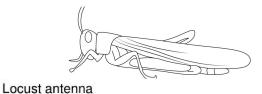
Furse et al., 2017 New J. Phys. 19 053012

Project 8, 2019 New J. Phys. 21 113051 6

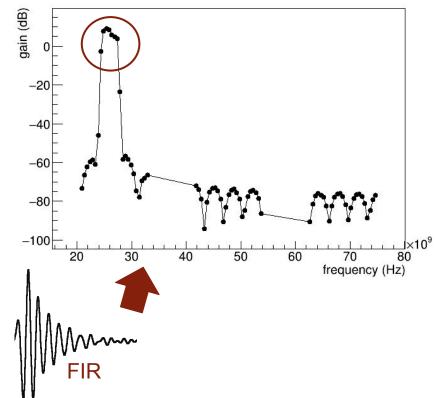
### Locust-HFSS interface

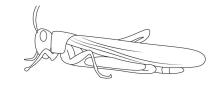
- Interface relies on Linear Time-Invariant (LTI) system theory.
- LTI antenna model is configured in HFSS.
- Locust EM fields drive the LTI antenna FIR.



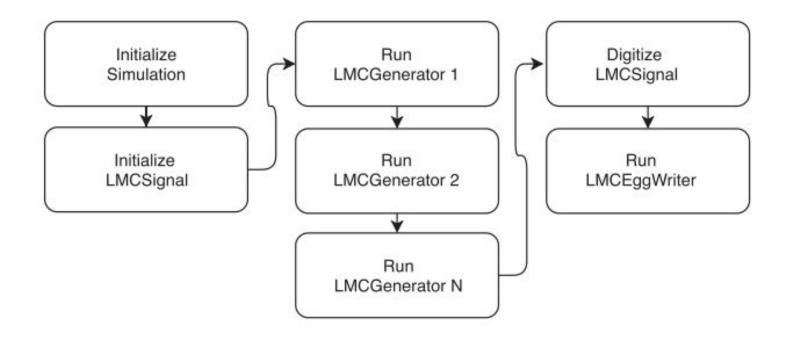


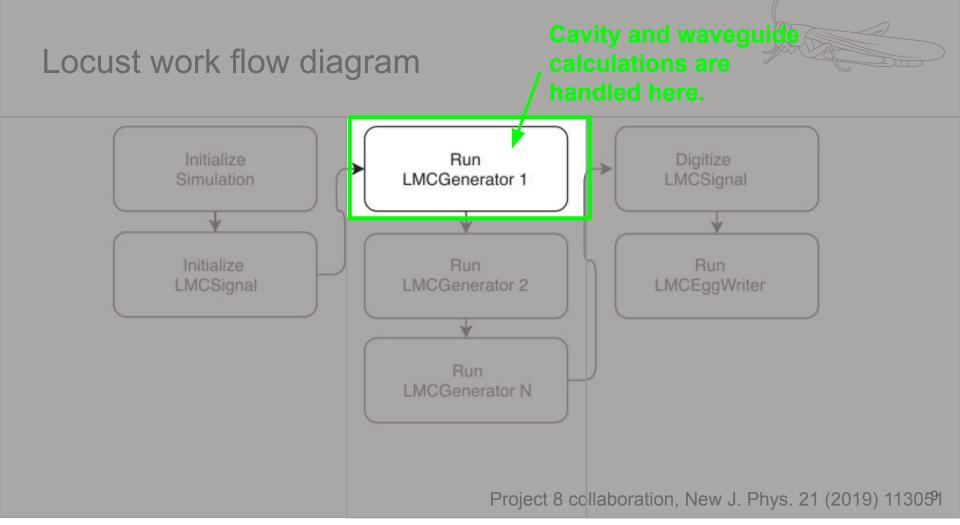






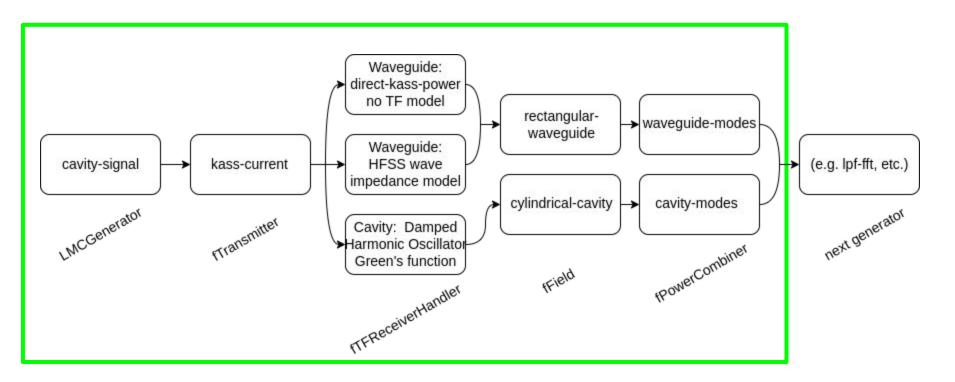
### Locust work flow diagram





## New generator ("cavity-signal") and its main configuration options:





## Basic Locust json file: List of generators to be run, followed by parameter definitions



```
"generators":
                                    "simulation":
               Generator 1:
               Selected by
 'test-signal",
               application.
 <mark>lpf-fft"</mark>,
                                         "egg-filename": "/usr/local/p8/locust/v2.1.1/output/locust_mc.egg",
"decimate-signal", Generators
                                         "n-records": 1.
 "digitizer"
                    2+: Receiver
                                         "n-channels": 1,
                    chain
                                         "record-size": 8192
"test-signal":
frf-frequency": 20.7e9,
                                                                                "digitizer":
"lo-frequency": 20.65e9,
                                      "gaussian-noise":
"amplitude": 5.0e-8
                                                                                "v-range": 8.0e-6,
                                      "noise-floor-psd": 4.0e-22,
                                                                                "v-offset": -4.0e-6
                                      "domain": "time"
                                      },
```

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## Running the tutorial examples

In the ~/p8tutorial directory, clone the hexbug and locust-tutorial repos:

```
cd ~/p8tutorial
git clone git@github.com:project8/hexbug
git clone git@github.com:project8/locust-tutorial
```

2. cd into to ~/p8tutorial/locust-tutorial/scripts:

cd ~/p8tutorial/locust-tutorial/scripts

3. Open tutorial\_v2.5.1\_Locustscript.sh and tutorialKatydidscript.sh with a text editor.



## Example #1: Locust test signal plus noise

- Drive 50 ohm antenna with a sinusoid in LMCTestSignalGenerator:
  - o (uncomment the command below #Example 1 in tutorialLocustscript\_v2.5.1\_.sh, then): ./tutorialLocustscript\_v2.5.1\_.sh
  - o (or interactively, in container):
     LocustSim config=/path/to/config/LocustSignalPlusNoise.json
  - Process egg file with ./tutorialKatydidscript.sh

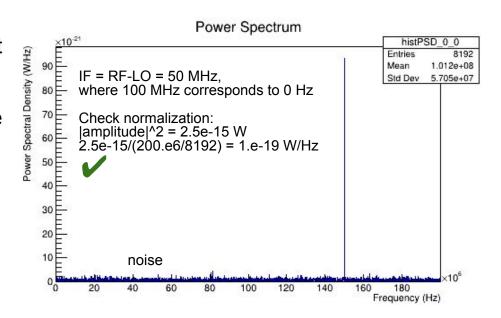
```
"test-signal":
{
"rf-frequency": 20.7e9,
"lo-frequency": 20.65e9,
"amplitude": 5.0e-8
}

"gaussian-noise":
{
"noise-floor-psd": 4.0e-22,
"domain": "time"
}

This is in LocustSignalPlusNoise.json
```

## Example #1: Locust test signal plus noise, cont.

- Open the file output/basic.root and plot histPSD\_0\_0, as in ->
- Or, in the jupyter browser tab, navigate with single clicks to /tmp/locust-tutorial/scripts/plotting/Plot PSD.ipynb
- Click the ►►, then click "Restart and run all cells".
- This plot should appear -> .





## Example #2: 25.9 GHz cavity example

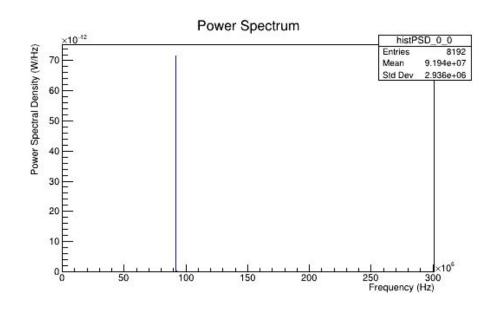
Calculate an unnormalized signal from a single-mode resonant cavity, driven with a trapped Kassiopeia electron.

```
(uncomment the command below #Example 2 in tutorialLocustscript_v2.5.1_.sh, then):
        ./tutorialLocustscript v2.5.1 .sh
        (or interactively, in container):
        LocustSim config=/path/to/config/LocustCavityCCA.json
        Process egg file with ./tutorialKatydidscript.sh
"cavity-signal":
"transmitter": "kass-current",
                                              This is in LocustCavityCCA.json
"cavity-radius": 0.007,
"cavity-length": 0.1,
"back-reaction": "true".
"dho-cavity-frequency": 25.9e9, "dho-time-resolution": 9.0e-11,
"dho-threshold-factor": 0.01.
"event-spacing-samples": 10,
"rectangular-waveguide": false,
"voltage-check": "false",
"lo-frequency": 25.9602e9,
"xml-filename": "/home/penny/locust mc/cbuild/config/LocustKass Cavity CCA.xml"
```



### Example #2: 25.9 GHz cavity example, cont.

- Open the file output/basic.root and plot histPSD 0 0, as in ->
- Or, in the jupyter browser tab, navigate with single clicks to /tmp/locust-tutorial/scripts/plotting/Plot PSD.ipynb
- Click the ►►, then click "Restart and run all cells".
- This plot should appear -> .





### Example #3: WR42 waveguide

0

Calculate a normalized signal from a TE10 mode WR42 waveguide, driven with a trapped Kassiopeia electron.

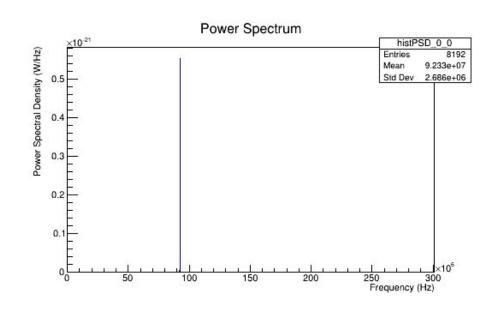
(uncomment the command below #Example 3 in tutorialLocustscript v2.5.1 .sh, then):

```
./tutorialLocustscript v2.5.1 .sh
         (or interactively, in container):
         LocustSim config=/path/to/config/LocustWavequideTemplate.json
         Process egg file with . /tutorialKatydidscript.sh
    0
"cavity-signal":
                                     Set "direct-kass-power"=true to skip
                                     convolution with HFSS impedance.
"rectangular-waveguide": true,
"direct-kass-power": false,
"tf-receiver-filename": "/path/to/data/WEGA Impedance Center.txt",
"tf-receiver-bin-width": 0.01e9.
"transmitter": "kass-current".
                                                            Default: Convolve Kass
"waveguide-x": 0.010668,
"waveguide-y": 0.004318
                                                            current with complex
"waveguide-z": 10.0,
                          reflecting short
                                                            impedance from HFSS
"center-to-short": 0.05
"center-to-antenna": 0.05.
"waveguide-central-frequency": 1.63e11,
                                               This is in LocustWaveguideTemplate.json
"back-reaction": "true"
"event-spacing-samples": 10,
"voltage-check": "false",
"lo-frequency": 25.9602e9,
"xml-filename": "/home/penny/locust_mc/cbuild/config/LocustKass_Waveguide_Template.xml"
```



## Example #3: WR42 waveguide, cont.

- Open the file output/basic.root and plot histPSD\_0\_0, as in ->
- Or, in the jupyter browser tab, navigate with single clicks to /tmp/locust-tutorial/scripts/plotting/Plot PSD.ipynb
- Click the ►►, then click "Restart and run all cells".
- This plot should appear -> .



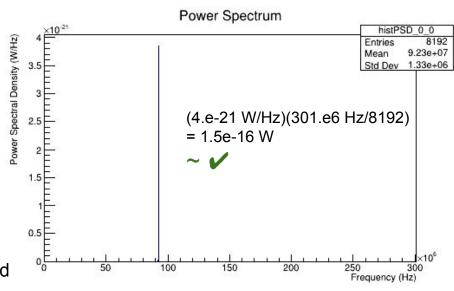
## Example #3: WR42 waveguide normalization check

Remove the reflecting short from the simulation in the config file or on the command line as in

LocustSim -c
config/LocustWaveguideTemplate.json
"cavity-signal.waveguide-short"=false
["cavity-signal.direct-kass-power"=true]

Process with Katydid.

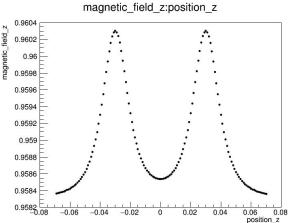
Total power radiated by the electron is  $\sim$ 1.e-15 W. Roughly half the power radiated by the electron, scaled ( $\sim$ 0.4x) with expected mode power coupling near x=0, should appear in the output -> .





# Example #5: How to plot an example magnetic trap axial field

- Use Kassiopeia to calculate B field values along field lines in a placeholder trap:
  - (uncomment the command below #Example 5 in tutorial\_v2.5.1\_Locustscript.sh, then):
     ./tutorial\_v2.5.1\_Locustscript.sh
  - o (or interactively, in container):
     /path/to/LMCKassiopeia /path/to/config/JustKassFieldMap.xml
  - Plot the Root output using the Jupyter browser:
    - Navigate with single clicks to /tmp/locust-tutorial/scripts/plotting/PlotFieldMap.ipynb
    - Click the ▶▶, then click "Restart and run all cells".





# Example #5A: How to plot a different trap, e.g. one selected from the P8 hexbug repository

- We are going to need to edit the Kassiopeia xml file:
  - cd ~/p8tutorial/locust-tutorial/output
  - Start the container interactively, and mount your local ~/p8tutorial/locust-tutorial/output directory to the container like this: docker run -it --rm -v ~/p8tutorial/locust-tutorial/output:/usr/local/p8/locust/current/output ghcr.io/project8/locust\_mc:latest /bin/bash
  - Inside the container, copy the container's xml file to your (now) locally mounted directory (all one line): cp /usr/local/p8/locust/current/config/JustKassFieldMap.xml and then exit the container.
  - On your local machine, open JustKassMyNewFieldMap.xml with a text editor.
    - Find this line referencing the default trap, and delete it: name="[config\_path]/FreeSpaceGeometry.xml"/>

<include</pre>

■ Replace it with a reference to the 1 GHz hexbug trap, e.g.:

# Example #5A continued: How to plot a different trap, e.g. one selected from the P8 hexbug repository

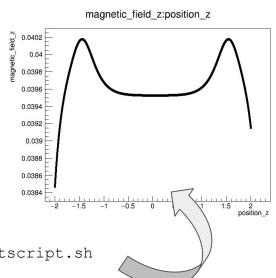
- (Editing JustKassMyNewFieldMap.xml, continued:)
  - Find these two lines:

```
<ksterm_min_z name="term_min_z" z="-.07"/>
<ksterm_max_z name="term_max_z" z=".07"/>
```

Edit them to be:

```
<ksterm_min_z name="term_min_z" z="-2.0"/>
<ksterm max z name="term max z" z="2.0"/>
```

- Find this line: <z list add value="-0.07"/>
- Edit it to be: <z\_list add\_value="-2.0"/>
- Save the modified JustKassMyNewFieldMap.xml file.
- cd ~/p8tutorial/locust-tutorial/scripts
- Uncomment Example 5A, and then run ./tutorial\_v2.5.1\_Locustscript.sh
- Plot the result in PlotFieldMap.ipynb with the ▶▶, and "Restart and run all cells"





## Example #5A, follow-up: How to upload a new trap to hexbug

- cd ~/p8tutorial/hexbug
- Create a new branch of the hexbug repo: git checkout -b feature/myNewBranch
- cd Phase3/Trap
- Create a new file with your trap coil(s) and current(s). Aim to follow the file names and formats used by the other traps in the same directory. Plot your new field map as in Example 5A for a hexbug trap.
- Optionally, generate a vtk output file for visualizing with Paraview software. Uncomment the <vtk\_window> </vtk\_window> section by deleting the <!-- and --> before and after it. Set
  enable\_display="false". Paste path="[output\_path]" into the <vtk\_geometry\_painter/>section.
  - Run the script ./tutorial\_v2.5.1\_Locustscript.sh
  - The output geometry file Project8.vtp can be visualized with Paraview.
- After testing/debugging, commit your new trap to feature/myNewBranch, push to github, do a pull request to develop, and follow up on Slack/etc.

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## Auxiliary plotting utilities (1)

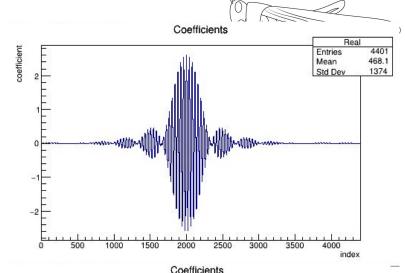
For checking the HFSS inputs and calculations, set the flag print-fir-debug=true, as in e.g.

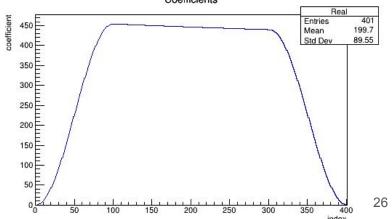
bin/LocustSim -c config/LocustWaveguideTemplate.json "cavity-signal.print-fir-debug"=true

Follow instructions in terminal:

2023-08-24 22:32:44 [ PROG] (tid 140278570523584) seFileHandler.cc(191): Finished writing histos to output/FIRhisto.root and output/TFhisto.root

2023-08-24 22:32:44 [ PROG] (tid 140278570523584) seFileHandler.cc(192): Press Return to continue, or Cntrl-C to quit.







Similarly, for checking the cavity resonant Green's function\*, print-fir-debug=true, as in e.g.

bin/LocustSim -c config/LocustCavity1GHz.json "cavity-signal.print-fir-debug"=true

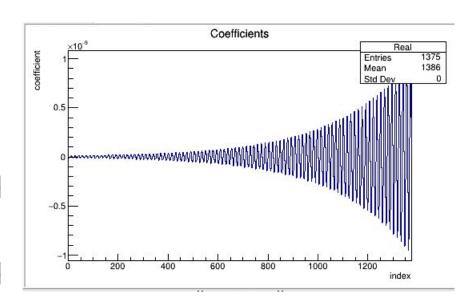
Follow instructions in terminal:

2023-08-24 22:32:44 [ PROG] (tid 140278570523584) seFileHandler.cc(191): Finished writing histos to output/FIRhisto.root

2023-08-24 22:32:44 [ PROG] (tid 140278570523584) seFileHandler.cc(192): Press Return to continue, or Cntrl-C to quit.

For additional checks of the cavity resonance, use the compiled unit test bin/testLMCCavity.







Similarly, for plotting mode maps, use cavity-signal.plot-mode-maps=true, as in e.g.

bin/LocustSim -c config/LocustWaveguideTemplate.json "cavity-signal.plot-mode-maps"=true

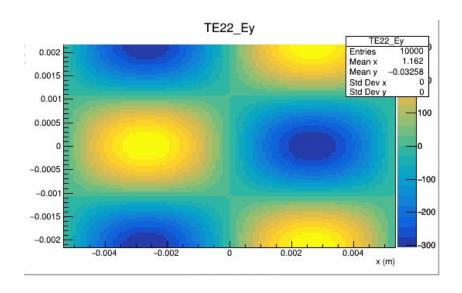
Or, to include more modes for plotting:

bin/LocustSim -c config/LocustWaveguideTemplate.json "cavity-signal.plot-mode-maps"=true "cavity-signal.n-modes"=3

Follow instructions in terminal:

2023-08-24 22:32:44 [ PROG] (tid 140278570523584) seFileHandler.cc(191): Finished writing histos to output/FIRhisto.root

2023-08-24 22:32:44 [ PROG] (tid 140278570523584) seFileHandler.cc(192): Press Return to continue, or Cntrl-C to quit.





### Some helpful unit tests

bin/testLMCCavity [-h]: Check the cavity resonance configuration, and optionally plot the output to a histogram in a Root file. This test is also run automatically by the LMCCavitySignalGenerator.

bin/testAliasing [-h]: Check the frequencies of RF harmonics including n=0,1,2 and determine whether they will appear in the measurement window. This test is also run automatically by the LMCCavitySignalGenerator.

### How to obtain Locust and run some examples

- docker pull ghcr.io/project8/locust\_mc:latest
- 2. Start the container: docker run -it -rm ghcr.io/project8/locust\_mc:latest /bin/bash
- 3. And/or, to mount a local directory to the docker output directory:

  (all one line): docker run -v /path/to/mydirectory:/usr/local/p8/locust/current/output -it -rm

  ghcr.io/project8/locust\_mc:latest /bin/bash

### Inside the container:

- source /usr/local/p8/locust/current/setup.sh
- 2. source /usr/local/p8/kassiopeia/current/bin/kasperenv.sh
- 3. cd /usr/local/p8/locust/current/
- 4. LocustSim -c config/LocustCavity1GHz.json (1 GHz cavity example) or

LocustSim -c config/LocustCavityCCA.json (25.9 GHz cavity example)

or

LocustSim -c config/LocustWaveguideTemplate.json (WR42 waveguide example)

Output \*.egg files will be in the directory /usr/local/p8/locust/current/output .

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Option #1: (Re)build a local Docker container for each modification.

- 1. git clone git@github.com:project8/locust\_mc.git
- 2. git submodule update –init –recursive
- 3. Make your code modifications etc.
- 4. docker build -t mylocustcontainer .
- 5. Run your new docker container as in previous slides.
- 6. Evaluate, return to Step #3.

## How to develop (Option #2)

Option #2: Build from source in the kassiopeia\_builder container.

First, clone locust and submodules as in Option #1.

- 1. docker pull ghcr.io/project8/kassiopeia\_builder:v3.8.2-dev
- 2. docker run -it -v /path/to/your/locust\_mc:/locust\_mc --rm ghcr.io/project8/kassiopeia\_builder:v3.8.2-dev /bin/bash
- 3. source /usr/local/p8/kassiopeia/current/setup.sh
- 4. source /usr/local/p8/kassiopeia/current/bin/kasperenv.sh
- 5. cd /locust\_mc
- 6. mkdir cbuild
- cmake -Dlocust\_mc\_PREBUILT\_KASS\_PREFIX=\${KASS\_PREFIX}
   -Dlocust\_mc\_BUILD\_WITH\_KASSIOPEIA=ON ../
- 8. make install
- 9. Make code modifications locally, then make install
- 10. Run LocustSim in the kassiopeia\_builder container, evaluate, return to Step #8.

You can close the container and reopen as above, then continue working.



## How to compile from source (not typically recommended for new users)

Check system requirements at https://github.com:project8/locust\_mc.git

- git clone git@github.com:project8/locust mc.git
- 2. cd locust
- 3. git submodule update –init –recursive
- 4. mkdir build
- 5. cd build
- 6. ccmake ../
- 7. ccmake -Dlocust\_mc\_BUILD\_WITH\_KASSIOPEIA=ON ../
- 8. make install



### Steps to extend Locust-Kass

- 1. Develop a new unique LMCGenerator class and type its name in all files where other LMCGenerators are listed. For example, P8 cavity and waveguide signal simulations are run with the LMCCavitySignalGenerator.
- Develop or select an LMCTransmitter to transmit Kass info to the Locust signal classes, e.g.:
  - a. LMCKassCurrentTransmitter: Kass electron kinematics (Presently used in P8 cavity/waveguide simulations).
  - b. LMCKassTransmitter: LW free-space field solutions.
- 3. After the 1st LMCGenerator as in #1, other classes are used for low-pass filtering, digitization, and optionally, broadband white noise. See the example json files.

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## Hexbug repo: Config files and hpc cluster scripts

Hexbug is a private repository internal to Project 8.

On an hpc cluster that runs Slurm for job management, clone hexbug as <a href="mailto:git@github.com">git@github.com</a>:project8/hexbug.git .

### cd hexbug

Edit clusterScripts/clusterCavity.cfg to configure outputdir

cd clusterScripts/[choiceOfDemonstrator]

python3 GenerateCavitySims.py or python3 GenerateCavitySims\_dSQ.py (the latter is preferred).

Follow terminal instructions. Edit scripts as needed to parametrize the job array.

### Troubleshooting



- No egg file was written.
  - The digitizer range was exceeded, and an exception was thrown. (Exit code
     = 1)
  - A trapped electron hit the walls of the cavity or waveguide very quickly, and a signal was not generated properly. See <a href="https://github.com/project8/locust\_mc/issues/290">https://github.com/project8/locust\_mc/issues/290</a>.
- Histograms and time series are empty.
  - Digitizer range is too large.
  - Record length is too short (e.g. record ended before electron started).
  - "event-spacing-samples" has delayed the event start time(s) past the end of the record.
  - LO is tuned such that the signal is out of the window.
  - Katydid n-slices is too small and so the Locust signal was not processed.
  - Katydid was not run at all.
  - B field is higher/lower than expected, moving signal out of window.





- Unexpected high-power artifacts
  - Digitizer range is too small (or possibly too large).

### Other

- Switch on the verbose "voltage-check": "true" flag to check for reasonable voltage values while simulation is running.
- Look at the Katydid time series of voltages: check for clipping and quantization.